

Manual

Qognify VMS 7.1

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Legal notice

This document is an integral part of the software shipped by Qognify (referred to hereinafter as the vendor) and describes how to use and configure the software and the associated components.

The English version of the document is the original version. All translations are based on the English original.

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Disclaimer

Subject to alterations without further notice. Suggestions regarding the improvement of this documentation are welcome. For suggestions, refer to Support, p. 20.

Version

This manual corresponds to Qognify VMS 7.1 (Version 7.1.1).

Support

Reporting a software problem

If you discover a software problem, please report it using the helpdesk portal at: https://www.qognify.com.



For assistance related to this manual, provide the version number of the manual as well, as it is updated on a regular basis and the installed version may be outdated (see Version, p. 19).

If the AutoUpdater is installed and configured correctly (see Updating the system with the AutoUpdater, p. 62), the UpdateClient will automatically check for new versions of the software and the help system.

1

Introduction

Qognify is a leading vendor of video management software and has been developing and distributing software solutions for security applications since the year 2000. Qognify also offers industry-specific solutions for transportation and logistics, retail and trade, financial services and critical infrastructure and cities.

The Multi Solution Platform system concept provides the basis for this. In addition to the core products Qognify VMS S50, S100 and Infinity, it includes a wide range of expansion options and interfaces to numerous third-party systems in the fields of access control and building management, for example. As a modular software construction kit, the Multi Solution Platform allows custom, industry-specific video solutions to be implemented that are infinitely scalable over time.

In this guide you will find information on the installation and configuration of the Qognify VMS software and an overview of the frequently used functions.

- Qognify VMS S50/S50X is a powerful entry-level solution for small-scale projects involving up to 50 cameras.
- Qognify VMS S100: This is the Qognify solution for medium-sized installations. It allows
 intelligent video analysis to be used and third-party systems to be integrated.
- Qognify VMS Infinity / Infinity X provides the most extensive functional scope. There is no limit on the size of the projects that can be implemented. Up to 5000 cameras are supported.

Product lines



Fig. 1: Product lines

Functional overview

This section provides an overview of the function of the various parts of the Qognify VMS "ecosystem" and how they are integrated.

Usability

Qognify VMS can be used intuitively and without a long familiarization phase - this means that you can focus on what is important. This begins with the modern user interface: uncluttered and clearly structured. Qognify VMS combines the benefits of modern operating concepts with tried and trusted functionality and ergonomics - such as in glare-free night mode.

As a result, you maintain an overview and are able to respond quickly to events - whether you are currently working in Surveillance mode, in Archive mode, or in Configuration mode. This is a benefit that becomes more important the greater the number of image sources and locations in a company that need to be kept in view simultaneously.

Efficient alarm management

- With alarm counter and toast messages, all current alarms remain "on the screen" even in Archive mode
- Clear layout via classification of the alarms: alarm types can be differentiated in Archive mode at a glance by differently colored alarm tracks

Easy understanding of events due to the alarm view, which shows on one screen what happened before the alarm, what triggered the alarm and what is happening at present

Archive Player with clear layout



Fig. 2: Archive Player

- Shuttle wheel for rapid navigation in Archive mode, p. 157
- Bookmarking makes it easier to find events in the archive
- Export of sequences in one step via selection pins (export procedures in the background are displayed via counters and progress bars)

Time-saving functions

- Multi-configuration for simultaneous editing of multiple cameras in one working step including across several locations
- Camera selection via lasso directly in the map for rapid interpretation of situations
- Interconnection of views on video walls via drag & drop

Interfaces and integrations

Qognify VMS integrates seamlessly into existing and new system environments via interfaces. This is an important prerequisite, especially in large projects with multiple applications communicating with one another or with multiple locations. Qognify VMS fulfills all possible requirements: in addition to direct integration of a variety of hardware and software solutions, a range of standards and protocols is supported - exceeding the scope of traditional security applications.

This also offers economic advantages: the outlay is low for new installations because Qognify VMS can be easily integrated into existing system environments. Due to the broad scope of integration, older devices and systems can still continue to be used - for sustainable solutions.



Fig. 3: Interfaces and integrations

Hardware integration

- Qognify VMS is not dependent on a specific manufacturer, over 1000 camera models from around 40 manufacturers are supported. We follow a principle of maximum possible integration depth and support functions such as multi-streaming, virtual cameras or movement detection on the terminal.
- Many additional camera models can also be integrated via the ONVIF standard.
- Analogue cameras and systems are integrated via video servers and can therefore still be used.
- I/O modules can be used to send and receive control signals this means that doors can be opened by clicking on the Qognify interface, for example.

System integration

- Sector-specific IT systems such as cash register and merchandise management solutions are integrated quickly and easily via a driver-based concept.
- Security systems such as building management and PSIM systems, access control systems, intruder and fire alarm systems as well as alarm centers and control room solutions are integrated via interfaces.
- Other third-party systems can be integrated via network I/Os and TCP triggers this means, for example, that an event in access control can trigger an alarm in Qognify VMS.

- VoIP-compatible devices are included due to the support of various SIP servers this permits bidirectional voice communication between clients and voice stations directly in Qognify VMS.
- Qognify VMS uses a server interface to support the leading system-wide standard in automation and security technology: OPC UA. This means for example, that link-ups to access control or building management systems can be implemented.

Analytics integration

Server-based or camera-based analysis applications from other manufacturers can be integrated flexibly via the standardized Qognify Analytics Interface. Plug-ins from the following providers are currently certified:

- Agent VI
- CogVis
- Securiton IPS (ACAP-based analysis)
- Axis Perimeter Defender
- Digital Barriers SafeZone Edge

Additional plug-ins are also available. For further information, see Generic VCA channel, p. 257.

SDK - Software Development Kit

Qognify VMS can be integrated into third party systems as well - using a Software Development Kit with detailed documentation.

Clients and access options

Qognify VMS offers access options and transmission solutions that allow you to monitor your company at all times and from anywhere. Your data is secure at all times - protected by our comprehensive functions for data protection and encryption.

Windows client

Windows-based client that permits the complete system operation and management - in Surveillance mode, in Archive mode, and in Configuration mode. The client is only available for 64-bit systems.



Fig. 4: Windows client

Web client

The Web client permits platform-independent access to installations with Qognify VMS from a PC connected to the internet - in surveillance mode and in Archive mode. It can be operated under Microsoft Windows, Mac OS X and Linux and only requires a current web browser. Additional plug-ins are not required as all input formats (e.g. Motion JPEG, MPEG-4, H.264) are converted into a standardized format via the Qognify transcoding service.

Mobile client

The Mobile client offers rapid system access on the move via tablets and smartphones (iOS and Android). In addition to the live view from camera images, it permits archive research as well as the editing of alarms. This means that security personnel can respond to events even during a patrol, for example.

DisplayAgent / Virtual matrix

Large-screen systems and video walls from different manufacturers can be linked in either via manufacturer-specific split computers or using the Qognify DisplayAgent. The video walls can be controlled via a standard Qognify client, views and cameras can be linked in simply via drag & drop.

Multi installation login

A Qognify client can be connected to 15 Qognify installations with up to 100 cameras each - with access to all cameras, views and alarms. This is the ideal solution for small alarm centers or

for business parks with centralized security services.

Qognify VMS Anywhere client

The Qognify VMS Anywhere client can be started on any Windows-based computer without previously installing the software. The Qognify VMS Anywhere client offers all the functions of an installed client such as live views and archive views as well as administration and system configuration - taking account of individual user rights.

Configuration and administration

Qognify VMS adapts to the structure of your company - and therefore supports from one up to several thousand cameras. Via the distributed installation of the software across multiple servers, the overall system can be optimally dimensioned and expanded at any time. This means that the servers can also be available at different locations if required.

The architecture of Qognify VMS is based on a strict physical separation of clients and servers. Saving of image data and communication with the cameras are integrated as system services. Therefore, no separate program needs to be started on the server and no local login is required.

Hierarchical administration

Detailed rights to cameras, control elements (e.g. PTZ control) and additional Qognify VMS components such as buttons or layout plans can be individually allocated to every user. The user rights matrix forms the organigram of your company: This means that even systems distributed worldwide with several thousand cameras and numerous locations can be managed and controlled centrally using Qognify VMS.

Alarm scenarios - as individual as your company

Even though many work-flows within a sector are the same - every company has its own processes. Qognify VMS therefore allows you to define complex alarm routines individually. In a type of matrix, any start events (e.g. motion detection, events from video analysis, I/O contact, network I/O, button) can trigger a variety of different actions. These include alarm recording and visualization, sending triggers to third party systems via physical I/O contacts or network I/Os, sending video sequences via email and FTP as well as launching external programs. This means that a customized work-flow can be set up for each alarm situation, offering optimal support for the security personnel and facilitating a rapid response.

To make creating an alarm scenario as simple as possible, Qognify VMS provides an alarm wizard that guides the user step by step to the goal. Naturally the alarm scenarios are based on the detailed rights concept of Qognify VMS and can be assigned to individual users or user groups.

Fail-safe security via failover concept

In Qognify VMS , in the event of a failure two functions ensure that the video system continues to run and remains accessible at all times:

- In case of failure of one or more recording servers, a hot standby server immediately takes over the image recording. The image data does not have to be transferred back later (available for Qognify VMS Infinity X).
- If the central management server is no longer accessible, a proxy server is engaged that provides temporary storage for all relevant configuration data and access rights. The system continues to work in "island mode" and can be operated without faults.

Microsoft cluster and virtualization are also supported.



Fig. 5: Fail-safe security via failover concept

Core Services and branches

The Core Service server of the company is installed, configured and managed as "Core Service Main" (CSM) in the main branch. The Core Services of the branches cannot manage or configure the CSM or a Core Service within another sub-branch. The Core Services of the sub-branches are regarded as "Core Service Sub" services, CSS. All CSS are configured by the CSM (for configuration, see Configuring the Core Service, p. 345).

If the CSM fails, the CSS switch automatically to an "insular mode", thereby providing the required services for the respective sub-branch. In "insular mode", the CSS cannot be configured. Hence, configuration mode and report mode are not available. Once the CSM returns to normal operating mode, the CSS can be managed again by the CSM.

Protection of privacy and data in accordance with legal regulations

Qognify VMS offers various mechanisms to protect the privacy of employees, customers and visitors. This means that sensitive areas of the image or moving objects can be anonymized. System access can also be secured via the four-eye principle (input of a second password). Qognify VMS is also well protected on the system level: data between the server and client is sent encrypted - one reason why Qognify VMS is certified, e.g. for use within the financial sector (see certificates).

Privacy masking

Sensitive image areas are masked by a freely definable area and hidden in the live and archive images, depending on rights. This means that social areas, public areas or keyboards to enter PIN numbers can be removed from the video monitoring, for example (for details, see Privacy masking, p. 230).

Motion scrambling

Moving objects or objects that differ from a reference image defined in advance are displayed pixelated in the live image and thus anonymized (for details, see Privacy masking, p. 230).

Encryption

Data transmission between the services in a Qognify VMS environment is encrypted (for details see Qognify VMS encryption, p. 32).

Certificates

For use in the financial sector in particular, Qognify VMS has the relevant certifications - such as the "BGV / UVV Kassen" certificate that defines the requirements for video surveillance in financial institutions in Germany. Fiducia IT AG, the largest IT service provider for credit unions, has also approved Qognify VMS for use on their IT systems.

Concept

Administrative rights and user rights

In Qognify VMS, two types of users can be configured:

- Administrator. An administrator and an administrator group are installed by default. Both can neither be deleted nor deactivated. The administrator is a user with configuration rights and belongs to the administrator group. An administrator inherits the administrator group's rights. For the administration of branches, restricted administrative rights can be assigned to users that may manage only the objects (e.g. cameras) within the branch without "seeing" other branches.
- Users. The user has restricted rights and can be member of one or more user groups. A user inherits the rights of his group or groups. The user group's rights are defined in the Group control (see Groups, p. 296). Additionally, the user may have specific rights that are not included in his groups' rights. These additional rights are defined in the User control (see Users, p. 290). Group rights take priority over single user rights. In other words, a user in a group cannot receive any exceptions (i.e. further restrictions or "negative rights"), only additional restrictions. A user's membership of particular groups is revealed by the colored fields (see Groups, p. 296 for information on how to configure the colors of groups).

Hierarchical administration

Qognify VMS has a multi-level administration that allows a user to be assigned administration rights to only a part of the installation or some of the functions. For a general description of administrative and user rights, see Administrative rights and user rights, p. 31. For defining user group rights, see Managing user rights, p. 299, for defining specific user rights, see Managing user rights, p. 293.

The system allows subdivision of the administrative rights levels and division into a main branch and as many sub-branches as required. The sub-branches are defined as logical units with their own configuration context and cannot be nested.

- Users or other entities such as user groups, maps, DeviceManagers or cameras that belong to a sub-branch are restricted to their associations only, so that users only receive access to video data and the configuration of the associated branches.
- Users or other entities such as user groups, maps, DeviceManagers or cameras that belong to the main branch are also able to interact with sub-branches. Administration rights for the applicable sub-branches can be explicitly assigned to users or user groups belonging to the main branch.

The system avoids simultaneous configuration of a branch by two or more users, but it does allow simultaneous configuration of different branches by different users.

Profiles

Each user group automatically is assigned to a profile which is defined in the software configuration (see Profiles, p. 300). Users within a group inherit the group's profile, but may have additional profiles depending on the groups they belong to or profiles that have been assigned to the individual user. When a user logs in, he is asked to select a profile (if multiple profiles are available and activated). The administrator can enable or disable profiles for users and user groups.

Qognify VMS encryption

Qognify confirms that the communication between the Qognify VMS clients and the Qognify VMS server is encrypted in all versions of the Qognify video management series.

Qognify VMS uses the AES encryption with a key length of 128 bits.

The following features regarding the encrypted communication between Qognify Qognify VMS clients and Qognify VMS server (and vice versa) are available:

Encrypted transmission

Encrypted transmission is enabled by default using the above-mentioned AES encryption. The encryption is always activated.

Password

The password is always transmitted from the Qognify VMS client to the Qognify VMS server as "salted SHA-512 hash".

Camera audio and video streaming

Securing the transmission using encryption depends on the used camera model. The streaming method "RTSP over RTP over HTTPS" has to be supported. TLS 1.2 will be used if supported by the camera.

Storing audio and video streams

Incoming streams sent to the Qognify VMS DeviceManager (DM) are forwarded to the local Qognify VMS MultimediaDatabase (MDB). The transmission from the DM to the MDB proceeds within the same server (local TCP STACK). Therefore no encryption is required. Qognify VMS stores the streams in one or several file systems in parallel. The file systems are configurable by the administrator. The data storage in the Qognify MDB is encrypted in a proprietary format. We assume that the physical and logical access to the storage server is restricted by administrative actions. The export from the MDB is encrypted, thereby ensuring that access to the stream is impossible without password, as any alteration of the data exported will result in the password not working and confirms the validity of the exported data. The protection of the raw data prevents a manipulation and ensures the authenticity of the data.

Audio and video streaming to the Qognify VMS clients

Streams are only sent to the Qognify VMS clients if needed (e.g. if a camera image is displayed in Surveillance mode or Archive mode).

The streams are sent over TCP or UDP to the Qognify VMS clients and are transmitted using our own proprietary transmission protocol.

Time zone handling

Time zone information (date and time) is stored as time zone information in the UTC¹ format. When a Qognify VMS client displays a date and time, it usually uses the local time zone of the machine, which can be different from the server time zone that stores the information such as recording date and time.

When loading and viewing images or files in Archive mode, the timestamp of the loaded information is always displayed in the local time zone of the client.

Example

The server is located in Europe and saves a video at 22:00 h local time that is also displayed in the timestamp within the video. If a client in California (USA) watches this video in archive mode, the client displays 2 pm, i.e. the local time of the client. Hence the time line in archive mode displays 2 pm and the clock in the video displays 22:00 h.

¹Coordinated universal time

3

Licensing model

Qognify VMS is available in three basic packages – in accordance with the requirements of various project sizes. All products are based on the same technical platform. This means that upgrades can be carried out simply by importing a new license code.

Each IP address requires one license, e.g. an encoder with four IP addresses requires four licenses. A multi-channel encoder with a single IP address requires only one license.

- S50 X
- ✓ Up to 50 cameras
- ✓ 1 server
- ✓ Live & archive mode
- ✓ Mobile client
- ✓ Floor plans



- ✓ Up to 100 cameras
- ✓ Up to 2 servers
- + Redundant
- administration+ Display Agent
- + Advanced alarm
- scenarios
- + Video analysis



- ✓ Unlimited no. of cameras and servers
- ✓ Redundant administration
- + Hierarchical
- administration
- + Active directory
- + Sequential alarm
- window + VoIP support
 - on output



- Unlimited no. of cameras and servers
- / Redundant
- administration Hierarchical
- administration
- Active directory
- ✓ VoIP support
- + Failover recording
- Integration of monitor walls

Fig. 6: Licensing model

Feature comparison

Packages	Qognify Qognify VMS S50 X	Qognify Qognify VMS S100	Qognify Qognify VMS Infinity	Qognify Qognify VMS Infinity X
Live / Archive view	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Alarm recording	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
PTZ control	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Maximum no. of cam- eras	up to 50	up to 100	Unlimited	Unlimited
Maximum no. of users	5	10	Unlimited	Unlimited
Maximum no. of record- ing servers	1	2	Unlimited	Unlimited
Central system admin- istration	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Maximum no. of I/O devices	5	10	Unlimited	Unlimited
Web client	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mobile client	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Anywhere (viewer / cli- ent)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Redundant system man- agement	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Failover recording	Х	Х	Х	\checkmark
Hierarchical admin- istration	Х	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark
BVI (optional)	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
DisplayAgent	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
SDK	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Multimedia application gateway	X	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Active Directory support	X	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark
Layout Plans	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Sequential alarm view	Х	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark
Enhanced alarm scen- arios	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Encrypted transmission	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Packages	Qognify Qognify VMS S50 X	Qognify Qognify VMS S100	Qognify Qognify VMS Infinity	Qognify Qognify VMS Infinity X
---	---------------------------------	--------------------------------	------------------------------------	--------------------------------------
Transcoded playback (option)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Motion scrambling	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Multi installation login	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
VoIP support	Х	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark
Edge storage support	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Motion detection (server)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Camera sabotage detec- tion	Х	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark
Qognify analytics server (option)	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Qognify analytics inter- face (option)	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
License plate recog- nition (option)	X	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Access control integ- ration	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Alarm center integ- ration	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Intercom integration	Х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Monitor wall integration	Х	Х	Х	\checkmark
OPC integration (server)	X	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

4

Installation

Information on installation

When migrating from SeeTec 5 to Qognify VMS 7.1, the Core Service Main has to be defined. This cannot be changed at a later state (e.g. changing to Core Service Sub), as it will result in data loss.

- Qognify VMS must not be installed on a compressed drive, since this can result in problems with the database. A drive on which Qognify VMS is already installed must not be compressed subsequently.
- Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6.2 is installed during installation, which may require a restart in the case of a first-time installation.

From Qognify VMS 7.1 onwards, DirectX 9 is not longer installed since DirectX is already installed with recent windows operating systems by default.

• The Qognify AutoUpdater is installed in a separate folder.

Information on rollbacks

Rolling back to a previously installed version of Qognify VMS may be necessary to assure system operation with a minimum of interruption. The deinstallation of the previous version and the subsequent installation of the new version is carried out "under the hood". In case of an installation error all steps will be reverted. To use the rollback feature, a new version of Qognify VMS must be installed WITHOUT removing the previous version. Rollback is available for Qognify VMS version 16 and newer.

Virus scanning

Web guard and internet security features must not be installed on Qognify VMS systems.

- To run Qognify VMS software properly, exclude specific locations, processes and network traffic, since virus scanning could use a high amount of system resources.
- The scanning process could temporarily lock files. This may lead to a disruption in the recording process or even database corruption.
- Do not perform a real time and system scan of Qognify VMS directories containing recording databases (by default C:\Program Files\Qognify, as well as all subfolders).
- Avoid a real time and system scan on archived storage directories.
- Create the following additional exclusions:
 - C:\Program Files\Qognify and all subdirectories.
 - Path to Multimedia Database Zone(s)
- Exclude real time network scanning on TCP ports (see "Used Qognify VMS Ports" document:

https://downloads.seetec-video.com/FileServer/download/?file=7.1.1%2Fdocumentation%2FUsed_SeeTec_Cayuga_7.1_ Ports.pdf.

Exclude network scanning of the processes starting with VMS_* (e.g. VMS_Client.exe)

Firewalls

By default, multiple ports on the server computer must be available to allow the Qognify VMS software to function correctly in a network environment with a firewall (see "Used Qognify VMS Ports" document:

https://downloads.seetec-video.-

com/FileServer/download/?file=7.1.1%2Fdocumentation%2FUsed_SeeTec_Cayuga_7.1_ Ports.pdf).

Setup types

- Client & Server. This installation type installs the client and server modules on the computer (see Standard installation, p. 54).
- Client. This installation type installs only the client modules (see Client installation, p. 56).
- Distributed server. This installation type installs only the client and the server services for the cameras (DM/MDB) on the selected computer (see Installation of a distributed server, p. 57).
- User-defined. In a user-defined installation, it is possible to install only specific components on a computer (see Custom installation, p. 60)

System requirements

Known limitations

The performance requirements of the Qognify server services depend, above all, on the video volume transferred and the storage hardware.

The server software can only be installed on computers with the NTFS file system.

For the server, an additional 25 MB of RAM should be available for each camera.

Note that the hardware requirements depend very greatly on the configuration. Qognify VMS is based on an advanced software architecture in response to technological progress. Qognify recommends a 64-bit operating system for data-intensive clients in order to enable the use of the Qognify 64-bit client.

If in doubt contact Qognify support (see Support, p. 20).

Requirements for the Help system

- Current internet browser with JavaScript activated
- For the PDF-based help file Adobe Reader or a comparable application is recommended

General recommendations

Virtual environments

The latest updated system requirements and parameters are published on https://www.seetec-video.com.

- Qognify recommends not to use clients in virtual environments, because the rendering performance is severely decreased.
- Qognify recommends dedicated network interfaces.
- Virtualization could need more CPU power than its physical counterpart
- Qognify recommends directly attached storage or iSCSI.
- Because virtualization decreases performance, Qognify recommends testing the planned server environment.
- Qognify VMS is compatible with Citrix XEN, VMware vSphere and Microsoft Hyper-V.

Thin clients

Thin client environments are not supported.

CPU recommendations

Video processing needs a lot CPU power. Qognify recommends to always use the latest power-ful CPU models.

You can find a comparison at https://www.cpubenchmark.net/high_end_cpus.html.

It is recommended to use a single socket server with up to 10 physical cores.

Windows clustering and operating system

- See System requirements, p. 41.
- Always installing the latest system updates is recommended.
- 64 Bit versions are recommended.

Network layout

Depending on the number of cameras in your system and the resulting required network bandwidth, the use of multiple separate networks for the cameras, the clients, and the storage must be considered to prevent overload on your network.

Since the Qognify client does not need a direct connection to the cameras, only the Qognify server needs access to both networks.

Teaming and binding of network interfaces

Do not use teaming or binding of network interfaces.

Usage of cameras

Cameras should be referenced only once. Configuring a camera multiple times per installation or in different installations will cause problems with some camera types. Contact Qognify project engineering for further information.

Benchmark results

The following benchmark results for a QognifyQognify VMS client with recommended hardware setup and 4 displays:

H.264

- 48 cameras, 320 x 240 @ 512 kbps CBR and 25 fps
- 40 cameras, 640 x 480 @ 1024 kbps CBR and 25 fps
- 30 cameras, 704 x 480/704 x 576 @ 2048 kbps CBR and 25 fps
- 18 cameras, 720p @ 4096 kbps CBR and 25 fps
- 12 cameras, 1080p @ 4096 kbps CBR and 25 fps
- 12 cameras, 3 Megapixel @ 4096 kbps CBR and 25 fps

H.265

- 48 cameras, 320 x 240 @ 200 kbps ~VBR and 25 fps
- 32 cameras, 640 x 480 @ 400 kbps ~VBR and 25 fps
- 16 cameras, 720p @ 600 kbps ~VBR and 25 fps
- 8 cameras, 1080p @ 2000 kbps ~VBR and 25 fps

R16. NTS. CAYUGA К Ш SYSTEM

Modules	Supported Operating Systems	Notes
Core Service Device Manage- ment, Multimedia Database, Versa- tile Applications (i.e. Analytics, LPR)	Microsoft Windows® 10 – 1909 or newer (Pro, Enterprise) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2012 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2012 R2 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2016 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2019 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit	 Only listed OS are supported Latest OS updates required Windows® Embedded is not supported Cayuga Analytics in general and Counting Suite work only as 32 Bit process within a 64 Bit OS Windows 2019 (64 Bit) is recommended Please contact Qognify Sales Engineering or Support if you want to use Virtual Machines LPR on virtual machines could cause issues and is only supported in case of planned by Qognify. Please contact Qognify We do not support the so called "nano server" AES-encrypted export assumes a cpu with AES accela- ration, otherwise export duration can increase signifi- cantly"
SDK Native Client Portable Viewer	Microsoft Windows® 10 – 1909 or newer (Pro, Enterprise) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2012 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2012 R2 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2016 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2019 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit	 Only listed OS are supported Latest OS updates required Windows® Embedded is not supported Windows® 10 - 20h2 (64 Bit) is recommended .NET 4.6.2 or later is required and is part of the installer Desktop Experience must be activated for Windows Server The Portable Viewer has same requirements as the Native Client, but presupposes .NET 4.6.2 Support of SDK for 32-Bit OS is removed in Cayuga R16
Mobile Client for iPhone/iPad	Apple iOS devices with iOS 11 or higher	 Optimized for iPad

Mobile Client for Android

Android devices with Android 6.0 ,Marshmallow' or higher

R16. NTS. CAYUGA SYSTEM REQ

Qognify

Modules	Supported Operating Systems	Notes
Webclient	Google Chrome >= 80 Mozilla Firefox >= 73 Microsoft Internet Explorer >= 11 Microsoft Edge, Apple Safari, Opera	Google Chrome recommended
BVI Server	Microsoft Windows® 10 – 1909 or newer (Pro, Enterprise) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2012 R2 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2016 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2019 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit	 Only listed OS are supported Windows® Embedded is not supported Windows 2019 (64 Bit) is recommended We do not support the so called "nano server"
BVI Client	Microsoft Windows® 10 – 1909 or newer (Pro, Enterprise) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2012 R2 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2016 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit Microsoft Windows Server® 2019 (Standard, Datacenter) 64 Bit	 Only listed OS are supported Windows® Embedded is not supported Windows® 10 - 20H2 (64 Bit) is recommended .NET 4.6.2 or later is required and is part of the installer
BVI Web Service	Google Chrome >= 80 Mozilla Firefox >= 73 Microsoft Internet Explorer >= 11 Microsoft Edge, Apple Safari, Opera	Google Chrome recommended

Type of installation	Hardware requirement	Notes
	Recommended for <50 Core Service Slaves:	
	CPU : Intel Core i5-9400 @ 2.90GHz or Intel Xeon E-2124G @ 3.40GHz or	
	Intel Xeon E-2224G @ 3.50GHz	
	RAM 10 GB Recommended for < 200 Core Service Slaves:	
	CPU : Intel Core i5-9600K @ 3.70GHz or Intel Xeon F-2126G @ 3.30GHz or	
	Intel Xeon E-2226G @ 3.40GHz	
Core Service	RAM: 24 GB	
	Recommended for >200 Core Service Slaves:	
running as Master	CPU : Intel Core i7-9700K @ 3.60GHz or Intel Xeon E-2186G @ 3.80GHz or	
Core Service Slaves (CSS)	RAM: 32 GB	
	HDD: 500 GB free disk space @ 7200 RPM or SSD	
	Network: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s	
	Minimum:	
	CPU: Intel Core i5-7400 @ 3.00GHz	
	RAM: 8 GB	
	Network: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s	
	Recommended:	

Core Service

running as Master without Core Service Slaves (CSS)

or running as CSS

CPU : Intel Core i5-9600K @ 3.70GHz or Intel Xeon E-2126G @ 3.30GHz or Intel Xeon E-2226G @ 3.40GHz RAM: 16 GB HDD: 500 GB free disk space @ 7200 RPM or SSD Network: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s **Minimum:** CPU: Intel Pentium G4560 @ 3.50GHz RAM: 8 GB HDD: 100 GB free disk space Network: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s

Type of installation	Hardware requirement	Notes
Core Service Device Management (DM) (video throughput < 20 MByte/s)	Recommended: CPU: Intel Core i5-9600K @ 3.70GHz or Intel Xeon E-2126G @ 3.30GHz or Intel Xeon E-2226G @ 3.40GHz RAM: 16 GB HDD: 500 GB free disk space @ 7200 RPM or SSD Network: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s Minimum: CPU: Intel Pentium Gold G5420 @ 3.80GHz RAM: 8 GB HDD: 100 GB free disk space Network: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s	 The minimum recommendation can handle up to 25 cameras with up to 10 MByte/s video throughput in total
Device Management (DM) (video throughput < 40 MByte/s)	Recommended: CPU: Intel Core i5-9600K @ 3.70GHz or Intel Xeon E-2126G @ 3.30GHz or Intel Xeon E-2226G @ 3.40GHz RAM: 16 GB HDD: 500 GB free disk space @ 7200 RPM or SSD Network: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s	
Device Management (DM) (video throughput < 60 MByte/s)	Recommended: CPU: Intel Core i7-9700K @ 3.60GHz or Intel Xeon E-2186G @ 3.80GHz or Intel Xeon E-2276G @ 3.80GHz RAM : 16 GB HDD : 500 GB free disk space @ 7200 RPM or SSD Network : Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s	 Get in touch with Qognify Sales Engineering for detailed project planning in case you want to use more video throughput
Versatile Applications (i.e. Analytics, LPR)	See Device Management Server-side Motion Detection depends on hardware and configuration of video streams, With a server based on a Intel Xeon Gold 5217 and Full HD video streams.	 Please contact Qognify Sales Engineering or Support to get a precise recommendation

up to 100 streams can be recorded and analyzed.

	Type of installation	Hardware requirement
CAYUG	Native Client / SDK	Recommended:CPU: Intel Core i7-9700K @ 3.60GHz or Intel Xeon E-2186G @ 3.80GHz orIntel Xeon E-2276G @ 3.80GHzRAM: 16 GBHDD: 50 GB free disk space @ 7200 RPM or SSDNetwork: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/sGraphics Adapter: At least 4GB GDDR5 RAM,memory bandwidth at least 100 GB/sec.Minimum:CPU: Intel Pentium Gold G5420 @ 3.80GHzRAM: 4 GBHDD: 10 GB free disk spaceNetwork: Ethernet with 100 MBit/s or fasterDedicated Graphics Adapter without Shared Memory, 16 Mio. colors, supporDirectX 9.0 or higher, Memory Bandwidth >= 100 GB/s, Memory Size >= 2 CRecommended display resolution:1920 x 1080 or higherMinimum display resolution:1280 x 768 (with text size 100%)1600 x 960 (with text size 125%)1920 x 1152 (with text size 150%)
SYS	BVI Server	Minimum: CPU : Intel Core i7-9700K @ 3.60GHz or Intel Xeon E-2186G @ 3.80GHz or Intel Xeon E-2276G @ 3.80GHzz RAM: 16 GB HDD: 500 GB free disk space @ 7200 RPM or SSD

3VI	Client	

imum:

I : Intel Core i7-9700K @ 3.60GHz or Intel Xeon E-2186G @ 3.80GHz or I Xeon E-2276G @ 3.80GHzz 4: 16 GB D: 500 GB free disk space @ 7200 RPM or SSD Network: Ethernet with 1000 MBit/s

We recommend a dedicated SSD for BVI Server with 100 GB free disk space

Deviation from the recommendation can cause

stumbling rendering and other negative side

• We recommend not to use more than one

Please use always the latest graphics adapter-

Qognify recommends not to use Nvidia NVS.

Mobile or Matrox graphic cards (Performance

• For further Graphics Cards information please

read https://downloads.seetec-video.com/filead-

min/01DL/doc/Qognify.Cayuga.graphics.cards.

onboard graphic is not supported

RV/I Cliant

See "Native Client", but at least 16 GB RAM mandatory

See all notes for "Native Client"

Notes

effects

drivers

too low)

Graphics Adapter

suggestion-EN.pdf

General hints Please watch out for the latest updated System Requirements and Parameters on https://www.gognify.com/wp-content/uploads/Software/Cayuga/Q_Cayuga-R16_System_Requirements_and_Parameter.pdf Upgrades from R12 or newer don't require different hardware, if the configuration won't be modified and a 64-bit environment is Upgrades already in use. Cayuga and BVI are fully compatible with CPUs from Intel and AMD and general recommendations apply to both vendors. The best price-performance ratio can be expected with single-processor systems and a Processor Base Frequency >= 3 GHz CPU Good references for main stream servers are https://en.wikichip.org/wiki/intel/microarchitectures/coffee_lake - Memory_Hierarchy and https://en.wikichip.org/wiki/intel/cores/cascade lake sp for highend servers. Please install always the latest OS updates. Windows[®] Operating System Support for Windows® 7, Windows® 8.x, Windows® Server 2008 (R2) and all 32 bit OS ended with Cayuga R14. Windows® Server 2012 (R2) not supported Windows Clustering Windows® Server 2016 not supported Windows® Server 2019 not yet certified • We recommend not to use clients in virtual environments, because the rendering performance is not satisfactory. We recommend dedicated network interfaces. • Virtualization could need more cpu power than its physical counterpart. Virtual environments We recommend direct attached storage or iSCSI. Because virtualization can in general decrease the performance, we recommend to test the planned server environment. Cayuga is compatible with Citrix XEN, VMware vSphere and Microsoft Hyper-V. Thin Clients Thin Client environments are not supported.

General hints	
CPU recommendations	Video processing demands high CPU power. We recommend always to use the latest, most powerful CPU models. You can find a comparison at https://www.cpubenchmark.net/high_end_cpus.html. In general, we recommend single socket server with up to 10 physical cores.
Virus scanning	Please note: Web guard and Internet Security features must not be installed on Cayuga systems! To run Cayuga software properly, it is important that you exclude specific locations, processes and certain network traffic. Without config- uring these exceptions, virus scanning could use a high amount of system resources. Additionally the scanning process could temporarily lock files, which could lead to a disruption in the recording process or even to database corruption. Do not perform a real time and system scan of Cayuga directories containing recording databases (by default C:\Program Files\Qognify, as well as all folders under that location). Avoid also to perform a real time and system scan on archive storage directories. Create the following additional exclusions: - Cayuga installation directory (per default "C:\Program Files\Qognify") and all subdirectories. - Path to Multimedia Database Zone(s) Exclude real time network scanning on TCP ports: Please refer to "Qognify Cayuga Used Ports" document: https://downloads.seetec-video.com/fileadmin/01DL/6.16.1/documentation/Qognify_Cayuga_R16_Used_Ports.pdf Exclude network scanning of the following processes: All processes starting with VMS_" (e.g. VMS_Client.exe)

General hints	
Firewalls	Multiple ports on the server computer must be available by default to allow the Cayuga software to function correctly in a network environment with a firewall. Please refer to "Qognify Cayuga Used Ports" document: https://downloads.seetec-video.com/fileadmin/01DL/6.16.1/documentation/Qognify_Cayuga_R16_Used_Ports.pdf
Network layout	Depending on the number of cameras in your system and the resulting network bandwidth used, you should consider to use multiple separate networks for the cameras, the clients and the storage to prevent an overload on your network. This depends on the bandwidth. Since the Cayuga/BVI Client does not need a direct connection to the cameras, the only module which needs access to both networks is the Cayuga Device Manager.
Teaming / Bounding of network interfaces	Please do not use these kind of functions!
Multimedia Database Filesystem	We recommend NTFS for Microsoft Windows® with a cluster size of 64 KB and not to use Microsoft Windows® ReFS.
Usage of cameras	Cameras should usually be referenced only once. Configuring a camera multiple times per installation or in different installations will cause problems with several manufacturers. Please contact Qognify Sales Engineering for further information.

Value
5000 Contact Qognify Sales Engineering for detailed project planning in case you want to use more
250 Contact Qognify Sales Engineering for detailed project planning in case you want to use more
20 - 80
250
250
250
2 minutes

Manager (same time for switching back). A failover will happen (if activated) when the primary Device Manager 2 minutes is not accessible; the whole failover time span is determined to avoid flickering.

Description and Comments	Value
Maximum number of concurrent native (Windows) clients in one Cayuga installation.	200
Maximum number of concurrent web clients in one Cayuga installation.	20
Maximum number of concurrent mobile clients in one Cayuga installation.	50
Maximum number of attached Cayuga installation for Multi Installation Login	50 independant Cayuga installations with an overall max. of 5000 devices. Contact Qognify Sales Engineering for detailed project planning in case you want to use more.
Recommended minimum bandwidth between a native client and any server. The required bandwidth depends on the number of video channels to be simultaneously displayed and could exceed the mentioned value significantly.	2 MBits/s
Recommended minimum bandwidth between "Core Master" and any "Core Slave". The required bandwidth depends on the number of video channels and could exceed the mentioned value significantly.	2 MBits/s
Recommended bandwidth between "Core Master" and the Cayuga server providing patches and new loads for a remote update or upgrade of the local installation. This bandwidth is only required if automated updates and upgrades where selected in the "Autoupdater".	10 MBits/s
Maximum number of SEI devices and states	1000 items with 10 states each

Standard installation

The standard installation installs the system with the client and server on a single system.

Preparation

- 1. Copy the ZIP archive with the installation files to the computer on which the software will be installed and unpack the archive.
- 2. Double-click **setup.exe** to start the installation.
- 3. Select the installation language. You can configure the language of the user interface after installation (see Changing the language, p. 91).
- 4. Click **OK** to start installation, and click **Next**.
- 5. Read the software license agreement, and click Next.

The program can only be installed if the End User License Agreement (EULA) is accepted.

6. Select the destination folder, and click Next.

Standard installation

1. For the standard installation, select "Client & server" as the setup type and click Next.

2. Select IP addresses / hostnames found as network address for server communication.

	Management service		
	Host:	Port:	
	localhost	60000	
Qognify	_IP address /best name for some		
VMS	Host.	P addresses (host names)	found
	10.0.80.51	10 0 80 51	v

Fig. 7: Standard installation - 1

It is recommended to leave the port number of the management service unchanged at "60000". If the port number must be changed, contact the Qognify support before applying changes.

The installation program shows you all of the existing network addresses and host names of the PC or server. Neither the IP 127.0.0.1 nor the host name "localhost" may be used for communication with the server.

3. If the update server is installed on a different host than the Core Service Main host, enter the IP address for the host of the **UpdateService** (see Configuring and updating the UpdateAgent, p. 64). The UpdateAgent can connect to the UpdateService at the specified IP address.

By default, the UpdateService uses port 63000 and 63001 to communicate with the UpdateAgents.

4. Click Next.

Multimedia setting Specify settings for the Multime	dia Database services			
	Paths for image storage	Paths for image storage		
Qognify	Path C:\VideoZone	Size (GB) Automatic	Add Delete	
VIVIS	Using network authorization		Authorization	
InstallShield	< <u>B</u> ack	Next >	Cancel	

Fig. 8: Standard installation - 2

5. Alter the existing path for image storage, or delete or add further folder paths. If the folder is created on a network drive, enter the complete UNC path.

```
Example"\\IP address\Release name\Path..."
```

- 6. If the network drive is protected with a user name and password, select **Using network authorization** and click **Authorization**.
- Enter the user name and password for accessing the network drive, and click **OK**. Ensure that the specified user is available locally and that the domain is included in the user name field (e.g. "Domain\\User name").
- 8. Click Next.
- 9. Click Install.

Qognify VMS is now installed on your computer. If the UpdateService has been installed, the service will now connect to the Update server and download the newest patch files, if available. To find out how to start the program and modules, see Login, p. 69.

10. Configure the system with the Qognify VMS client (see Configuration mode, p. 177).

Client installation

In the client installation, only the client is installed on the computer.

Preparation

- 1. Copy the ZIP archive with the installation files to the computer on which the software will be installed and unpack the archive.
- 2. Double-click **setup.exe** to start the installation.
- 3. Select the installation language. You can configure the language of the user interface after installation (see Changing the language, p. 91).
- 4. Click **OK** to start installation, and click **Next**.
- 5. Read the software license agreement, and click Next.

The program can only be installed if the End User License Agreement (EULA) is accepted.

6. Select the destination folder, and click Next.

Client installation

- 1. Select "Client" as the setup type (see Installation, p. 39).
- 2. Click Install.

The client is installed on the computer. If the UpdateService has been installed, it will now connect to the Update server and download the newest patch files, if available. To find out how to start the program and modules, see Login, p. 69.

Installation of a distributed server

In distributed server installation, only the database modules for the image database are installed together with the client on a different computer from the already installed client and core server. The distributed server reduces the utilization of the core server because the image database is located partially or entirely on the distributed server.

In order to configure the server, you need an installed and configured client and core server (see Standard installation, p. 54).

The required ports 60000 - 60008 for communication between the distributed server and the main server must be open.

Preparation

- 1. Copy the ZIP archive with the installation files to the computer on which the software will be installed and unpack the archive.
- 2. Double-click **setup.exe** to start the installation.
- 3. Select the installation language. You can configure the language of the user interface after installation (see Changing the language, p. 91).
- 4. Click OK to start installation, and click Next.

5. Read the software license agreement, and click **Next**.

The program can only be installed if the End User License Agreement (EULA) is accepted.

6. Select the destination folder, and click Next.

Installation

1. Select "Distributed server" as the setup type (see Installation, p. 39).

Server services Specify connection settings for	or the server services
Qognify	Management service Host: Iocalhost
VMS	IP address/host name for server communication Host: IP addresses/host names found: 10.0.80.51 10.0.80.51
InstallShield	< <u>Back</u>

Fig. 9: Installation of a distributed server - server settings

2. Specify the IP address of the main Core Service Main Core (CSM) server as the **Host** in the "Management service" area.

It is recommended to leave the port number of the management service unchanged at "60000". If the port number must be changed, contact the Qognify Support, p. 20 before applying changes.

3. Select **IP address/host name for server communication** as the network address. The installation program shows you all of the existing network addresses and host names of the PC or server.

Neither the IP 127.0.0.1 nor the host name "localhost" may be used for communication with the server.

4. If NAT (Network Address Translation) is used, enable Activate if NAT is to be used and enter the IP-address of the NAT-router.

5. Enter the IP address for the host of the **UpdateService** (see Configuring and updating the UpdateAgent, p. 64).

By default, the UpdateService uses port 63000 and 63001 to communicate with the UpdateAgents.

6. Click Next.

	Paths for image storage—		
Qognify	Path C:\VideoZone	Size (GB) Automatic	Add
VMS	Using network author	ization	Authorization

Fig. 10: Installation of a distributed server - multimedia settings

7. Alter the existing **path for image storage**, or delete or add further folder paths. If the folder is created on a network drive, enter the complete UNC path.

Example "\\Server name\Release name\Path..." or "\\IP address\Release name\Path..."

- 8. If the network drive is protected with a user name and password, select **Using network authorization** and click **Authorization**.
- Enter the user name and password for accessing the network drive, and then click OK. Ensure that the specified user is available locally and that the domain is included in the user name field (e.g. "Domain\\User name").
- 10. Click Next.
- 11. Click **Install**. The server is then installed on your computer.

If the UpdateService has been installed, the service will now connect to the Update server and download the newest patch files, if available.

12. Configure the system with the Qognify client (see Configuration mode, p. 177).

Custom installation

In a user-defined installation you can install selected modules. It is also possible to install a further core server in Sub Core mode that serves as a redundant server and thus increases the reliability of the Main Core server.

For a description of the components for the user-defined installation, see Components for the custom installation, p. 60

Preparation

- 1. Copy the ZIP archive with the installation files to the computer on which the software will be installed and unpack the archive.
- 2. Double-click **setup.exe** to start the installation.
- 3. Select the installation language. You can configure the language of the user interface after installation (see Changing the language, p. 91).
- 4. Click **OK** to start installation, and click **Next**.
- 5. Read the software license agreement, and click Next.

The program can only be installed if the End User License Agreement (EULA) is accepted.

6. Select the destination folder, and click Next.

Custom installation

- 1. Select "Custom" as the setup type (see Installation, p. 39).
- 2. Select the desired services and features. You can deselect services and features that are not required.

If a previously installed service is deselected, it will be removed. For installation of the UpdateService on the server and the UpdateAgent on the client, see Configuring and updating the UpdateAgent, p. 64.

- 3. Click Next.
- 4. Click Install.

The services and features are installed on your computer.

Components for the custom installation

The following components are available for user-defined installation.

Client components



Fig. 11: Custom installation - Client components

- Client (64-bit): The client only for 64-bit operating systems
- Mobile client: The server-side mobile client components (Transcoding module and Gateway Service) to connect with mobile apps on iOS and Android platforms (see The Qognify VMS mobile client, p. 429)
- Web client: The server-side web client components (transcoding module, gateway service and Microsoft IIS web server with website) to connect with web-browsers (see Qognify VMS web client, p. 425)
- Viewer: the offline viewer to see exported images (see Anywhere Viewer, p. 421)

Server components



Fig. 12: Custom installation - Server components

- Core Service Main: The Main Core services and management database
- Core Service Sub: The Sub Core services and management database for redundant system management

Sub Core and Main Core cannot be installed simultaneously on the same machine.

- DeviceManager & MediaDatabase: The services for the DeviceManager and Media-Database. These services are mainly responsible for image handling processes
- UpdateService: The UpdateService is managing the automated update and patch processes on the Qognify system (see UpdateService Configuration Tool, p. 381)
- OPC Service: The "Open Platform Communications" interface provides a standardized data exchange between applications and devices in real time (see Technical Guide on OPC Service for Qognify VMS R3 or later).
- GatewayService: The GatewayService is required to use mobile and Web clients (see Installing the mobile client services on the Qognify server, p. 430)

- TranscodingService: The TranscodingService is required to use mobile and Web clients (see Configuring the transcoding module, p. 359)
- **Analytics**: The server side components for Qognify VideoAnalytics features
 - Analytics Server 3D: The server-side Analytics Server 3D components for thirdparty video analysis software used on the computer (see Configuring the Qognify Analytics Server 3D module, p. 356)
 - Analytics (legacy): The server-side analysis components installed on the computer (see Qognify Analytics, p. 266)
 - Analytics API: The server-side Analytics API components for third party video analysis software installed on the computer
 - License plate recognition: The server-side license plate recognition installed on the computer (see License plate recognition, p. 259)

Tools



Fig. 13: Custom installation - Tools

- Analytics Setup Tool: The tool for configuring and calibrating scenarios for the Qognify Analytics Server 3D (see Configuring a Qognify Analytics Server module, p. 274)
- **SDK (32-bit)**: The 32-bit components of the SDK for use in third-party software
- SDK (64-bit): The 64-bit components of the SDK for use in third-party software

Updating the system with the AutoUpdater

With the Qognify VMS AutoUpdater you can keep all system components up to date, if it is a single "All-in-one" installation on one PC or a distributed installation with multiple servers and clients. The Qognify VMS AutoUpdater system consists of two components, the UpdateService and the UpdateAgent(s):

The UpdateService: Immediately after the installation and thereafter the UpdateService frequently checks for new patches or updates and distributes them to the connected UpdateAgents. In a standard installation the UpdateService is installed on the Core Service Main server. Optionally the UpdateService can be installed on another server (see Custom installation, p. 60).

The UpdateService requires a regular license with a valid Service Maintenance Agreement (SMA) or a demo license not yet expired.

The UpdateAgent(s): An UpdateAgent is automatically installed with any Qognify VMS component (services, clients, tools etc.). Dependent on the configuration of the UpdateService an UpdateAgent receives updates or patches from the update server automatically or by a manual trigger. This enables automatic or user defined installation of updates and patches for multiple clients.

Installing the Qognify VMS UpdateService

The UpdateService is installed on the Core Service Main by default. If you need to install the UpdateService on a different hardware than the core server follow the steps below.

By default, the UpdateService uses port 63000 and 63001 to communicate with the UpdateAgents.

Check that ports 63000 and 63001 are not blocked by a firewall.

Only one server should be the UpdateService server. Having multiple UpdateService servers is not recommended.

To install and run the UpdateService on a different server than the Core Service Main server, it is recommended to remove it from the main server before installation (see Modify, repair and remove, p. 65).

Before installing updates with the UpdateService (e.g. from Qognify VMS R3 to Qognify VMS 7.1), update all UpdateAgents with the current UpdateService (i.e. Qognify VMS 7.1).

- 1. Select the server that runs the Qognify VMS UpdateService.
- 2. Provide the IP address of the server for the UpdateService. All UpdateAgents have to connect to the UpdateService by the specified IP address
- 3. Start a user-defined installation and select "UpdateService" in the server components (see Custom installation, p. 60)

Configuring the Qognify VMS UpdateService

The UpdateService and the update behavior of the UpdateAgents can be managed with the Qognify VMS UpdateServer Configuration tool. The UpdateServer Configuration tool will be installed automatically with the UpdateService on the server.

For configuration settings, see UpdateService Configuration Tool, p. 381.

Configuring and updating the UpdateAgent

The UpdateAgent is installed automatically on each computer where a Qognify VMS component (e. g. Core Service, Client, DeviceManager, VA-Service etc.) is installed. During the installation process the IP address of the UpdateService has to be provided (see <u>Standard installation</u>, p. 54). After installation, the UpdateAgent is enabled and configured by the installer by default.

If the IP address of the UpdateServer has changed, the UpdateAgent has to be configured manually in the configuration file of the UpdateAgent.

Manually changing the IP settings for the UpdateAgent

- 1. Stop the UpdateAgent with the Qognify ServiceManager (see Starting and stopping the services, p. 398).
- 2. Open the configuration file "/conf/updateclient.conf.xml" in the installation directory with a text editor.
- 3. Set the new IP address of the UpdateService. The IP address is identical to the network address of the client with the UpdateService installed.
- 4. Save the settings.
- 5. Start the UpdateAgent with the Qognify ServiceManger (see Starting and stopping the services, p. 398).

Example

```
updateclient.conf.xml
```

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
```

```
<ServerInformation xmIns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmIns:xsd-
```

```
d="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
```

```
<ip>10.0.8.131</ip> <port>63000</port>
```

```
</ServerInformation>
```

Manual updating

The Qognify VMS system can be patched or updated automatically by the AutoUpdater. If the AutoUpdater is configured correctly, uninstalling the previous version of Qognify Qognify VMS is not required before updating to a newer version.

Any version prior to SeeTec 5.4 must be removed before upgrading (see Upgrading / Migrating from Seetec 5.4.x to Qognify VMS, p. 66).

Before updating the system manually, make sure that your system meets the hardware and software requirements (see System requirements, p. 41).

- 1. Manually backup the CONF directory (C:\Program Files\Qognify\Conf).
- 2. Manually backup the administration database MaxDB (C:\Program Files\Qognify\SAPDB\backup).
- 3. Uninstall the current Qognify version with the Windows[®] control panel. The folder structure of the installation directory and the database remain intact.
- 4. Install the new Qognify VMS 7.1 software.
- 5. Import the new license file (see Import license file).

It is also possible to import the new license file before updating.

Modify, repair and remove

	Welcome to the Qognify VMS Setup Maintenance program. This program lets you modify the current installation. Click one of the options below.
VMS	Select new program features to add or select currently installed features to remove
	C Repair Reinstall all program features installed by the previous setup.
	C Remove Remove all installed features.

Fig. 14: Modify, repair and remove

- 1. Open the Control Panel and select **Programs**.
- 2. Select Programs and Features.
- 3. Select **Qognify VMS**.
- 4. Click **Modify** or **Repair**.
- 5. Select one of the following options:
 - To install or uninstall additional Qognify VMS components select "Modify" and click Next. This allows you to carry out a user-defined installation, by which you can install and uninstall selected modules and services (see Custom installation, p. 60).
 - To repair the program, select "Repair" and click **Next**. Qognify VMS tries to repair and reinstall any damaged program components itself.
 - To remove the program from the hard disk, select "Remove" and click Next. All components of the program except for the configuration settings are deleted from the hard disk and removed from the directory services.

To completely remove all traces of the program after uninstallation, delete the remaining Qognify folder in "C:\Program Files" manually.

Upgrading / Migrating from Seetec 5.4.x to Qognify VMS

This section is intended for the preparation and implementation of a migration from Seetec 5.4.x to Qognify VMS 7.1. It describes the necessary steps of the analysis and the basic process. Note that the preparation, depending on the technical specification of the existing system, should start well before the actual migration, since delivery times may have to be considered for hardware components.

The Qognify support team can be contacted before migrating complex installations (e.g. logistics, CIT, BVI, etc.) (see Support, p. 20).

Documents to be considered

- Qognify VMS 7.1 readme file:ReadMe.txt
- System requirements for Qognify VMS 7.1 (see System requirements, p. 41)
- Supported third-party interfaces

Recommended steps before migration

Migrating to Qognify VMS is only possible from Qognify 5.4.0 or higher. Older versions must be updated to Qognify 5.4.x before migration. Migration may require replacement of hardware components.

- 1. Backup the existing management database MaxDB and the configuration directory (see Manual updating, p. 64).
- 2. Analyze the existing system well before the actual date of migration to make sure that hardware and / or operating system requirements are met (see System requirements, p. 41). For Qognify VMS 7.1, a 64-bit operating system is required.
- 3. Make sure that any device of the configuration is listed in the "Supported third-party interfaces" (PDF) and check the supported functionality.
- 4. Make sure that you have a valid license for Qognify VMS 7.1.
- 5. Capture the specification of the existing server and client hardware and compare it with the requirements as described in the section on System requirements, p. 41.

Minimum requirements for graphic cards

Some graphics cards which are used in Qognify 5.4.x, are not suitable for use with Qognify VMS because they do not or only partially support DirectX, e.g. Matrox graphic boards, Nvidia Quadro NVS 290 or 420.

- Dedicated graphics adapter without shared memory, 16 mio. colors, supporting DirectX
 9.0 or higher
- Memory size: 2 GB
- Memory bandwidth with 100 GB/s

- Minimum display resolution:
 - 1280 x 768 (with text size 100%)
 - 1600 x 960 (with text size 125%)
 - 1920 x 1152 (with text size 150%)

For Microsoft Windows Server 2012 only

- 1. Check if the Windows feature "Desktop Experience" is installed (for Microsoft Windows Server 2008, this is done automatically).
- If not, install the feature by following the steps: Server Manager = > Manage => Add Roles and Features => Features => User Interfaces and Infrastructure (Installed) = > Desktop Experience => Add Features => Next = > Install.

Migrating procedure

Hardware and operating system already meet the requirements

- 1. Perform a backup of the MaxDB database and the configuration directory.
 - In Qognify Administration (Start Menu > Programs > SeeTec5) change to Management database (MaxDB) and create a backup via **Backup**. The backup will be stored in C:\Program Files\SeeTec\SAPDB\backup.
 - The configuration directory is located in: C:\Program Files\SeeTec\conf
- 2. Uninstall Seetec 5.x via the Windows Control Panel.
 - The folder structure remains
 - The database remains.
- 3. Install Qognify VMS 7.1.
- 4. Install and activate a new license (see Info, p. 119).

Migrating to new hardware and / or new operating system

- 1. Make sure that the existing Qognify VMS version is at least 5.4.0. If not, upgrade to the latest version 5.4.8.
- 2. Perform a backup of the MaxDB database.
 - In Qognify Administration (Start Menu > Programs > Qognify 5) change to Management database (MaxDB) and create a backup via **Backup**. The backup will be stored in C:\Program Files\Qognify\SAPDB\backup.
- 3. Install Qognify VMS 7.1.
- 4. Start the Qognify Administration Tool (Start Menu > Programs > Qognify) on the newly installed system and restore the backup of the existing system under Management database (MaxDB).

Note that the backup must be available locally and must not be unpacked!

5. Install and activate a new license (see Info, p. 119).

After the upgrade

Changes

- All users except the administrator are disabled.
- The administrator's password is reset to "pass". (The passwords of all other users must be reassigned during activation.)
- The services SeeTec5_ENT, SeeTec5_EVT, SeeTec5_AUTH, SeeTec5_ALARM, and SeeTec5_ EXT will be migrated to a single service called VMS_CORE. Hence, there is only one log file "core.log" and only one configuration file "core.conf.xml".
- The names of all services now start with "VMS_".
- Indication of the storage volume is no longer possible at camera configuration / image storage. It can only be configured for time limit. Cameras, for which a storage volume was configured, will have a time limit set to 9999 days.
- The division between ExpansionPackage and CorePackage no longer exists.
- The installer moves all application components into the single target directory C:\Program Files\Qognify.
- Monitor wall is replaced by DisplayAgent.
- Encrypted server communication is standard without the need of further configuration.
- Fly-out windows are not available anymore.
- Dockable GUI elements are not available anymore.
- Suppressing alarms is not available anymore.
- Qognify Gateway Services (SGS/SAG) is HTTPS only.
- Blackberry Mobile not available anymore.

Checks

- 1. Check the configuration of the services AvExport and Gateway service after the migration in the SeeTec VA Administration Tool, as the configuration of SeeTec 5 is not migrated.
- 2. Recalibrate the Qognify Analytics Channel and set up all Qognify Analytics rules.
- 3. Check server side motion detection and reconfigured if required.
- 4. Check the configuration of video classifications.

5

Login

Once the system is installed, you have to log in on the client to use the installed services. To automate the startup of the client, command line parameters can be defined, e.g. to start the client with a different language or with predefined passwords (see Command line parameters, p. 417).

KEEP THE ADMINISTRATOR'S PASSWORD IN A SECURE PLACE!

If you forget the administrator's password and no additional users have been added to the administrator group, it is no longer possible to access the system configuration settings. The administrator password cannot be restored. 1. Start the **Qognify VMS client** in the **Qognify** folder in the Start menu or on the desktop.

□lognify	
Qognify VMS	
Server:	
localhost	
Authentication:	
Basic Authentication 🔹	
User:	
Password:	
+ Advanced options	
🗆 Viewer Mode 🛛 🕨 🕨	Deprify VMS

Fig. 15: Login

- 2. Select the **Authentication** method. The following authentication methods are available:
- Basic authentication with user name and password as defined in the configuration within Qognify VMS.
- Windows authentication with the current user credentials of the Windows operating system, i.e. the same login as required for logging into the system. The user will have the rights of the groups he is in (see Groups, p. 296).
- Windows authentication with the user's Active Directory (AD) credentials. The user will have the rights of the groups he is in (see Groups, p. 296).

This feature can only be used if the use of Active Directory (AD) is part of the Qognify VMS license.

3. If Basic Authentication is selected, enter the user name and the password.

Make sure the user name and password are entered correctly, as the system distinguishes between upper and lower case (case-sensitive).

4. Apply by clicking the arrow. The client is started in surveillance mode (see Surveillance mode, p. 131).

In Viewer mode, Qognify VMS is used for the display of exported data in Archive mode (see Anywhere Viewer, p. 421).

All login attempts (successful and failed) are logged in the report view of the report mode together with the IP or name of the computer used.

The number of failed login attempts is defined in configuration mode by the administrator. Also, a failed login attempt can trigger an notification, which is also defined in configuration mode (see Configuring the user security settings, p. 377).

Logging in for the first time

Changing the password

When logging in for the first time, you are required to modify the default user password.

Change password			×
Enter your new password, and then enter it again for confirmation. New password Enforce secure password			
••••			
Enter new password again			
••••			
New second password		Second password require	d
Enter new second password again			
			J
	ОК	Cancel	

Fig. 16: Change password

- 1. Enter the User name ("administrator") and default Password ("pass").
- 2. Enter your new password.
- 3. Disable **Enforce secure password** if you do not require increased password security (see Configuring a user, p. 291).
- 4. If necessary, enter a second password (see Configuring a user, p. 291).
- 5. Click **OK**.

Changing the database backup password

Database backups are encrypted and require a password. When logging in for the first time, you are required to modify the default database backup password.

(Change backup password	×	
	Enter your new password, and then enter it again for confirmation. New password		
	••••		
	Enter new password again		
	••••		
	Important. This password is important for restoring backups in the future. Store it safely.		
	OK Cancel		

Fig. 17: Change the database backup password

- 1. Enter der the database backup password.
- 2. Repeat the new database backup password.
- 3. Click **OK**.
Advanced login options

In the advanced options of the login screen, additional user management functions or log in as a user with two passwords is configured.

1. Click **Advanced options** in the login window.

last used:	Company (localhost)
Castor .	
Server:	localhost
User:	administrator
Password:	••••
Second password:	
Comment:	
	☑ Remember user name
	✓ Remember password
	Log in automatically
	Use NAT
	Use local credentials for all installations
	OK

Fig. 18: Advanced login options

The following options are available:

- Last used: list of previously connected servers
- Server: name and port of a different server
- Second password if required for login
- **Comment**: additional information for the selected login.
- Remember user name and Remember password: avoids having to enter the user data for log in. The system enters the specified user name and password in the login window.

Due to legal regulations, in France the user name and password may not be saved for installations.

- Log in automatically: displays the user interface when the program starts up (without log in).
- Use NAT: enables the client to access a different server over the internet. Deselect this
 option if no internet connection is required. This option requires NAT-settings in configuration mode (see Configuring the NAT list, p. 373).
- To login to all installations with the same user name and password, select Use local credentials for all installations. Optionally this option can be activated in the installation manager (see Disconnect and reconnect a Qognify installation, p. 95).

In this case make sure that the remote user are the same as the local credentials.

KEEP THE ADMINISTRATOR'S PASSWORD IN A SECURE PLACE!

If you forget the administrator's password and no additional users have been added to the administrator group, it is no longer possible to access the system configuration settings. The administrator password cannot be restored.

Logging in Viewer Mode

The viewer mode provides a way of accessing a reduced set of features in Qognify VMS without connection to the database and the user directories for viewing exported data in offline mode.

- 1. Restart Qognify VMS and select Viewer Mode.
- 2. Apply by clicking the arrow. The client starts in Viewer Mode.

6

The user interface



Fig. 19: The user interface

The user interface is divided into different sections:

- The mode bar (1) allows you to switch between surveillance mode, archive mode, report mode, configuration mode and LPR mode (see The mode bar, p. 127).
- The function bar (2) provides basic operating functions that can vary depending on the mode used. (see The function bar, p. 77). The function bar also contains the menu (see The menu items, p. 77).
- The Work area (3) is the main window for displaying the selected mode functions. The work area can be divided in multiple tabs containing different contents like cameras, layers, LPR functions etc. (see Work area, p. 132).
- Information control (4) is displayed in the lower part of the work area. The information control is used for the alarm list and system messages (see Alarm list and system messages, p. 152) in surveillance mode, and for displaying search results in configuration mode (see Searching in configuration mode, p. 184).
- Login information (5) displays which user currently logged in and provides user switching and easy logout (see Changing the user, p. 126).
- The control bar (6) contains the tabs for controlling the contents of the work area (see The control bar, p. 127).

The function bar



Fig. 20: The function bar

The function bar provides basic operating functions that can vary slightly depending on the selected mode:

- **Logo toggle** (1). Triggers an action when clicked. The logo action can be configured from the tools menu (see Configuring a logo action, p. 115).
- Day- / night mode toggle (2). Switches the background of the user interface darker (night mode) or lighter (day mode). This function is available in all modes except the configuration mode.
- Layer menu (3). This function allows the user to create and arrange custom layers in surveillance mode (see Custom layers, p. 135).
- User information (4). Displays the current user and provides functions to log off or change the user (see Changing the user, p. 126).
- Windows toggles (5) Displays icons to minimize, maximize or quit the client.
- **Current time** (6). Displays the current client time and date.
- Tab selector (7). Displays all opened layers in tabs for quick access (see Creating layers, p. 132).
- Menus (8). Opens the menus File, View, Tools, Info, Help (see The menu items, p. 77).

The menu items

The menu items are available in all modes. The display of some menu items depends on user rights:

- **File**. Options for changing the settings of the client, the language, password, profile, installation, installation manager, and switches the user (see File menu, p. 77).
- View. Manages the settings of the connected monitors and the video wall as well as the LPR master data (see View, p. 96).
- **Tools**. Displays and removes the write protection of recordings, configures the multiple export of image data and defines the logo action (see Tools, p. 107).
- Info Displays information on the system and license (see Info, p. 119).
- Help. Calls the Help system and provides options for solving problems (see Help, p. 125).

File menu

The menu "File" displays the following options:

The user interface The function bar

- Client configuration
- Change language
- Change password
- Change profile
- Change user
- Switch installation
- Installation manager
- Exit

Client configuration

You can specify settings for visualization options, behaviors on user input, network load etc. with the client configuration.

Modification options for the following categories are available:

- Client
- Colors
- Alarms
- Analytics
- Warnings
- Network
- VoIP and SIP
- Input devices
- Keyboard shortcuts

The settings of the client are stored locally in the Windows user profile. They can only be changed by a user with administrator rights.

1. After changing the client configuration, restart the client for the changes to take effect.

Client

Client configuration	×										
Client Colors Alarms Analytics Warnings Network VoIP and SIP Input devices Keyboard shortcuts											
Settings											
Disable alarm toast messages											
Disable system notification toast messages											
Show filtered search results only											
Disable service info dialog for the device finder											
🗹 Show camera media time with milliseconds											
Enable PTZ click to center mode											
Web browser to open external links or online help with											
Select											
Report mode											
Maximum number of events in report mode											
2000 🜩											
L Thumbnails											
🛛 Activate for cameras in camera overview (Ctrl+MouseOver) 🗸 Scale thumbnail size in map with screen resolution											
🖌 Activate for cameras in maps Size: Large 🗸											
Activate for archive timeline Always On											
L											
Activated											
User:											
Password:											
OK Cance	el 👘										

Fig. 21: Client configuration - Client

Settings

- Disable alarm toast messages to suppress alarm notification for toast messages (see Alarm notification, p. 154).
- Disable system notification toast messages to suppress system notifications for toast messages (see Alarm notification, p. 154).
- Show filtered search results only to display only the relevant search results in the search results list. (If deactivated, the search results will be highlighted in the control bar, but all items are displayed.)
- Disable service info dialog for the device finder to suppress the status information about the "SSDP Discovery" service (SSDPSRV), which may not be installed on the operating system. This service provides UPnP (Universal plug and play) support for the DeviceFinder. If the check box is activated, the user will be asked to install the service if not already available.
- Show camera media time with milliseconds to display the time in the archive player with more detail (see Archive player, p. 158).
- **Enable PTZ click to center mode** to enable clicking into the live image of a camera to shift the selected point into the image center using physical pan/tilt.
- Merge alarm list and system messages to display alarms and system messages in a single list (see Alarm list and system messages, p. 152).
- Web browser to open external links or the online help system.

Report mode

Maximum number of events in report mode to limit the amount of events displayed in report mode.

Thumbnails

- Activate for cameras in camera overview to activate the thumbnail view of the camera image in the camera overview. You can open thumbnails by rolling the mouse cursor over the names of the cameras in the overview while holding down the CTRL key.
- Activate for cameras in maps to activate the thumbnail view of the camera image in the maps. You can open the thumbnail by using the mouse pointer to hover over the name of the camera in the map.
- Scale thumbnail size in map with screen resolution. The scaling adapts the thumbnail size to the screen resolution. The higher the resolution of the screen is, the higher will be the resolution of the thumbnails.
- Activate for archive timeline displays a small preview image of the selected time segment when moving the mouse over the timeline in archive mode. The options are "Off", "Always on" and "Control Key pressed", with "Always on" as the default setting.

Automatic login for DisplayAgent

When Activated, the user name and password must be entered to start the DisplayAgent automatically when the client is started.

Colors

Client Colors Alarms Analytics Warnings Network VoIP and SIP Input devices Keyboard shortcuts Video background color Font colors © Use default colors Color 1 Color 3 Color 5 Tile titlebar font size	Clie	nt cor	nfigura	tion								×
Video background color Font colors Use default colors Color 1 Color 3 Color 4 Color 5 Tile titlebar font size 12 \$	c	Client	Colors	Alarms	Analytics	Warnings	Network	VoIP and SIP	Input devices	Keyboard shortcuts		
Font colors Color 1 Color 2 Color 3 Color 5 Tile titlebar font size 12 \$,	Video l	backgrou	und color						~		
V Use default colors Color 1 Color 2 Color 3 Color 5 Tile titlebar font size 12 \$		Font co	olors									
Color 1 Color 2 Color 3 Color 5 Tile titlebar font size 12 \$		🗸 Us	e defaul	t colors								
Color 2 Color 3 Color 5		Color	1							¥		
Color 3 Color 4 Color 5 Tile titlebar font size 12 €		Color	2							v		
Color 5 Tile titlebar font size 12 \$		Color	3							~		
Color 5 Tile titlebar font size 12 \$		Color	4							•		
Tile titlebar font size		Color	5							*		
OK		Tile titl	ebar fon	t size					12	\$,	
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK												
OK Cancel												
										ОК	Cancel	

Fig. 22: Client configuration - Colors

- Video background color is displayed around a video image if its aspect ratio is not the equal to the aspect ratio of a view or tile.
- Font colors. The default font colors can be changed
 - **Color 1** on a dark background
 - **Color 2** on a light background
 - Color 3 on a mixed background like the main menu
 - Color 4 on a mixed background like table headings
 - **Color 5** on a video player border (black background)
- Use default colors reverts to the default settings.
- Tile titlebar font size: The font size in the title of layers or tiles can be changed.

Alarms

Client configuration	×
Client Colors Alarms Analytics Warnings Network VoIP and SIP Input devices Keyboard shortcuts	
Alarm sequence	
• Start most recent alarms first	
Start older alarms first	
Stop low priority alarms when a new alarm is activated	
Restore minimized main window when an alarm occurs	
Sequential alarm window	
Rows:	
4 🜩	
Columns:	
4 🗢	
Archive mode	
Maximum number of alarms in archive mode	
100 🗢	
OK Cancel	

Fig. 23: Client configuration - Alarms

- Alarm sequence to specify starting with more recent or older alarms when processing the alarm list.
- Stop low priority alarms when a new alarm is activated to stop low-priority alarms (priority 1-4) before the end of the predefined alarm interval is reached (see Configuring an alarm, p. 312).

High priority alarms cannot be stopped.

- Restore minimized main window when an alarm occurs to restore the main window in case of an alarm. If this option is not activated, the main window will not be restored in case of an alarm.
- Sequential alarm window to specify the desired number of rows and columns to be displayed (see Adding a sequential alarm window, p. 97).
- Maximum number of alarms in archive mode to specify the maximum number of alarms displayed in archive mode (see Archive mode, p. 157).

Analytics

Client configuration	×							
Client Colors Alarms Analytics Warnings Network VoIP and SIP Input devices Keyboard shortcuts								
Settings								
Settings for displaying tracking data								
Show objects								
Show classification								
Show counts								
Show object path								
Show rules								
Always show selected tracking data (uses more computing power)								
LPR mode								
Maximum number of events in LPR mode								
1000 🔷								
OK Cancel								

Fig. 24: Client configuration - Analytics

The tracking data settings are defined as global settings in configuration mode (see Qognify Analytics, p. 266). They can be activated separately.

- Select which tracking data should always be displayed in selected camera images:
 Objects
 - Classification
 - Counts
 - Object path
 - Rules
- 2. Select **Always show selected tracking data** to display tracking data also in not selected camera images. This options needs more performance on the client.
- 3. Configure the **Maximum number of events in LPR mod**e when searching for license plates. When the maximum is reached, a warning is displayed.

Increasing the number may lead to sluggish performance and longer loading times.

Warnings



Fig. 25: Client configuration - Warnings

- Suppress warning about time difference to server to suppress a warning if there are more than ten seconds of time difference between client and server.
- Suppress warning about low screen resolution to suppress a warning if the screen used does not have a high enough resolution (see System requirements, p. 41).
- Suppress warning about MDS zone full to prevent a warning when the storage depth limit of the multimedia database is reached (see Qognify Administration Tool, p. 389).
- Suppress warning about different streaming settings in configuration mode to suppress the warning that recording losses can occur if there are discrepancies between the settings for standard and alarm recording if not using a second stream for alarm recording (see Video streams, p. 215).
- Delete entities without confirmation in configuration mode to delete the entity (camera, time template, alarm, button, etc.) without receiving a request for confirmation when you click Delete in configuration mode.

Network



Fig. 26: Client configuration - Network

The following options are available:

- Timeout for server request to increase the time limit in seconds if the server does not respond quickly enough.
- Image transmission via the UDP or default TCP port. The UDP port is freely selectable.

Select UDP only on 100% reliable network connections.

 Bandwidth limitations to limit the bandwidth when accessing DeviceManager servers with a low-bandwidth connection to avoid overloading the network.

It is not recommended to limit the bandwidth between a client and the server. Frames will be dropped on a limited bandwidth.

VoIP and SIP

Client configuration	()	6
Client Colors Alarms Analytics Warnings Network VoIP a	and SIP Input devices Keyboard shortcuts	
Global settings		
SIP base port	5060	ך
Audio RTP port	5004	
Audio input device	Default input device	
Audio output device	Default output device 👻	
Use echo and noise suppression		
Use microphone amplifier		
Specific settings for installation		
Headquarter (localhost)	Activated	
	Network settings	
	Use keep-alive packages	
	Keep-alive interval 10 (s)	
	Registration interval 3600 - (s)	
	SIP user data	
	SIP user name	1
	SIP password	
	Participant name	
	Registration server	
	Outgoing proxy	1
۱		2
	OK Cancel	

Fig. 27: Client configuration - VoIP and SIP

The Qognify VMS client can act as SIP client to communicate with other clients or voice units that support the SIP standard.

- SIP base port number (the default is "5060").
- Audio RTP port (the default is "7000").
- Audio input device and audio output device. Regardless of this, incoming calls go via the operating system's default audio output device.
- Use echo and noise suppression to improve the sound quality.
- Use microphone amplifier to increase the volume of the input device.
- **Specific settings for installation** displays all existing Qognify installations.
- Use keep-alive packages to adjust the intervals at which the client is to log in to the SIP or VoIP server. The default value for Keep-alive interval is 10 (s), and for Registration interval it is 3600 (s).
- SIP user name and SIP password for the SIP server.
- Participant name. The participant name is displayed as the called participant in archive mode.
- **Registration server** and **Outgoing proxy**: IP address of the SIP server.

A SIP server is required (see VoIP).

After confirming the changes, the Qognify VMS client must be restarted for the changes to take effect.

Input devices

Cl	ient co	nfigura	tion									×
	Client	Colors	Alarms	Analytics	Warnings	Network	VoIP and	I SIP	Input devices	Keyboard	l shortcuts	
Г	Axis T8	312 Kevn	ad				N	Jame			Axis T8312 Keypad	
		512 KCJP					N	Jumbe	r of keys		22	
							N	lumbe	er of axes			
							Jo	og Dai			No	
							S	huttle	wheel		No	
							v v	Activ Activ	vate device vate z-axis			
							.	🛛 Enat	ole virtual butt	ons Timec	out (ms) ₅₀₀	
								Enat	ole virtual sequ	ience		
							P	ress th elect t	ne joystick but he correspond	ton to whic lina columr	h you want to assign ar in the table.	n action, or
								Layer	-	1+3	- Window 1	-
								Num	ber to display	Category	Action	Additional
								0		Camera	AXIS M3046-V 1.8MM	Main windov
								1		Camera	AXIS M1054	Main windov
								2		Layer	1+3	Window 1
								3		No action		
								4		No action		
								5		No action		
								6		No action		
								7		No action		
								8		No action		
								9		No action		
								10		No action		
								11		No action		
								12		No action		
								13		No action		
								14		No action		
								15		No action		
								16		No action		
								17		No action		
								18		No action		
								19		No action		
								20		No action		
L								_				
										0	КСС	Cancel

Fig. 28: Client configuration - Input devices

In this section of the client configuration, input devices like jog dials or joysticks or key pads are configured.

The input device or the corresponding device drivers must be installed on the Windows system before it can be configured.

The input device must be connected to the client computer before the client starts. Otherwise it will not appear in the client configuration.

Select and display entities with buttons of a input device

- 1. Connect the device to the USB port of the client computer.
- 2. Select the device. The device functions are listed on the right-hand side of the dialog box.
- 3. Enable Activate the device.

- 4. Enable the functions, e.g. virtual buttons or virtual sequences (see Configuring virtual buttons or sequences of the Axis T8312 keypad, p. 88).
- 5. If necessary, activate the z-axis (depending on the hardware, usually available on joysticks).
- 6. Press the input device button to which you want to assign an action or select the buttons number from the list.
- 7. Select the desired action (for example, when a certain button of the joystick is pressed, a camera or a map is to be displayed in a certain window of the Qognify configuration).

After confirming the changes, the Qognify VMS client must be restarted for the changes to take effect.

Configuring virtual buttons or sequences of the Axis T8312 keypad

Using the Axis T8312 keypad, a camera can be displayed on a local Qognify window or on a Qognify GmbH DisplayAgent (see DisplayAgent, p. 98). To reduce the number of buttons that must be configured, each camera is numbered. Refer to the manufacturer's documentation of the keyboard.

Client c	onfigura	ation												×
Client	Colors	Alarms	Analytics	Warnings	Network	VoIP and SIP	Input devices	Keyboard short	cuts					
Axis T	8312 Keyp	pad					Nam Num Jog Shut V 4 V 4 V 4 V 4 V 5 V 6 V 6 V 6 V 6 V 6 V 6 V 6 V 6 V 6 V 6	e ber of keys ber of axes bail tle wheel activate device activate z-axis nable virtual sequ the joystick butt esponding column action	ions Timeo Jence Ion to which n in the tabl	ut (ms) 1 you wa le.	Axis T83 22 0 No No 500	12 Keypad an action, or s	elect the	
							Nu	mber to display	Category	Action	Additional			

Fig. 29: Configuring virtual buttons or sequences of the Axis T8312 keypad

Only one of the following options can be assigned:

- With the option virtual buttons, up to 1000 virtual buttons can be configured for the Axis T8312 keypad to invoke up to 1011 actions.
- The use of virtual sequences requires a correctly configured entity numbering (see Configuring the entity numbering, p. 374). In surveillance or archive mode virtual sequences can be started on the keypad (see examples below).

For a detailed description of the Axis T8312 keypad functions refer to the manufacturer's documentation.

- 1. Select Enable virtual buttons or virtual sequences.
- 2. With virtual buttons enabled, enter a value for the timeout (ms). Within this period, the user must press the buttons to execute the configured action.
- 3. For buttons or virtual buttons, select any button on the keyboard to display the assigned button in the list in the column "Number to display" and define the action from the drop-

The keys of the Axis T8312 keypad are assigned as follows:

- First row:
 - F1: Local display
 - F2: Display agent
 - F5: Web page
- Second row:
 - : Predefined layer
 - External : Camera
 - iTile
 - 🕓 : Temporary layer
 - 🛠 : Maps
- Keypad:
 - 0 9: Predefined sequences, buttons or virtual buttons 0...999
 - Image between buttons 0...999 and virtual buttons 1000...1011:
 - Alt: 1001
 - : 1002
 - 1003
 - : 1004
 - ③ :1005
 - 🛠 :1006
 - F1: 1007
 - F2: 1008
 - F3: 1009
 - F4: 1010
 - F5: 1011

Assigning virtual buttons or sequences

- 1. Press the key combinations on the keypad. The first key selects the entity or number, the second number specifies the entity type or device type, e.g.:
 - Pressing the keys 0 F1 5 e displays camera number 5 on display (F1) number
 0, the local main display.
 - Pressing the keys 3 F2 1 displays the predefined layer number 1 on the display agent (F2) number 3.
 - Pressing the keys 1 F1 5 One displays the layer number 5 (a 2x2 layer) on display (F1) number 1 (the local secondary display).
 - Pressing the keys 0 F1 5 4 5 displays the camera number 45 on display (F1) number 0 (the local main display) in tile number 5.

For improved efficiency when assigning the virtual buttons or sequences, the software "remembers" the previously assigned location, e.g. windows or tiles.

Example

The keys 0 - F1 - 5 - have been assigned to display camera 5 on display 0 (see above). Entering next 6 - will display camera 6 on the same display.

Restrictions and special cases

- The jog dial and shuttle wheel are supported in archive mode for the Axis T8312 keyboard.
- The Videotec DCZ control unit is also supported with the following restrictions:
 - Only 32 of 38 buttons can be used.
 - Only the outer jog dial can be used in archive mode.

Keyboard shortcuts

Clie	ent configuration						×
	Client Colors Alarms Ana	lytics Warnings	Network	VoIP and SIP	Input devices	Keyboard shortcuts	
	Toggle bottom control bar	(CTRL) + 6					
~	Toggle right control bar	(CTRL) + 7					
~	Shrink/Expand overview bar	(CTRL) + 8					
~	Shrink/Expand control bar	(CTRL) + 9					
~	Toggle all control bars						
~	Fullscreen	F10					
~	Push To Talk	(CTRL) + A					
						ок	Cancel
							Cancer

Fig. 30: Client configuration - Keyboard shortcuts

Custom keyboard shortcuts can be defined for rearranging the client surface. The following functions can be configured:

- Toggle bottom control bar (default: (CTRL) + 6)
- Toggle right control bar (default: (CTRL) + 7)

- Shrink/Expand overview bar (default: (CTRL) + 8)
- Shrink/Expand control bar (default: (CTRL) + 9)
- Toggle all control bars (default: ESC)
- Full screen (default: F10)
- Push To Talk (default: (CTRL) + A)

For more shortcuts, see Shortcut keys, p. 419.

After confirming the changes, the Qognify VMS client must be restarted for the changes to take effect.

Changing the language



Fig. 31: Changing the language

The following languages are available for the user interface and the help system:

- English
- Czech
- Danish (only user interface)
- Dutch
- French
- German
- Greek (only user interface)
- Hebrew
- Italian

The user interface The function bar

- Japanese (only user interface)
- Norwegian (only user interface)
- Polish (only user interface)
- Portuguese (only user interface)
- Russian
- Romanian
- Spanish
- Swedish (only user interface)
- Turkish

Additionally, you can define the user interface with a user defined language (see "Technical_Guides_Qognify_Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf").

- 1. Select **Change language** from the **File** menu, and select the desired language. If you select **Windows default**, the operating system language is used.
- 2. Click **OK** to apply the selection, and restart the client.

Changing the password

You can change the user's password at any time, depending on the user rights.

1. Choose **Change password** from the **File** menu.

Check password			×
Enter user name and pas User name administrator	sword.		
Password			
••••			
Second password (if requ	uired)		
	ОК	Cancel	

Fig. 32: Changing the password - 1

2. Enter the password for the current user and click **OK**.

(hange password		×
	Enter your new password, and then enter it New password	again for confirmation.	
	Enter new password again		
	New second password	Second password required	
	Enter new second password again		
	ОК	Cancel	

Fig. 33: Changing the password - 2

- 3. Enter the new password.
- 4. Click **OK** to apply the password.

Changing the profile

If multiple profiles are used (user profile, group profile, etc.), you can change to a different profile. The profiles can be managed in configuration mode (see Profiles, p. 300).

Profile selection	n	×
Select the profile:		
administrator		-
	01/	
	ŬK	

Fig. 34: Changing the profile

- 1. Select **Change profile** and the desired profile.
- 2. Click **OK** to confirm. The current profile is logged off, and the selected profile is activated.

Changing the user

A different user can log on without closing the Qognify VMS client.

- 1. Select **Change user** from the **File** menu, and select the user.
- 2. Click **OK** to confirm your selection. The current user is logged out, and the new user has to log in with a user name and password (see Login, p. 69).

Alternatively, the user can also be changed via the user icon in the function bar (see Changing the user, p. 126).

Switching Qognify VMS installation

If you have installed multiple independent Qognify servers, you can connect to a different Qognify server.

- Choose Switch installation from the File menu. The login screen is displayed (see Login, p. 69).
- 2. Enter the server name or IP address and the user name and password. The current installation is terminated, and the selected installation is started.

Installation manager

The installation manager manages and defines connections to multiple installations (CoreServers). The current connection status is displayed.

Connecting to multiple installations can result in huge client and network load.

When using bandwidth optimized archive playback from multiple installations, make sure all installations are appropriately configured (see Bandwidth optimization, p. 363).



Fig. 35: Installation manager

- Autoconnect (1): Activates or deactivates the client to connect to the selected installation automatically.
- Search (2): Allows searching for available installations
- New (3): Allows adding a new installation
- Delete (4): Removes the installation from the list
- 1. To edit a connection, click on the respective installation name.
- 2. To add an installation, select New (3) and edit the connection. The new installation is not

connected automatically.

3. To connect an available installation, enable **Autoconnect** (1).

Requirements

- The server version on all servers to which a connection will be established cannot be higher (newer) than the client.
- All servers must support multi-installation login. A license must be available for Qognify multi-installation login.

Add an installation

- 1. Select Installation manager from the File menu, and select the desired servers.
- 2. If the server is not displayed, add the installation by entering the installation name, the IP address or host name, and the port number of the server.
- 3. Click Add.

Reorder installations

Installation manager					×			
	Insta	llations overviev	<i>N</i> :					
		xyz		10.0.12.120:60000	-+	-(≯	Ø	Ô
		HQ	t.	localhost:60000	-(\$-	- \$	Ø	Î

Fig. 36: Reorder installations

1. Reorder the list of installations by selecting one object and dragging it to the designated place in the list.

Disconnect and reconnect a Qognify installation

The color marker in the symbol indicates the connection state: a green dot indicates a connected system and red dot stands for disconnected.

- 1. Click **Autoconnect** (1) to connect the client to the selected server automatically when starting the client.
- 2. For manual connecting or disconnecting, click **Connect** or **Disconnect** (2).
- 3. To login to all installations with the same user name and password, select **Use local credentials for all installations**. Optionally this option can be activated on the login window (see Advanced login options, p. 73).

In this case make sure that the remote users are the same as the local credentials.

Edit Qognify installations

Changes the IP address, host name and the port number of the selected server.

- 1. Click **Edit** (3) at the Qognify installation that you want to change. The selected server is displayed at the bottom of the window.
- 2. Edit the installation name, the IP address or host name, and the port number of the server.
- 3. Click Apply.

Delete saved Qognify installations

Tidies up the list of Qognify installations most recently called by the client (see Login, p. 69).

- 1. Click **Delete** (4) at the Qognify installation that you no longer want to be available for selection.
- 2. To delete multiple installations at once, select the installations you want to delete and click **Delete selected objects**.

View

The menu view displays the following options:

- Adding a window
- Adding sequential alarm window
- Keep the aspect ratio
- Borderless display
- DisplayAgent
- Video wall dispatcher
- LPR master data editor
- Count analysis
- Access control data editor

The settings made in the View menu are stored locally and have to be made on each client and for each Windows[®] login profile individually.

Exceptions are:

- Settings for the LPR master data
- Count analysis data
- Access control data.

These data are saved on the server(s) by their corresponding services.

Adding a window

This function allows you to distribute the display of the work area to multiple connected monitors.

- 1. Choose Add window from the View menu. A second window opens.
- 2. Move the window to the connected monitor. The client saves the setting and makes it avail-

able when you log in again.

3. To use multiple connected monitors, repeat these steps.

Adding a sequential alarm window

In case of an alarm scenario, cameras that are defined as alarm cameras in an active alarm scenario (see Alarms, p. 307) are displayed in a separate alarm window. The name of the camera is displayed and the color of the image frame in the window corresponds to the color of the alarm scenario.

The camera images can be displayed either in **row mode** (one alarm per row) or in **continuous mode** (multiple alarms per row).



Fig. 37: Adding a sequential alarm window

1. Select **Add sequential alarm window** to display all alarm related cameras in a new dedicated window.

Keeping the aspect ratio

- 1. Select **Keep aspect ratio** to adapt the camera image to the layer window. The camera image may appear distorted.
- 2. Deselect Keep aspect ratio to display the camera image with the original aspect ratio.

Borderless display

1. Select **Borderless display** to hide the controls and the bars between the camera images in layers with multiple cameras. If a camera is selected, the border will be displayed.

2. Deselect **Borderless display** to hide the controls and the bars between the camera images in layers with multiple cameras.

DisplayAgent

The Qognify DisplayAgent allows you to use standard PCs and monitors to create a full-fledged remote-controlled video wall controlled by the video wall dispatcher (see Video walls, p. 342).

```
A video wall dispatcher is required to control a DisplayAgent.
```

Video wall dispatcher

The video wall dispatcher can control associated monitors dynamically. You can drag and drop camera images, layers, maps and web pages to display them on video walls, e. g. Qognify Display Agents or eyevis video walls.

LPR master data editor

In the LPR (license plate recognition) master data editor you can add and delete license plates, as well as edit related data like driver's name, tickets, history and notifications.

The license plate recognition must be configured in the Qognify VA Administration Tool prior to usage (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399) and in configuration mode (see Configuring the global OCR settings, p. 352 and Configuring the LPR module, p. 354).



Fig. 38: LPR master data editor

To manage license plates, the following options are available:

- Creating a new license plate (1), see Creating a new license plate, p. 99
- Editing a license plate (2), see Editing a license plate, p. 100
- Deleting a license plate (3), see Deleting a license plate, p. 103
- Displaying (4) and restoring (5) deleted license plates, see Displaying and restoring deleted license plates, p. 104
- Deleting a history (6), see Deleting a history, p. 104
- Deleting a license plate permanently (7), see Deleting a license plate permanently, p. 104

- Switching the view (8), see Switching the view, p. 105
- **Refreshing the view** (9), see Refreshing the view, p. 105
- Searching for a license plate (10), see Searching for a license plate, p. 105
- Exporting and importing license plates (11), see Exporting license plate master data, p. 105

License plates in the list (12) can be sorted and displayed by license plate groups.

- 1. Click the arrow beside the name of the license plate group to close it.
- 2. Click the arrow again to open the license plate group again.

Creating a new license plate

Depending on the configuration, the window for entering new data is opened automatically as soon as a license plate is recognized by the camera (see Configuring the global OCR settings, p. 352).

LPR master data				
LU CY 8000	License plate group:	Suppliers		•
LPR master data Ticket Histo	ory Email notification			
Company 🗴	YZ Company]*	
Name	Иr. Smith].	
OK Cancel				

You can start the LPR master data editor from the "View" menu.

Fig. 39: Creating a new license plate

- 1. Enter the new license plate in the text box in the upper left if it is not yet displayed.
- 2. Assign the license plate to a **license plate group**. License plate groups are created in configuration mode in the license plate groups area (see License plate groups, p. 343).
- 3. Optionally, add descriptions for the license plate. The names and number of text fields are defined in the server area in configuration mode (see Configuring the global OCR settings, p. 352).
- 4. Click **OK** to apply the settings.

Editing a license plate

- 1. Select a license plate in the list of the master data editor
- 2. Click **Edit** to change the details for the license plate.

LPR master data

LPR master data				
LU CY 8000	License plate group:	Suppliers	•	
LPR master data Ticket Histe	ory Email notification			
Company 🛛	YZ Company	*		
Name	۸r. Smith			
OK Cancel				

Fig. 40: LPR master data

- 1. Edit the license plate.
- 2. Click **OK** to apply the settings.

Ticket

Tickets define the validity time periods for certain licenses, e. g. a license plate is allowed to pass a barrier at office time only.

LPR master data	×
LU CY 8000 License plate group: Suppliers	-
LPR master data Ticket History Email notification	
Valid from:	
Donnerstag, 3. November 2016 00:00:0 🖨 👘 Activate	Always
Valid until:	Today
Donnerstag, 3. November 2016 23:59:5 🜩	Tomorrow
Volidatir	Current week
	Next week
Visualization in LDD list	Never
Visualization in LPR list:	
(none) Season ticket (not an individual ticket)	
	▶ .
OK Cancel	

Fig. 41: Ticket

- 1. Select a predefined **Validity** period for the license plate. The predefined validity periods are displayed on the left.
- 2. To enter a specific time period, click **Activate** and enter the desired time period. The status of the ticket is indicated in the LPR list by a different font color and an icon. If a period is already defined, activation is no longer enabled.
- 3. Click **OK** to apply the settings.

History

The history tab shows the initial configuration of the license plate and all subsequent changes. The width of the columns can be adjusted to improve readability.



Fig. 42: History

1. Click **OK** to close the window.

Email notification

You can send email notifications to certain recipients as soon as the vehicle with the specific license number is recognized.

LPR master data				
FT-C 444 License plate group: suppliers	•			
LPR master data Ticket History Email notification				
Recipient:				
lpr_admin@ssetec.eu				
Separate multiple recipier Message: Macros:	nts with a semicolon.			
License plate [1] was recognized [4] at [5]. [0] Imag [1] Licen [2] Grou [3] Unkn [4] Date [5] Time [6] Lane [7] Modi [10] Mas [19] Mas	e se plate p own status name ule name ter data field 1 ter data field 10			
OK Cancel				

Fig. 43: Email notification

- 1. Enter the email addresses of the recipients separated by semicolons.
- 2. Enter the text for the email body. The numbers on the right are placeholders for variables (i.e. license plate details) that are sent automatically.
- 3. Click **OK** to apply the settings.

Example

The text in the message "License plate [1] was recognized [4] at [5]." is sent as "License plate LU CY 8000 was recognized 15.04.2010 at 4:25 pm." in the email.

Deleting a license plate

License plates can be removed from the list of valid license plates.

When removed from the list, the license plates lose their validity but are not removed from the database. Therefore deleted license plates can be restored.

- 1. Select a license plate from the list of the master data editor.
- 2. Click **Delete** to remove the selected license plate from the list. The license plate is hidden.

Displaying and restoring deleted license plates

LPR master data editor				
🖡 📎 🛱 İ 🝺	1 💼 🖉 🗎	\$ Q Ø	• ر•	ن ن
License plate	Group	Email to	Driver	Model
35 IZMIR 2016	Yeni plaka grubu	lpr@seetec.de	Hasan	Renault
TT AR LES 2016	Nouveau groupe de plaqı		Pierre	Renault
🎫 В US 007 К	Nieuwe nummerplatengrc	lpr-admin@seetec.eu	Hans	MAN
B ZU 2016	Nuevo grupo de placas de		Marge	Dodge
KA BU 1234	Новая группа номерных	lpr-admin@seetec.eu	Josef	Skoda
📧 KA XY 4000	Neue Kennzeichengruppe		Max	VW
LU CY 6000	Nuevo grupo de placas de		Skoda	Smetana
LUCY6000	Nuevo grupo de placas de	lpr-admin@seetec.eu	Paul	Audi
T PRA HA 2016	Nová skupina státních po:	lpr@seetec.de	Janos	Skoda
SMO-LENSK 2016	Новая группа номерных	lpr@seetec.de	Michael	Lada

Fig. 44: Displaying and restoring deleted license plates

- 1. Click **Show deleted entries** to display the list including the deleted (i.e. hidden) license plates.
- 2. Select the deleted license plate (displayed with grayed-out text), and click **Restore**. The license plate is restored in the license plate list.

Deleting a history

If necessary, you can delete the history of a license plate (see History, p. 102).

- 1. Select the license plate whose history you wish to delete, and click Delete history.
- 2. Click **Yes** to confirm the deletion.

Deleting a license plate permanently

To remove license plate from the database permanently, they first have to be deleted (i.e. removed from the list).

License plates can only be permanently deleted by members of the administrator group (see Administrative rights and user rights, p. 31).

- 1. Select the license plate that is to be permanently deleted. To delete multiple license plates, select the license plates while pressing and holding the CTRL key.
- 2. Click **Delete permanently**, and confirm the deletion. The license plate is permanently deleted.

Switching the view

1. Click **Change view** to display license plates grouped or ungrouped.

Refreshing the view

1. Click Refresh view to display any hidden license plates in the list.

Searching for a license plate

- 1. To search for a license plate in the list, enter part of the master data set of the license plate into the search box (10). The search is started automatically, and the result is displayed in the list.
- 2. Click the X in the search box to clear the search and display unfiltered results.
- 3. When the configured maximum number of search results is exceeded, the result can be exported as a CSV file (see Exporting license plate master data, p. 105).

Exporting license plate master data

You can export the master data of selected license plates as a CSV file (a text file with values separated by semicolons) in order to analyze or prepare it for further import into databases.

- 1. Select the license plate whose master data you wish to export. To export multiple license plates, select the license plates while pressing and holding the CTRL key.
- 2. Click **Export** (11) to export the master data as a CSV file (see Data fields for export and import, p. 105).

Importing license plate master data

You can import the master data of license plates from a CSV file (a text file with values separated by semicolons).

1. Click **Import** (11) and select a CSV file with the license plate master data to be imported (see Data fields for export and import, p. 105).

Data fields for export and import

The export and import file must contain the following data fields:

```
LicencePlate;reserved;Group;...;AlwaysValid;ValidFrom;ValidTill;
Email;EmailText;ValidityName;modify
```

Field name	Value	Note		
LicensePlate		The license plate		
reserved				
Group	Text	Name of license plate group as configured (see License plate groups, p. 343) If there is no entry the group will be defined as "unknown"		
;;;;;	Text	Placeholders for user- defined master data fields (see Configuring the global OCR set- tings, p. 352)		
ValidFrom	Date-time value	Date/Time as Unix date-time-value (mil- liseconds since 1970)		
ValidTill	Date-time value	Date/Time as Unix date-time-value (mil- liseconds since 1970)		
AlwaysValid	1	"always valid" (same values in fields Val- idFrom and ValidTill		
	0	different values in fields ValidFrom and ValidTill		
ValidityName	negative value, e.g1	Always		
	positive value	ID of related time template		
Modify	0	Value change is pos- sible (see Importing license plate master data, p. 105)		

Access control data editor

If the access control software "SiPass" is installed, the access control data editor allows the editing of card holders' access data.

Card holders in the list can be sorted and displayed by license plate groups.

For information about working with the access control system, see "Technical_Guides_ Qognify_Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf" or contact support (see Support, p. 20).

- 1. Click the arrow beside the name of the card holder group to close it.
- 2. Click the arrow again to open the card holder group again.

Tools

This menu displays the following options:

- Multiple export of image data (see Multiple export of image data, p. 112)
- Write protection of recordings (see Removing write protection from recordings of multiple cameras, p. 114)
- Configure logo action (see Configuring a logo action, p. 115)
- Status report for automatic image export (see Status report for automatic image export, p. 116)
- Manual reference image comparison (see Manual reference image comparison, p. 117)

The Export Designer

The Export Designer in Qognify VMS configures the image export, i.e. adding shapes to hide specific areas of the exported images to increase privacy or defining a time range.



Creating a new export

Fig. 45: The Export designer

Defining the image or image sequence

- 1. In the Export Designer, select **Create New** from the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Select a camera from the list or search for a camera in the search box above the list.

3. Move the timeline to the desired position. The corresponding frame is displayed. Zoom in or out of the timeline using the scroll wheel of the mouse for more detail.



- 4. Click **Add sequence** (1) to set the starting point of an image sequence.
- 5. Drag the handle of the sequence delimiter to the right. This defines the time frame for the export.
- 6. To mark only a single image for the export, click **Add single image** (2) and drag the marker to the position on the timeline.

Viewing privacy masks

To determine if privacy masks are used in an image, a privacy mask can be highlighted in the preview window before exporting.

Without permission to hide privacy masks (or in offline mode), the button is deactivated and privacy masks are always shown and exported.

- 1. To highlight a privacy mask in the image, select **Mask** (3) in the **Tools** menu. All privacy masks of the current image in the preview window are displayed.
- Before exporting a file with privacy mask disabled or enabled, toggle the Mask of for a selected camera in the list on or off (for exporting, refer to Defining the export settings, p. 110).

Adding shapes

Areas of the image or image sequence can be hidden in the export to prevent information from being displayed in the export result, e.g. license plates or privacy sensitive objects.
				Cameras
				★ Shapes ✓
		Ż		25 Current shapes Lyer From 18/2840.666 18/2840.666 Shape Properties wo 1 18/2840.866
18:00 18:10		18:40 18:50		Appearance Inverted Blur background
				Background opacity
AXIS P1311	04.02.2022 18:28:40.868			Border color
1 AXIS P1311 2 AXIS P1311	Camera	From To Se 18:28:42.161 18:36:44.209 8 18:28:40.868 18:38:16.880 9	juence m 2s n 36s	Border thickness
				Export settings
				Start export Save configured export
				No exports queued

Fig. 46: Adding shapes in the Export designer

- 1. To add a shape, open **Shapes** in the toolbar on the right and select a shape. The selected shape is placed in the top left corner.
- 2. Drag the shape onto the image or sequence and resize.
- 3. Define the background color and transparency as well as the border color and transparency.
- 4. Move the shape icon on the timeline to define the object to be masked within the time range.
- 5. To delete a shape from the image, select **Delete** next to the shape in the list of "Current shapes".
- 6. To delete a keyframe, select **Delete keyframe** next to the keyframe in the list of "Keyframes".

Adding a mask with "Click2Mask"

To confirm with privacy protection, persons in a scene can be masked automatically before exporting. This feature is called "Click2Mask".

To use "Click2Mask", the BVI server module must be installed. This feature requires 64bit mode and cannot be used with the package Qognify VMS S50.

- 1. To add a mask, select a camera and add an image sequence.
- 2. Open **Shapes** in the toolbar on the right and select **Analyze** 2. Qognify VMS analyzes the sequence for a person. The resulting sequence is displayed in the section "Keyframes".
- 3. If necessary, adjust the shape.

Defining the export settings

1. To define the export settings such as a password protection, open **Export settings** in the toolbar on the right.

Export settings
Additional information
Add camera time
Protect exported file
Enable protection
Domain default password
 User specific password
••••
Export file name
C:\Users\annika.berger.SEETECDE\Videos
\Export.qex

- 2. Enable the display of the camera time as additional information in the image.
- 3. Enable the password protection if required, and set either a domain default password or a user specific password.
- 4. Click the folder icon and select the export location of the file.
- 5. To add a variable to the export file name, click **(x)** and select the variable. You can insert variables that will be included in the file name at the time of export, such as:
 - Insert a variable for camera name: The name of the selected camera is included in the exported file name.
 - Insert a variable for export time: The time of the export is automatically included in the file name and can be defined by a timestamp, the date, day, time, etc.
 - GUID: The global unique identifier of the file is included in the file name.
- 6. Save the export settings.
- 7. Select Start export.
- 8. Open the Export Manager to open the exported file.

Resuming the image export



Resuming the export

Exports are queued in the export designer. The export settings can be restored in case of failure. The settings file that has previously been configured in the export designer is reloaded into the export queue.

- 1. In the Export Designer, select **Resume** from the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Optionally, reconfigure the export settings.
- 3. Start the export.
- 4. Open the Export Manager to open or delete the exported file.

Loading any file for export

Any setting that has been configured and saved can be loaded into the export designer without the need to reconfigure. The setting will replace the current configuration in the queue.

- 1. In the Export Designer, select **Load** from the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Optionally, reconfigure the export settings.
- 3. Start the export.

Deleting a marker

1. To delete a marker from the file, select the **Delete** icon in the item's row.

Sharing a camera

Apart from a user with administrative rights, any user can share a camera if the user rights are set (see Managing user rights, p. 293).

If a sharing or receiving party is deleted or deactivated, or loses the sharing or live view rights while sharing cameras, the sharing is stopped.

Sh	are selec	tor					×
					0-1		
		Search			Select all	Delete selection	
		Users / Groups	Types				
		User	User				
	\checkmark	admin2	User				
		Janitor	User				
		Jan	User				
				ОК		Cancel	
							1

Fig. 47: Sharing a camera

The user interface The function bar

Start sharing a camera

- 1. Activate the camera.
- 2. Select Share manager from the Tools menu.
- 3. Select Start sharing.
- 4. Select the user or group.
- 5. Click **OK** to confirm.

Stop sharing a camera

- 1. Select **Share manager** from the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Select Stop sharing.

Multiple export of image data

When exporting video recordings, the exported data are saved in encrypted form and can then be played back on a computer without a Qognify installation with the Qognify viewer. The **Qognify viewer** is found in the export directory.

The setup files for the **Qognify Viewer** and the burning tool for burning the exported video material onto a storage medium can also be found in the folder "Tools" of the Qognify installation (see Anywhere Viewer, p. 421).

Export						×
f Search	Settings					
🔺 🖩 🏠 Company	From:	8/15/2021 12:00:00 AM	6	Export standard re	ecordings	
🔲 🔉 AXIS P1311		8/16/2021 12:00:00 AM	6	🗹 Export alarm reco	rdings	
🔲 👧 Axis Smart	Export type:	Export to the client	-	Include privacy m	ask	
Axis	Location:			Use default passw	vord	
AXIS M1114				Password:		
🔜 👧 Kamera				Confirm password		
				Create subfolders	for user, camera name and ti	ime of export
				Use bandwidth lin	nít	
				Bandwidth limit:		kbps
				Split export into n	nultiple folders	
				Folder size:		
				Maximum size:		MB per package
				Export	Export & Close	Close

Fig. 48: Multiple export of image data

- 1. Select **Multiple export of image data** from the **Tools** menu.
- 2. To open or close the list, click 詞.
- 3. Select or deselect either all of the installed cameras or specific cameras.
- 4. If necessary, search the camera by entering the name in the search field above the camera tree.

5. Enable the required parameters for export.

Information such as pre- and post-alarm duration, hardware and software status, and the name of the VA module are exported automatically.

- Export standard recordings
- Export alarm recordings
- Including privacy mask settings: the feature is enabled by default if the selected camera displays a privacy mask, otherwise it is disabled
- Using a default password for protecting the exported data
- Creating subfolders for users, camera name, and date and time of export
- Bandwidth limit definitions when exporting in a narrow-bandwidth environment
- Splitting of the exported files into multiple folders with a user-defined folder size
- 6. Specify whether the image data is to be exported to the server or the client by either selecting **Export to server** or **Export to client**.

Exporting image data to the server

- 1. Specify whether only standard recordings are to be exported or whether alarm recordings are to be exported as well.
- 2. Specify the time period for the image data to be exported.
- 3. To secure the exported image data using the default password, select **Use default password**.
- 4. If you want to use your own **password** instead of the default password, enter this password and repeat it. Optionally, use the default password. The default password is set in configuration mode in the DeviceManager (DM) section (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223).
- 5. Click **Select** and specify the **location** of the exported image data.

If the selected cameras are connected with multiple DeviceManagers, make sure that the export path is accessible by each related DeviceManager.

- 6. To store the exported image data in separate folders by user, camera name and time of export, select **Create subfolders for user, camera name and time of export**.
- 7. To carry out the export at a specific time, select **Select time for export**, and then specify a date and time for the export.
- 8. To split the exported files for storage on multiple data carriers such as CD-ROMs or DVDs, select **Split export into multiple folders**.

The minimum size of the file is 100 MB.

- 9. Select the desired **folder size** according to the export medium (e.g. CD, DVD, Blue-ray disc).
- 10. Specify the **maximum size** of the image file.
- 11. To carry out the export immediately, click Export.

During the export process, the Qognify viewer installation file and a program for burning to CD / DVD (Totally Free Burner) are copied to the export folder as well. This allows the files to be run on a computer without a Qognify installation with only the Qognify viewer installed. The Qognify viewer will import the files and display them as separate time intervals.

Exporting image data to the client

- 1. Make sure that a temporary folder for image data export to the client is configured and available (see Video backup, p. 350).
- 2. Specify if only standard recordings are to be exported or if alarm recordings are to be exported as well.
- 3. Specify the time period for the image data to be exported.
- 4. To secure the exported image data using the default password, select **Use default password**.
- If you want to use your own **password** instead of the default password, enter this password and repeat it. The default password is set in configuration mode in the DeviceManager (DM) section (see Video backup, p. 350).
- 6. Click **Select**, and specify the **storage location** of the exported image data. If you know the folder path, you can also enter it in the text box directly.
- 7. To store the exported image data in separate folders by user, camera name and time of export, select **Create subfolders for user, camera name and time of export**.
- 8. If the image data is to be exported to a client that has only a low-bandwidth connection, select **Use bandwidth limit** and specify the bandwidth limit.
- 9. To store the exported image data in folders of approximately the same size as the expected file size, select **Split export into multiple folders** and specify the **folder size** and **max-imum size** of the image file. Image data that exceeds the specified size is split into multiple files so that they can be stored on data carriers such as CD-ROMs or DVDs.
- 10. To carry out the export immediately, click **Export**.

During the export process, the Qognify viewer installation file and a program for burning to CD/DVD (e.g. Totally Free Burner) are copied to the export folder as well. This allows the files to be run on a computer without a Qognify installation with the Qognify viewer. The Qognify viewer will import the files and display them as separate time intervals.

Viewing exported files

1. For viewing the exported files, start the "VMS_PortableViewer". The Viewer allows opening an viewing the exported files without modification and without installation of Qognify Qognify VMS.

Removing write protection from recordings of multiple cam-

eras

The write protection of recorded image data can be deleted (see Write protection, p. 163).

Protection			×
Request read-only recordings from the	he following cameras:		
Select/deselect all			
AXIS 221			
AXIS P1311 Multi			
AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d			
P1357 analytics personen			
🔲 kam M			
Motion Detection Cam 1			
Start query			
The following read-only recordings e	xist:		
The following read-only recordings e	xist: Start	End	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM C	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM C	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM Ъ	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM Ъ	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM C	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM Ъ	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d Remove write protection	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM ↓	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	
The following read-only recordings e Camera AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d Remove write protection	xist: Start 11/3/2016 7:05:43 AM ▷	End 11/3/2016 7:25:44 AM	Close

Fig. 49: Removing write protection from recordings of multiple cameras

- 1. Choose Write protection of recordings from the Tools menu.
- 2. Select the cameras to be checked to ascertain whether there is a write-protected recording area.
- 3. Click **Start query** to display any write-protected recordings of the selected cameras.
- 4. Select the areas in which write protection is to be removed from recordings.
- 5. Click Remove write protection.
- 6. Close the window.

Configuring a logo action

Logo action allows you to specify which layer is to be displayed when you click the Qognify logo at the top of the screen.

The user interface The function bar

Select laye	r			×
Select a layer	to be connected	when the logo is clicked:		
	1		-	
	1			
	1+3			
	🚺 ud			

Fig. 50: Configuring a logo action

- 1. Select **Configure logo action** from the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Select the defined layers from the drop-down list. The layers are saved in the configuration menu (see Layers, p. 323).
- 3. Click **OK** to confirm.

Status report for automatic image export

This menu item is only available after entering Configuration mode, p. 177.

The status report for automatic image export displays problems that have occurred during automatic image data export.

If any problems have occurred during the export of image data, the failed exports can be restarted or deleted from list.

Auto	mated export							×
Query	the status of the follow	wing DeviceManagers:						
🖌 Se	lect/deselect all							
🔽 D	eviceManager001							
	Start query							
The fo	bllowing problems occu	rred in automatic image	data export:					
	Start of export	Camera	Location		Date of the image (Details		
							_	
Action	n for selected exports:	Export again	•	Apply				
							Clo	se

Fig. 51: Status report for automatic image export

The status report for automatic image export displays the list of failed automatic exports.

- 1. Select the DeviceManagers to be included in the query for failed automatic exports.
- 2. Click **Start query**. The errors and problems that have occurred on the selected DeviceManager are displayed.
- 3. Select one or more items in the list and select an **action for the selected exports**.
- 4. Export again. The selected image data export will be exported again.
- 5. Remove from list. The selected items will be removed from the result list.
- 6. Click **Apply** to perform the selected action.
- 7. Click Close.

Manual reference image comparison

To create reference camera images and compare camera images, the user must have the rights to see live images in surveillance mode (see Administrative rights and user rights, p. 31).



Fig. 52: Manual reference image comparison

The manual reference image comparison helps detect changes in the static object.

Mobotix cameras are only supported for Motion JPEG. Reference Image comparison does not work on images from fish-eye cameras.

1. Select a camera from the list and click **Create reference image**. The current camera image will be used as reference image. The current view displays the actual live image of the camera or an archived image.

- 2. To delete a reference image, select the camera from the list and click **Delete reference image**.
- 3. Select the camera and check both images for changes.
- 4. Click **Deviations** (2) to reject and mark the images as not identical. The red icon (7) is displayed behind the camera name.
- 5. Click **Congruence** (4) to accept mark the images as identical. The green icon (6) is displayed behind the camera name.
- 6. If the changes are difficult to see, select **Show differences only**. The changes detected by the image processing software will be displayed as highlighted areas in the current view. If no changes are detected, the current view turns black.
- 7. Deselect **Show differences only** to return to the actual camera image.
- 8. Select **Activate computerized support** to display a threshold scale. Move the pointer on the scale to change the threshold values. This changes the threshold values of the current image and helps discern possible changes in the image.
- 9. Select **Live mode** or **Archive mode**. When Archive mode is selected, the reference image can be compared to a recorded image.
- 10. Click **Calendar** (5) and select a date and time of the archived image.
- 11. To print a report of the results, click **Print** (3). Also see Printing the reference image comparison report, p. 118.

Print report	×					
✓ Show difference images						
✓ Show difference as percent						
✓ Show rejected cameras only						
User name:						
Mr. X						
Comment:						
Gate not closed						
Cancel Print report						

Printing the reference image comparison report

Fig. 53: Printing the reference image comparison report

- 1. In the print report dialog, select **Show difference images** to print the current views with the differences highlighted.
- 2. Select **Show difference as percent** to print the percentage of the detected differences within each image.
- 3. Select Show rejected cameras only to print the report without the accepted cameras.

- 4. Enter the **User name** and add a **Comment**, if necessary.
- 5. Click Print report.

Info

The menu **Info** displays information about the system and both procedures to obtain a license for Qognify VMS 7.1. The installation must be activated within 30 days. This requires sending an automatically generated activation key, the product ID, to Qognify.

This menu displays the following options:

- Activating the software
- Showing information about the software

Activate the Qognify VMS license online

The product is activated online to personalize a license or download a license file.

Online activation requires a connection to the internet.

Personalize a license

I	icense activation: HQ		×	
	• Persor	nalize license	Download license	
	INR		132465	
	Name		Mr. Smith	
	Email		smith@smith.qq	
	Phone		001-123 456	
	Address 1		Runa way 12	
	Address 2			
	Postal code		12345	
	City		Berlin	
	Country		Germany -	
		OK	Cancel	

Fig. 54: Personalize a license

- 1. In the Info menu, select Activate product.
- 2. Select Online.
- 3. Select **Personalize license** if you want to register it with your user data, and the license has not yet been registered.

- 4. Enter your installation number (INR) and user details.
- 5. Click **OK** to confirm your entries. The client connects to the Qognify registration server and transfers the license key to the computer.

Download a license

You can download a new license file if an update has been carried out and the license is required again.

l	icense activation: HQ			×
	Persoi	nalize license	O Download licens	e
	INR		132465	
		OK	Cancel	

Fig. 55: Download a license

- 1. Select **Download license**.
- 2. Enter your installation number (INR).
- 3. Click **OK** to confirm your entries. The client connects to the Qognify registration server and transfers the license key to the computer.

If the product ID has changed (e.g. due to changes to the server hardware), contact the Qognify support (see Support, p. 20).

Activate the product offline

If the client has no internet access, activate the client by first applying for a license via email. After receiving the license file per email, it has to be imported.

Applying for a license

Activate Product Offline							
	Product ID	Import license file					
	Copy the following text string to the clipboard, or save it in a file. Enter the text string and your INR at the website linked below. A new license is then sent to the stored email address. https://www.seetec-video.com/en/service/support/licensing/						
	\$00055CDA794EC0BA45FF0AA1963DFE9D000AFD9CAA6273265FFE59B 22F7AF18601A1A9BEF2428036C124593B73524A40020062674B6E330E B7A80090EE5D1DC303B1599319237EEFAE14BC818D2363ED0FA7F977E 42E3868C52735B7C33C504F\$						
		Close Copy					

Fig. 56: Applying for a license

- 1. In the Info menu, select Activate Product.
- 2. Select Offline.
- 3. Select the tab **Product ID**. The software creates a unique product ID.
- 4. Click **Copy** to copy the displayed product ID to the clipboard.
- 5. Open the Qognify website and navigate to "Support" and "Licensing".
- 6. Select "New license code".
- 7. Enter your product ID and the other information requested there. You will receive the license file by email.

Importing a license file

Activate P	roduct C	Offline					×
Product	D Import	license file					
Select the license file (Seetec.key) that you want to import.							
X	X\Users\smith\Downloads\SeeTec.zip				Se	lect	
		Import		Cancel			

Fig. 57: Importing a license file

The user interface The function bar

- 1. In the Info menu, select Activate Product.
- 2. Select Offline.
- 3. Select the tab Import license file.
- 4. Click **Select** and navigate to the storage location of the license file.
- 5. Select the license file. Upon import, the zipped file will be decompressed automatically.
- 6. Click **Import** to use the license key.

Show license

A test license will be installed during installation and is valid for 30 days. A demo license is valid until the displayed date. If no valid license is available, login is not possible. For further questions, contact the Qognify support (see Support, p. 20).

- 1. In the Info menu, select Show information.
- 2. Select **Show license**. Information on the license is displayed in three tabs.
- 3. Select tab **Overview** to see general information of the product, e.g. the INR (Installation Number), SMA (Software Maintenance Agreement), the validity period of the license (if it is a demo license).

License	×
Overview Features Modules	
Installation number:	
Manufacturer:	SeeTec GmbH
Date:	Wednesday, August 8, 2018
Licensee:	Demo
Software Maintenance Agreement:	No
Expiration date:	Tuesday, January 8, 2019
BVI Server:	BVI Server Unlimited

Fig. 58: Show license - overview

4. Select Features to see the features activated by the installed license file.

License	×
Overview Features Modules	
Active Directory support:	Yes
Maps:	Yes
Extended alarm scenarios:	Yes
Failover recording:	Yes
Multilevel administration:	Yes
Display agent:	Yes
SDK:	Yes
Motion scrambling:	Yes
Multi installation login:	Yes
VoIP support:	Yes
Server-based motion detection:	Yes
Server-based tampering and automatic reference image comp	arison: Yes
Intrusion detection integration:	Yes
Access control systems:	Yes
OPC:	Yes
Sistore VssSDK	No
Intercom integration:	Yes
Connection to large-screen systems:	Yes
Edge Storage:	Yes
DVR	No
Sequential alarm window	Yes
Bandwidth optimized playback	Yes
BVI Interface Module	Yes
BVI ParcelTracking Navigation	Yes
BVI Dynamic Navigation	Yes
OK	

Fig. 59: Show license - features

5. Select **Modules** to see how many modules like cameras (devices), servers, analytics channels etc. are activated by the installed license file.

License	×
Overview Features Modules	
Maximum no. of concurrent users:	999999
Maximum no. of camera channels:	999
Maximum no. of I/O devices:	999999
Maximum no. of recording servers:	999999
Maximum no. of lanes:	999
Maximum no. of Analytics Basic channels:	999
Maximum no. of Analytics Premium channels:	999
Maximum no. of Analytics Enterprise channels:	999
Maximum no. of Analytics Server 3D channels:	999
Maximum no. of counting suite channels:	999
Maximum no. of analytics interface channels:	999
Maximum no. of BVI Connectors:	5994
Maximum no. of BVI Dashboards:	999
Maximum no. of BVI visualization modules:	999

Fig. 60: Show license - modules

Show program information

Program information		×
Program		
Version:	Cayuga R13 Beta (6.13.0)	
Date:	Friday, November 16, 2018	
Operating system:	64 bit	
Process:	64 bit	
User		
User name:	administrator	
Profile:	administrator	
Administrator:	Yes	
Password validity:	Friday, November 16, 2018	
System		
Installation number:	0	
Server:	localhost:60000 (6.13.1)	
License information		
You can find full information about filense information subdirectory of	third party software licenses in th the installation folder.	e
	ЭК	

Fig. 61: Show program information

1. Select **Show program information** from the **Info** menu. The information on items such as the program version, current user and profile and also validity of password is displayed.

Show system information

System info	rmation			×
System Info:				I
2	1 0"	C 0" -+		
<:xmi version=	1.0 encoding= 01	r-o standalone= y	es :>	
 License> 				
<licenseinio></licenseinio>		· //		
< Manutacu				
< Version 22				
<ink>U<td>NK2 hmat Dama / Endli</td><td>Innellanas</td><td></td><td></td></ink>	NK2 hmat Dama / Endli	Innellanas		
< EndUserN	ame>Demo <td>EndligerCountry</td> <td></td> <td></td>	EndligerCountry		
< Enduseru	ounuy>Germany </td <td>EndoserCountry></td> <td>-1D</td> <td></td>	EndoserCountry>	-1 D	
< ProductPa	ckage>SeeTec Cay	uga Infinity <td>ctPackage></td> <td></td>	ctPackage>	
< OptionsPa	ckage>seerec Cay	uga Infinity X <td>ionsPackage</td> <td>></td>	ionsPackage	>
< BVIServer	PBVI Server Uniimit	ea	-4-5	
< Deneration	ND4te>1409J05099	-1d>	ale>	
< Producud	Piocainost <td>100 < /E</td> <td></td> <td></td>	100 < /E		
< Expiration	Date > 1497 2029999	99 <td></td> <td></td>		
	~~/AD>			
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< Neduno	antivecording>true	redundantikecor</td <td>aing></td> <td></td>	aing>	
< Mulliev	Agants trug < /Displa	rue <td>ninistration></td> <td></td>	ninistration>	
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<sdk201< td=""><td>ues/SDK2 ScramblingStrugz/</td><td>MotionScrambling</td><td></td><td></td></sdk201<>	ues/SDK2 ScramblingStrugz/	MotionScrambling		
<nultiter< td=""><td>scialition or structures</td><td>MotionSciambility/</td><td>Login</td><td></td></nultiter<>	scialition or structures	MotionSciambility/	Login	
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		eway>uue <td>leulaApplicat</td> <td></td>	leulaApplicat	
<storage< td=""><td>OnTheEdge>true/</td><td>/StorageOnTheEdg</td><td></td><td></td></storage<>	OnTheEdge>true/	/StorageOnTheEdg		
<motion< td=""><td>Detection Strues /M</td><td>lotionDetection></td><td></td><td></td></motion<>	Detection Strues /M	lotionDetection>		
	ontrol Strug / Acce	ccControl>		
< ALLESS	nstrue / Intercom	sscondorz		
	rtyMonitorWall>tru		tor/Malls	
< Remote	Client>true <td>teClient></td> <td></td> <td></td>	teClient>		
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< Dusines	supplicationation		ppication	
	Сору	Cancel		

Fig. 62: Show system information

- 1. Choose **Show system information** from the **Info** menu. The information on items such as the Core Service Main, the numbers of activated DeviceManagers, video sources (cameras) is shown.
- 2. Click **Copy** to copy the system information to the clipboard. You can paste the data from the clipboard to your email program to send it to support (see Support, p. 20).

Help

The help menu displays the following options:

- Online help
- Start problem recording
- Display help icons

Online help

Starts the help system on the starting page. In addition, there are also links for accessing specific topics directly from the various controls and dialog boxes. The system automatically checks for current versions of the online help system. The user is notified if the installed version is not up-to-date.

When starting the help system for the first time, you may be prompted by the browser to activate ActiveX or allow JavaScript. The help system will not function properly, if those services are blocked.

Start problem recording

If problems occur during operation, you can use the "Start problem recording" function to record, comment on and save them. The "Problem Steps Recorder" is part of the operating system.

- 1. Select Start problem recording from the Help menu.
- 2. Select Start recording and carry out the steps that led to the problem.
- 3. As soon as you have carried out these steps, stop recording.
- 4. If you want to add a comment to the recording, click **Add comment** (e.g. the time, behavior of the client and devices, etc.).
- 5. Specify where the file is stored.

Display Help icons

- 1. The help icons are small gray circles with question marks in the program components that lead directly to the applicable section of the Online help system.
- 2. Choose **Display Help icons** from the **Help** menu. The function is activated (check mark) or disabled (no check mark).

Changing the user

The user interface displays the current user in the function bar.



Fig. 63: Changing the user

- 1. Click the user icon in the function bar.
- 2. Click **Change user** to log on to the server as another user. Alternatively, change the user via the "File" menu (see Changing the user, p. 93).
- 3. Click **Log out** to log out the current user from the server.

The mode bar



Fig. 64: The mode bar

The mode bar allows you to switch between display modes.

- Surveillance mode (1). After login, the system starts up in surveillance mode (see Surveillance mode, p. 131). The number of alarms and system events that have occurred are indicated by a number in the icon. Additionally, the number of alarms and system events are indicated by a number in their respective tab in the alarm list (see Alarm list and system messages, p. 152).
- Archive mode (2): Archive mode manages and displays recorded image data and search for alarm events (see Archive mode, p. 157). The number of export operations that have occurred is indicated by a number in the Archive icon.
- Report mode (3). Report mode displays a list of the events that have occurred (see Report mode, p. 173).
- Configuration mode (4). Configuration mode manages and configures the video sources, users and locations (see Configuration mode, p. 177).
- LPR mode (5). LPR mode is used for license plate recognition in the image data of the corresponding cameras (see LPR mode, p. 379).

The control bar

The control bar contains the tabs required, depending on the mode, for controlling the display or for configuration. You will find descriptions of the tabs in the sections describing each mode. Tabs cannot be moved. They remain anchored in position on the control bar.



Fig. 65: The control bar

Displaying items in tree view

1. Click the triangle (1) on the left side of the upper item in the tab to display or hide the items beneath.

Opening the context sensitive help

1. Click **Help** (2) to open the online help in the default web browser. The web browser can be selected in the client configuration (see Client, p. 79). The online help can also be started from the help menu (see Help, p. 125).

Pinning the control bar

By default the control bar is always visible (pinned). An auto hide option is available.

- 1. Select the pin (3) to activate the auto hide function. In this state the control bar minimizes automatically to the right when the cursor moves away from the control bar. As soon as the cursor moves over the minimized control bar it appears automatically.
- 2. Select the pin (3) again to deactivate the auto hide function. In this state the control bar is always visible (default).

Minimizing and maximizing a control

- 1. Click the double triangle (4) to minimize a control to the top of the control bar.
- 2. Click the double triangle (4) to maximize a control.

Minimizing and maximizing the control bar

- 1. Click the gray triangle (5) in the upper-right corner of a control to minimize the control bar to the right. The size of the main window increases.
- 2. Click a gray triangle (5) on the minimized control bar to maximize the control bar.

Search

Qognify VMS provides mode-specific search and query functions:

Searching in surveillance mode (see Searching in surveillance mode, p. 155)

Searching for items in the control bar is also available in Archive mode and LPR mode.

- Searching for alarms in archive mode (see Searching for alarms, p. 164)
- Searching (query) in report mode (see Filtering the query, p. 174)
- Searching in configuration mode (see Searching in configuration mode, p. 184)
- Searching (query) in LPR mode (see LPR mode, p. 379)

7

Surveillance mode

Surveillance mode allows live images, web sites, maps, layers, alarms and patrols to be displayed and PTZ cameras and other peripherals, such as door openers, that are to be controlled (see The user interface, p. 75).

1. To change to Surveillance mode, click **Surveillance mode** on the mode bar.

Camera operation

You can handle the functions of the camera using the control bar (see Camera image controller, p. 138) or using the **Control** (see Control, p. 145).

To operate a camera, select the camera in the work area.

You can recognize a standard recording by a green dot below the lower right edge of the camera image in surveillance mode. You can recognize an alarm recording by a red dot below the lower right edge of the camera image.

If there is no recording, a black square instead a red or green dot is displayed.

Tabs

The tabs allow you to open and close the layers (see Work area, p. 132).

Control bar

The control bar allows you to perform the following actions:

- Move the selected PTZ cameras and change the image detail (see PTZ control, p. 146)
- Perform actions using buttons (see Buttons, p. 148)
- Carry out patrols (see Patrol, p. 149)
- Use the optionally installed communication options (camera and audio) (see Audio, p. 150).
- Call dispatcher mode (if installed, see Video wall dispatcher, p. 98). The dispatcher mode is switched on and off via the View menu.
- Select the cameras created for each location (see Overview, p. 145)
- Search for specific installed cameras

Work area

The work area is the main window for displaying tiles with items such as camera images or maps (see The user interface, p. 75). The work area displays up to 64 tiles at the same time. The tiles can be arranged in different ways:

- Evenly as a grid
- With a main layer and smaller layers (e.g. "layer with focus tile")

Alarm notification ("Toast notification")



Fig. 66: Alarm notification ("Toast notification")

Depending on the setting, alarms and system messages are displayed as they occur in a separate message window (alarm notification) at the bottom of the screen. For further information, see the Alarm messages, p. 153.

Creating layers

Layers can be set in the layer area in configuration mode (see Layers, p. 323). Temporary layers, which are only available for the user and are not saved, can optionally be combined.

In some layers, the available objects such as cameras or maps can be assigned to any tile in the work area.

1. Drag the desired layer from the **Overview** control to the work area. To configure the layers, see Layers, p. 323.

Optionally, click **Layer menu** on the function bar (see The function bar, p. 77) and select **Add layer**. You can select the desired number of tiles or create a user-defined layer. Or select **Load local layer** to load a previous saved user defined layer. The selected layer is displayed right to the layer menu icon in the tab selector.

- 2. Click the cross on the tab to close this layer.
- 3. Drag the selected object to the desired tile in the work area. To move an object in the work area, drag it to the tile in which it is to be displayed. If there is an object there already, it is moved to the previous tile of the moved object.
- 4. Select **Open layer in secondary window** to display the new layer on a second screen (see View, p. 96).
- 5. Select **automatic layer switching** and the desired **interval** to switch automatically between the opened layers after a certain interval.

Automatic layer switching is stopped in the event of an alarm scenario and automatically resumed after an alarm.

Setting the viewing mode on multiple windows

The viewing mode feature is available when using multiple client window to keep the windows in different states. If multiple displays are connected to the client, client windows can be distributed to them. The viewing mode of each window can be set separately, so displays can remain in surveillance mode even if the main display is switched to another mode (e.g. archive mode or configuration mode).



Fig. 67: Viewing mode icon "Keep window in surveillance mode"

- 1. Switch to surveillance or archive mode and drag the required camera view onto the secondary window. The drag & drop feature works between surveillance and archive mode and vice versa.
- 2. On the secondary window, select **Keep window in surveillance mode**. The camera view on the secondary window will remain in surveillance mode with live image even if the primary window is switched to another mode.
- 3. To remove the viewing mode on the secondary display, select the monitor icon again.
- 4. When clicking on the monitor icon on the secondary window **after** switching the viewing mode on the primary window, the last live image view will be restored on the secondary window.

Sequential alarm window

The settings for the sequential alarm window are defined in the View menu (see Adding a sequential alarm window, p. 97).



Fig. 68: Sequential alarm window

- 1. To switch to the sequential mode, click (1). The alarms will be displayed in a single row. If the number of alarm cameras exceeds the number of columns defined, the remaining alarm cameras will be ignored.
- 2. To switch to continuous mode, click (2). If the number of alarm cameras exceeds the number of columns defined, the additional cameras will be added in the row below.

Click-2-Track

A person or object that moves across different camera views can be followed even without specifying the camera name of the following view. Instead, the person or object path is defined in surveillance mode by activating the area covered by the adjacent camera.

This feature is configured in Click-2-Track, p. 233. It is also available in archive mode (see Click-2-Track, p. 160) and can be invoked with the mini archive player (see Mini archive player, p. 140).

This feature requires an appropriate license and is not included in the standard package.



Fig. 69: Click-2-Track in surveillance mode

- 1. To start Click-2-Track, select the tile and click on the camera options.
- 2. Select Activate.
- 3. Select the region on the image where the person or object moves to. The linked camera image is displayed in the preview inset.
- 4. To bring the image in the inset into the tile, click on the preview. Click-2-Track remains activated.

History



Once multiple camera regions have been visited, the history buttons are active. They are used to navigate forward and backward through the history of this tile, since each tile has a separate history.

When using the Click-2-Track history in surveillance mode, the tile is switched to mini archive player.

Preview cameras shown while in mini archive mode display the same time as the mini archive player.

Custom layers

When working in surveillance mode, custom layers can be added and stored locally. Unlike layers configured in the configuration mode (see Layers, p. 323), the custom layers can be defined and deleted by the user.



Fig. 70: Custom layers

1. Select the **Layer** in the top bar of the surveillance mode bar.

Opening and closing a layer directly in a custom layer



- 1. Double click on a window to enlarge the layer.
- 2. Double-click on an enlarged layer to reduce its size to the preset state.

Adding a layer

- 1. Click **Add layer** and select the required arrangement of the layer fields or select a userdefined arrangement of rows and columns. The new layer is displayed.
- 2. Drag the camera views from the control bar into the fields and click **Save layer as local layer** to save the new layer view for the current user on the client.

Expanding a layer

- 1. Click **Add layer** and select the required arrangement of the layer fields or select a userdefined arrangement of rows and columns. The new layer is displayed.
- 2. Click **Edit layer** and select any optional layout the provides additional tiles (unavailable tiles are disabled). The current layer tab is set to the new layout.

Opening a layer in the secondary window

1. Click **Open layer in secondary window** to move the new layer to a secondary window if a second display is available.

Changing a layer automatically

1. Click **Automatic Layer change** and select a time interval after which the next open layer is displayed.

Loading a local layer

1. To open an existing layer, click **Load local layer** and select the layer.

Deleting local layers

1. To delete a locally saved layer, click **Delete local layers**.



2. Select the layer(s) to be deleted and click **Delete layers**.

Closing layers

- 1. To close a single layer, click **Close layer**.
- 2. To close all open layers, click **Close all layers**. Unsaved layers will close without further notice.

Camera image controller

You work with the images of the connected and configured cameras directly in the camera layer in the work area.

These functions refer only to the control options offered by Qognify VMS.

Camera image control icons



PTZ cameras are operated using the Control, p. 145.

Fig. 71: Camera image control icons

- Zoom (1). Enlarges the image detail with the help of the digital or optical zoom function.
 The image detail is enlarged or reduced in size using the scroll wheel on the mouse.
 - You can move the zoomed image by holding down the middle mouse button.
 - Optionally, when drawing a rectangle in the image while pressing the left mouse button, the enclosed area will be zoomed into.
 - PTZ cameras can be operated using the controller or a connected joystick. For some PTZ cameras, zooming into a defined rectangular area in an image by optical zoom is enabled.

Optical zoom is only possible if supported by the camera model.

- PTZ (2). Moves the image detail in the layer. The image detail can be changed by clicking and moving the mouse pointer in the image (see Camera image controller, p. 138). PTZ cameras can be operated using the controller or a connected joystick.
- Layer options (3). Shows additional options:
 - Tracking data: Displays the specified rules and detected for this camera (e.g. tripwires) in the view. For configuration see Qognify Analytics, p. 266
 - Display statistics: Displays statistical data on the image stream between the camera and the DeviceManager server and between the DeviceManager server and the client (see Camera image statistics, p. 142).
 - Activate privacy masking: Activates or disables privacy masking. The settings for the camera are made in configuration mode in the Cameras area (see Cameras, p. 195).
 - **Deselect**: Deselects the selected camera.
 - Rotate Image (180°). Displays the camera image rotated by 180° rotation when the original camera image is displayed upside-down.
 - **Open in new tab**: Displays the camera in a separate layer.
 - Open in side window: Displays the camera in a separate layer in the first secondary window.
 - Close: Closes the active layer

- Mini Archive mode (4). Shows the recordings of the selected interval (see Mini archive player, p. 140).
 - The interval can be between 5 and 60 seconds and is displayed or selected by clicking the icon.
 - When selecting **Jump to time** you can easily jump to a certain time point of the recording.
- Audio mode (5). Controls the cameras' audio feature (volume / mute / permanent on)
- Export (6). Exports the current still image (video frame) as a JPEG file or prints the still image displayed.
- **Tile on 1x1 layer** (7). Enlarges the tile so that it fills the full screen of the work area. This option is only available when the tile is not in full screen display.
- **Camera lock** (8): Locks the camera for the user. Clicking the icon again releases the camera for other users. The camera lock function must be enabled in the Users settings in configuration mode (see Users, p. 290).
- **REC** (9). Starts and stops manual recording. A red button on the right indicates if an alarm recording has started.
- Recording status (10): Indicates the recording behavior for the camera. A green dot stands for standard recording (see Multimedia database, p. 208), a red dot stands for alarm recording (see Multimedia database, p. 208). Just the black background stands for no recording.
- Positions (11). Indicates the preset positions of the selected camera. The camera positions are set in configuration mode in the Cameras area (see Camera positions / digital presets, p. 220). To control the set positions, see Control, p. 145.

Mini archive player

The mini archive player allows control of the playback from a selected camera. More extensive archive functions are available in archive mode (see Archive mode, p. 157).



Fig. 72: Mini archive player

The mini archive player provides the following functions:

- **Fast rewind** (1): Click once to play the recording backwards at double speed. Click twice for four times the speed.
- Previous frame (2): Jumps to the event's previous frame or JPEG image.
- Play backward (3): Plays the archived video stream in reverse chronological order.
- Pause (4): Pauses the playback.
- **Play forward** (5): Plays the archived recording in the correct chronological order.
- **Next frame** (6): Jumps to the event's next i-frame or JPEG frame.
- **Fast forward** (7): Click once to play the recording forward at double speed. Click twice for four times the speed.
- Calendar (8): Opens a calendar window in order to jump to a specific point in time.

Add bookmark (9): Adds a bookmark to the current frame (see Working with bookmarks, p. 166).

Manual alarm recording

Alarm recordings can be started and stopped manually by the user who has started them. Additionally, bookmarks can be added to the recording. Bookmarks can be used for the search in archive mode (see Searching for alarms, p. 164).

Starting manual alarm recording

1. Click the **REC** button (10, see above). A red bell on the right indicates whether alarm recording has started.

To prevent unlimited recording, the maximum post-alarm duration must be specified in configuration mode in the camera settings (see Multimedia database, p. 208).

2. Optionally, click Add bookmark. A bookmark information window is displayed.

AXIS P1311		×
Please enter a short descripti	on for the recording.	
Name:	Suspect person	
Description (optional):	stealing smartphone	
ОК		Cancel

- 3. Enter the name and a short description of the bookmark.
- 4. Click **OK** to add the bookmark to the recording.

Stopping manual alarm recording

- 1. Click the **REC** button again. The recording is stopped.
- 2. Optionally, add an additional bookmark.

Swiveling the camera in the image

The camera can be moved in pan and tilt mode in the image. Swiveling the camera sideways is called "panning" (creating a panoramic effect), whereas swiveling the camera up and down is called "tilting".

- 1. Click PTZ (2). A red cross appears in the center of the image.
- 2. Click a point next to the cross. The distance of the point you click from the center of the cross determines the speed of the swivel operation in the relevant direction.
- 3. If you like, you can activate the zoom function of the PTZ camera. Using the mouse wheel, zoom in or out of the image.
- 4. Click **PTZ** again to deactivate the swivel function in the image.

Camera image statistics

AXIS P1311 4/27/2018 11:43	3:35 AI
Client:	
Motion JPEG 640x480	
Decoding (fps)	4.5
Rendering (fps):	4.5
Server:	
Video:	
Frame rate (fps):	5.0
Bandwidth (kbps):	380
Audio:	
Frame rate (fps):	0.0
Bandwidth (kbps):	0
Network:	
Packet loss (%):	0.00
Max. jitter (ms):	8

Fig. 73: Camera image statistics

The camera image statistics show information about the following details:

- The video images which are rendered by the client. The **Decoding (fps)** should be similar to the **Rendering (fps)**,
- The video images which are recorded on the server,
- The quality of the audio stream,
- The network quality. The Packet loss (%) ratio as well as the Max. Jitter (ms) value should be as low as possible. High values indicate network problems. E. g. jitter may be caused by electromagnetic interference and crosstalk with carriers of other signals.

Maps

A map shows an area to be monitored. In configuration mode it is added to the software as a simple graphic (see Maps and "Advanced Maps", p. 326 in configuration mode). The various cameras and other functional icons are then integrated into this graphic. The map can thus show a variety of different parts of the company: from the company site to fully automated production lines.

The map shows the cameras that the user can only.

If a camera has failed (due to power failure, no connection to the network, etc.), the camera icon is shown as a yellow warning sign.



Fig. 74: Maps

- 1. Click **Digital zoom** (1) to activate the zooming function for the map.
- 2. Zoom the map detail by turning the mouse wheel while the mouse pointer is on the map area.
- 3. Click **Layer options** (2) to open the map on a new tab or in a new window or to close the layer.
- 4. Click **Create lasso selection** (3) to activate the lasso function. The lasso function is activated by default.
- 5. Draw a lasso around the cameras to be displayed in a layer (see Using the lasso function, p. 144).
- 6. Click **Window on 1x1 layer** (4) to increase the size of the image to fill the whole work area.

Displaying a camera preview

- 1. Move the mouse pointer in the map to the desired camera. A preview of the camera image is displayed.
- 2. Click the camera symbol to open the camera image in a new layer.

Using the lasso function

- 1. Click Create lasso selection (3) to activate the lasso function.
- 2. Hold the left mouse button pressed and move the mouse pointer around the cameras you want to select. The movement of the mouse pointer is highlighted by means of a red line.
- 3. Release the mouse button. The selected camera images are displayed in a new layer.

Web pages

In the web page layer, the user can call specific web pages in specified tiles in order to receive information on the company, for example. The (Internet or intranet) web pages displayed are specified in configuration mode (see Web pages, p. 333).

- 1. Navigate in the web pages as in a browser. The navigation bar typically found in browsers is not displayed.
- 2. To display the page in its own layer, click **Full screen**. The following navigation controls are available:
 - **Back** Returns to the previous page.
 - Next S : Moves forward to the next page.
 - Start page specified in configuration mode.
 - Reload or Cancel loading : Reloads the displayed page or stops loading the page. Reloading is only possible after the page is loaded. If the page loads too slowly, the loading can be canceled.
Overview

The **Overview** control displays all available cameras, maps, layers and web pages classified by the locations of the company.



Fig. 75: Overview

- 1. Click the small triangle in front of the name of the site to display all of the objects assigned to this site.
- 2. Select an object from the list to display only this object.

Searching for an item

In the system's configuration settings, each item should have been given its own name.



Fig. 76: Searching for an object

1. To search for a specific item, enter the name of the item in the **Search** text box (see Searching in surveillance mode, p. 155).

Control



Surveillance mode Control

Fig. 77: Control

The **Control** control allows you to control the active cameras displayed in the work area. The following sub-menus are available:

- PTZ control, p. 146 (1)
- Buttons, p. 148 (5)
- Patrol, p. 149 (2)
- Audio, p. 150 (4)
- Dispatcher mode, p. 151 (3)

PTZ control

Selected PTZ cameras are operated with the PTZ control. PTZ-related functions are available for PTZ cameras only. If no PTZ camera is selected or the PTZ function of the camera is deactivated, only digital zoom and digital preset selection is possible.





Using the PTZ control

1. On the menu bar of the control, click **PTZ control** to switch to the operating mode of the cameras.

- 2. Select the camera image, and use **PTZ control** (1) to move the camera by moving the bright spot in the desired direction.
- 3. Drag the **Zoom** slider (9) up or down to make the camera zoom in or out of the image. Optionally, click the four direction arrows at the PTZ control to move the camera incrementally.

Using preset positions

Including the default position, ten preset positions are available by direct selection on the number field (8). More can be available in the drop down menu. The maximum number of presets depends on the camera. To edit preset positions in surveillance mode see Editing camera preset positions, p. 148. In general positions are set in the configuration mode (see Configuration mode, p. 177) by an administrator in the **Camera** area (see Cameras, p. 195).

- 1. Click the required camera position on the number field (8) to pan the camera to the selected position.
- 2. Optionally, click the triangle beside the position name, and select the desired position from the drop-down list. The position is immediately approached.

Using multiple preset positions of a single camera in a single layer

Instead of using a fish-eye camera for a 360° view, multiple fixed camera images can be combined in a single layer (for layers in surveillance mode, see Custom layers, p. 135).

Saving a layer remembers the camera position (digital preset, digital zoom, dewarping position) and when opening again will resume at the same position.

This applies to saved layers in configuration mode as well as for local layers. Layers that are inserted into a video wall by drag & drop will retain the digital camera position on the video wall.

Exposure and focus setting

The following exposure and focus settings are available only if supported by the camera. **Iris settings** (2)

- **Iris** +, **Iris** -: Opens or closes the iris of the camera to control the brightness.
- Auto Iris: Automatically adjusts the iris opening to the optimum brightness of the environment.
- **Autofocus**: automatically adjusts the image sharpness to the objects in the camera focus.

Day- and night mode settings (3)

- **Day mode**, **night mode**: The camera sets a filter when light conditions are poor.
- Auto: The camera switches between daytime and nighttime vision automatically.

Focus settings (4)

- **Close-up focus**, **Close-up focus**: adjusts the image sharpness to the objects in the camera focus, depending on the distance of the object to the camera sensor chip.
- Autofocus: automatically adjusts the image sharpness to the objects in the camera focus.

Editing camera preset positions

Camera (preset) positions can be defined (4), deleted (5) and edited (6) depending on user rights (see Managing user rights, p. 293).

Creating a preset camera position

- 1. With the PTZ control (1) move the camera to the required position.
- 2. Click **Add new camera position** (7). The new camera position is added at the next free position number.
- 3. Enter a name for the position and click **OK**. The new camera position is added at the next free position number.

Deleting a preset camera position

- 1. Select the position from the number field or from the drop down menu.
- 2. Click **Delete** (6). The deleted camera position is released, and subsequent positions are shifted to compensate.

Example Position 3 is deleted. Position 4 is then shifted to position 3, position 5 to position 4 and so on.

Editing a preset camera position

- 1. Select the position from the number field or from the drop down menu.
- 2. Click Edit current preset (5).
- 3. Edit the positions by means of changing the position name, PTZ-settings, focus settings etc.
- 4. Click Save current changes.

Buttons

Actions or defined processes such as camera recordings or alarm scenarios are started with buttons.



Fig. 79: Buttons

- 1. On the menu bar of the **Control** control, click **OK** to switch to the display of the buttons created. To configure buttons, see Buttons, p. 330
- 2. The buttons that the user is authorized to use are displayed.
- 3. Activate the desired action by clicking the button.

Patrol

Patrols can display cameras, set positions, maps and layers one after the other for a specific period. It is also possible to open or close digital outputs in a patrol and confirm checkpoints. To configure patrols, see Patrols, p. 335.

	Patrols	0	∓ x ⊪
1	🗕 🛥 Patrol 1		-
	Patrol "Patrol 1" selected.		
2	New group AXIS P5512 in m Pause: default AXIS P1311 in m Pause: default Home in main w Pause: default SeeTec Place in n Checkpoint "OK AXIS M1114 in m	ain wind ain wind rindow main win ?" nain wing	ow ow dow dow
		■ ■ 7	8

Fig. 80: Patrol

1. On the menu bar of the control, click **Patrol** to switch to the overview (2) of the patrols configured. To configure the patrols, see Patrols, p. 335.

Starting a patrol

1. Select the desired patrol (1), and click **Play** (3). The defined cameras, preset positions, maps and layers are displayed one after the other for the specified period.

Surveillance mode Control

Stopping a patrol

1. Click **Stop** (5) to cancel the selected patrol.

Pausing a patrol

1. Click Pause (4) to interrupt the patrol. The patrol is paused.

Repeating a patrol

- 1. Click **Loop** (6). The patrol is repeated.
- 2. Click **Loop** (6) again. The repetition is canceled, and no more patrols are carried out once the current patrol is finished.

Navigating between points in the patrol

1. Click **Back** (7) or **Next** (8) to go to the previous or next item in the list.

Audio

1. On the menu bar of the **Control** control, click **Audio** to switch to audio mode.

For audio, two options are available (if supported by the hardware):

- VolP
- Camera

VolP



Fig. 81: VoIP

- 1. Select **VoIP** to select voice output over the network (Voice over IP).
- 2. Move the sliders for the **microphone** (1) and **loudspeakers** (2) to adjust the volume. The volume setting is saved locally for each client.
- 3. To speak to a person from the address book of the existing users, enter the name of the person in the text box, and click the magnifying glass icon or select a person from the list.

- 4. Click **green phone** (5) to start the call.
- 5. Click **red phone** (4) to finish the call. The name of the person you are talking to, the person's location and the duration of the call are displayed (2).
- 6. Click **DTMF** (3) to send a DTMF-sequence or call a button action. The sequence or button action is set by an administrator in the VOIP configuration (see VoIP).

Camera

If supported by the camera, audio transmission from the client to the camera is possible (for configuration of the push-to-talk function, see Audio, p. 220).



Fig. 82: Camera

- 1. Select Camera to select the direct audio system of the camera (if available).
- 2. Move the slider for the loudspeaker (1) to adjust the volume. The volume setting is saved locally for each camera.
- 3. To start audio communication to the camera press and hold the talk-button (2).
- 4. To stop audio communication to the camera release the talk-button (2).

Dispatcher mode

Dispatcher mode is displayed only if the video wall dispatcher is activated in the View menu (see Video wall dispatcher, p. 98). In addition, at least one video wall must have been created in configuration mode (see Video walls, p. 342).



Fig. 83: Dispatcher mode

- 1. On the menu bar of the control, click **Dispatcher mode** to switch to video wall control.
- 2. Select the set video wall (3). The video wall is displayed , including the monitors (1) it contains.
- 3. Click **Digital zoom** (2) and scroll with the mouse wheel to zoom in or out.
- 4. Press the mouse button and drag the display icons left or right to see adjacent displays.
- 5. Drag the desired video sources, layers and maps to the monitor in the thumbnail (1).
- 6. If necessary, open the display of the monitor by-clicking it. The monitor with the active layers is displayed in the work area. You can drag the video sources, layers and maps directly into the work area if the video wall monitor is displayed.

Alarm list and system messages



Fig. 84: Alarm list and system messages

The alarm list is at the bottom of the screen and can be opened or closed as required. It displays the combined list of alarm and system messages in the order of their occurrence. The most recent alarms are displayed first. In addition, the number of alarms that have occurred is shown in the surveillance mode icon on the mode bar.

- 1. To sort the alarm or system messages by the column category, click the column headings.
- 2. To change the status of an alarm, select the object in the column **Status** and select the status from the drop-down menu.
- 3. To collapse or expand the alarm list, click **Expand / collapse all** 👼 .

Alarm messages

All open alarms that have been assigned to the current logged-in profile are displayed in the alarm messages (see Persons involved, p. 319). The type of alarm can be recognized by the color-code. The color in which the alarm is displayed can be set in configuration mode in the alarms control (see Alarms, p. 307).

Changing the alarm status

An alarm has the following statuses:

- Activated: This alarm is currently active.
- **Confirmed**: These alarms have been viewed and will be removed from the alarm list. These alarms are removed from the alarm list for all users.
- Deferred: These alarms have been viewed and declared as important by the applicable user (e.g. security guard), because they will be required at a later time (e.g. for the patrol report). These alarms are retained in the alarm list. Deferred alarms are declared open at the next start.
- Rejected: These alarms are removed from the alarm list and considered unimportant or not applicable by the user.
- 1. Click the entry in the **Status** column of the alarm list to change the status of the alarm messages.
- 2. Optionally, click **Confirm all** to acknowledge the alarms and remove the red circle displaying the number of unconfirmed alarms.

Classifying an alarm

Every alarm on the alarm list can be classified according to the categories defined (refer to Configuring the alarm classifications, p. 365).

- 1. Select the alarm in the alarm list.
- 2. Select the category from the drop-down list in the column **Classification**.

Message window (pop-up)

		×
TA2		
Comment:		
Known customer		-
Confirm	Reject	Defer

Fig. 85: Message window (pop-up)

As soon as an alarm occurs, a message window is displayed for high or medium priority alarms. Low priority alarms are removed from the alarm list at the end of the alarm if they are acknowledged and another alarm occurs. Low priority alarms do not have an alarm status.

You can add a comment for this alarm. The comment is displayed in report mode and archive mode.

- 1. Click **Confirm** to acknowledge the alarm. The alarm is deleted from the alarm list and the next alarm is displayed.
- 2. **Reject** the alarm. The alarm is deleted from the alarm list and the next alarm is displayed.
- 3. **Reset** the alarm. The alarm is marked as deferred in the alarm list. No further alarm is displayed until an alarm is either called from the alarm list or acknowledged. This allows multiple alarms to be acknowledged simultaneously.

Alarm notification

A new alarm is displayed in a highlighted pop-up window that opens from the bottom of the screen (alarm notification).

Alarm notes								
Name	Status	Time						
TA3	Activated	8/29/2016	1:11:32	PM				
TA2	Deferred	8/29/2016	1:11:31	PM				
TA1	Deferred	8/29/2016	1:11:29	PM				
Switch off notifications								
E	dit		Close	e				

Fig. 86: Alarm notification

The notification window displays the alarm name, its status and the time of occurrence.

- 1. Click Switch off notifications to prevent the alarm notifications appear on the screen.
- 2. Select the time interval for the alarm message to be hidden ("snooze"). After the selected interval has elapsed, the alarm notification will be displayed again.
- 3. Select the alarm and click **Edit** to display the message window for editing.
- 4. Click Close to close the message window.

System messages

The system messages show the errors that have been reported by the system, such as failure of a server, database or camera and also losses of connection.

The errors are displayed in descending order by time of occurrence with a description, the internal error number, the message and the cause of the error.

- 1. Select one or more system messages and click **Remove selected** to remove the message from the list. The number in the red circle displaying the number of unconfirmed messages is reduced.
- 2. Optionally, click **Remove all** to remove all system messages from the list and to remove the red circle displaying the number of unconfirmed system messages.

Searching in surveillance mode

The search below the overview tab in the control bar helps you to find the contents of the active control bar more quickly.



Fig. 87: Searching in surveillance mode

- 1. Enter the search term into the search field (1). The first term found in the overview is high-lighted.
- 2. Click the magnifying glass on the right of the search field or click [Enter] on the keyboard to highlight the next term in the overview.

Archive mode

Archive mode is used for the retrospective evaluation of recordings. Only recorded data can be displayed in archive mode. To select the relevant image data, a camera must be selected in the camera overview or in the Alarm list and system messages, p. 152.

The recording periods for the selected camera (green frame) are displayed in a time line in the Archive player, p. 158. The icons for digital zoom and volume control are also displayed (only for cameras with audio recording activated).

- 1. To switch to archive mode, click **Archive mode** in The mode bar, p. 127.
- 2. Select the camera or layer whose archived image data is to be displayed, or select an alarm from the alarm list.

Camera overview

The camera overview displays all installed cameras, maps and layers you are permitted to access. Cameras having integrated exported image data are displayed as "<camera name> [archive]".

1. Click the corresponding camera. The camera images are displayed in the main window.

Archive player



Fig. 88: Archive player

The archive player allows control of the playback from a selected camera. The player is divided into two sections. The actual archive player is shown on the left and timeline on the right. The archive player has the following functions:

- Bandwidth optimization options (1): Depending on the license and configuration an optimized video stream can be selected to reduce client and network load (see Bandwidth optimization, p. 363).
- **Previous frame** (2): Jumps to the recordings previous video frame.
- Play backward (3): Plays the archived video stream in reverse chronological order.
- **Pause** (4): Pauses the playback.
- Play (5): Plays the recorded video in the correct chronological order.
- Next frame (6): Jumps to the recordings next video frame.
- Real time (7): Plays the event in real time.
- Next alarm recording (8): Jumps to the selected camera's next alarm recording.
- **Skip pause** (9): Skips the pause between two recordings in playback mode.
- Calendar (10): Opens a calendar window in order to navigate to a specific calendar time (date and time).
- Zoom out from timeline (11) or Zoom in to timeline (12): Enlarges or reduces the size of the display of the timeline. You can also zoom within the recording period by clicking the timeline and then turning the scroll wheel on the mouse.
- Update timeline (13): Updates the camera's timeline. For manual synchronization with edge storage recordings (see Full import, p. 214), hold down the CTRL key when clicking the icon.
- Add bookmark (14): Adds a bookmark to the current frame (see Adding a bookmark, p. 167).
- Bookmark overview (15): Displays the overview of all bookmarks (see Working with bookmarks, p. 166).
- Set marker (16): Sets the start and end markers for a selected area of the timeline (see Editing an area, p. 159).
- Synchronized mode (17): All visible cameras are synchronized to the time of the selected camera by default. If the synchronized mode is deactivated, each camera can show a different point in time.
- Write protection (18): Sets write protection for the marked area of the timeline. See Write protection, p. 163
- **Delete area** (19): Deletes the marked area from the timeline.
- Export area (20): Starts the AVI export or the Qognify video data export (see Exporting recordings, p. 161)

- Jog dial (21): Plays the sequence forward and backward. The further you turn the jog dial to the right or left, the faster the sequence is played forward or backward. The playback speed is displayed in the number field (22).
- Timeline / time stream (23): See Timeline / time stream, p. 159.

Using the jog dial

- 1. Turn the jog dial with the mouse to the left or right to play the sequence backwards and forward. When releasing the jog dial, it will return to the center position.
- 2. Click on a dot around the jog dial to position it there.
- 3. Click on the double bar above the dial to release.

Timeline / time stream

The time displayed in the timeline may differ from the time displayed in the video due to the way Qognify VMS stores the timestamp information (refer to Time zone handling, p. 33).

The timeline / time stream allows you to search across the entire recording period for relevant image material. The important color markings are:

- Green (standard recording)
- Red (alarm recording) or any other color than green
- 1. Zoom into the recording period by clicking the timeline and turning the scroll wheel on the mouse. This improves the overview of the recording start of the camera.
- 2. Double-click any point in the timeline to move the selected point to the timeline center.

Preview

- 1. Move the mouse over the timeline or move the timeline to display the preview of the camera image at the selected time. The setting in the client configuration must be defined as "Always On" (see Client, p. 79).
- 2. Optionally, keep the control key pressed when moving the mouse over the timeline or moving the timeline. This will only display the preview with the control key pressed. For this, the setting in the client configuration mus be defined as "Ctrl + MouseOver" (see Client, p. 79).

The preview feature is not available in the mini archive mode of a tile.

Editing an area

- 1. Click the camera next to the jog dial. If one camera is played or multiple cameras are played synchronously, the current time of the archive is displayed next to the playhead. If multiple cameras are played asynchronously, the current time of the archive is not displayed.
- 2. On the timeline, click **Set markers** (16) to mark the beginning of the section to be edited.
- 3. Move the time bar to the of the end of the section to be protected.
- 4. Click **Set markers** again to specify the area.

- 5. Click **Delete area** to remove the area from the timeline.
- 6. Click **Export area** to export the area.
- 7. Select the required data format (**Type**), and click **OK**. The following export formats are available:
 - Qognify data format: The exported data are password-protected and can only be viewed with the viewer.
 - AVI: The exported data are not password-protected and can be viewed with any film software. This represents a high data protection risk.
- 8. Specify the required export settings (see Multiple export of image data, p. 112).

Click-2-Track

The feature is used in archive mode to navigate from one camera to the next by clicking on the Click-2-Track regions in the image.

The preview of the Click-2-Track region shows the same point in time as the current archive timeline. If the archive is in playback mode, the preview inset plays at the same speed as the main image. The current speed and direction remains the same even when switching between Click-2-Track regions and changing the camera.

The feature works with playback forward and backward at different speeds as well as still images.

The history feature

Click-2-Track stores a history of the camera according to the following criteria:

- Each camera stores the time when it was opened and the time when it was replaced by the next camera.
- When navigating to the next entry in history, the camera shows the opening time.
- When navigating to the previous entry in history, the camera shows the closing time.
- Only the Click-2-Track uses from the current tile are saved in the history feature. All tiles have their own history.

Example

- 1. Camera A is viewed from 8:00 to 8:01, then the region for Camera B is selected.
- 2. Camera B is viewed from 8:01 to 8:02, then the region for Camera C is selected.
- 3. Camera C is viewed from 8:02 to 8:03, then the button **Back** in the history is used. The view jumps to Camera B at 8:02 with a still image, regardless of the previous speed.
- 4. When the button **Back** in history is used again, the view will jump to Camera A at 8:01 with a still image.
- 5. Using the button **Forward** in history, the view jumps to Camera B at 8:01, using it again jumps to Camera C at 8:02.

Exporting recordings

Exporting a single frame

- 1. In the frame tile, select **Advanced export**.
- 2. Select the export format:
 - Save video frame in file. This saves the selected frame as a static image file (JPG).
 - Print video frame. This prints the selected frame as hardcopy with additional information such as camera and recording time.

Exporting a video file

- 1. After selecting a time span in a recording by setting the start marker and the end marker.
- 2. Select Advanced export in the timeline.
- 3. Select the export type **Video data export** (password encrypted Qognify-specific format) or AVI export (unencrypted data format).

If video data export is selected, the recordings are exported to the server or to the client (see Multiple export of image data, p. 112).

If the export process is interrupted, e.g. due to a network error, it will automatically be resumed as soon as possible.

4. Proceed according to the required targets (for the following procedures, refer to Multiple export of image data, p. 112).

Exporting the Click-2-Track history with the Export Designer

When exporting an event with the Export Designer, the Click-2-track history can be exported as well.

For the cameras with Click-2-Track enabled, this handover feature also works in the Anywhere Viewer, p. 421.



Fig. 89: Example of following a person in archive mode with Click2Track

- 1. Open the camera in the archive player.
- 2. Select Click-2-Track in the camera options.



- 3. Select **Activate** and follow the shapes in the image sequence by clicking on the respective shape. This opens the camera sequence of the assigned camera.
- Select Click-2-Track > Open history in Export Designer to start the Export Designer (see The Export Designer, p. 107). The Click-2-Track history of the camera is displayed in a list as sequences.

	Camera	From	То	Sequence	
	AXIS P1311	18:28:42.161	18:36:44.209	8m 2s	æ
2	AXIS P1311	18:28:40.868	18:38:16.880	9m 36s	

5. Click on a privacy mask of to include or exclude the privacy mask in the export.

Privacy masks cannot be hidden in offline mode.

6. To delete a sequence from the export, select the sequence and click **Delete .** By default, all sequences are exported.

Evaluating exported video data

There are two options for evaluating the exported video data:

- On a system without a Qognify VMS installation, the video data can be evaluated using the Qognify VMS Viewer (see Anywhere Viewer, p. 421).
- To integrate the video data within a Qognify VMS installation, an "archive camera" must be created in the configuration mode (see Creating a camera manually, p. 195).

Write protection

Write protected recordings remain in the zone directory and will not be deleted. Make sure that sufficient disc space on the zone partition is available. Due to legal regulations, write protection may not be used for installations in France.

Set write protection

The protected range in the timeline is at least as wide as the range selected by the user, as Qognify VMS may protect a wider range, for example to optimize the performance of the Multimedia Database (mdb). The actual protected time range is displayed after setting the write protection.

- 1. On the timeline, click **Set markers** to mark the beginning of the section to be protected.
- 2. Move the time bar to the of the end of the section to be protected.
- 3. Click Set markers again to specify the section.
- 4. Click on the closed **padlock** to protect recordings from being overwritten or deleted.

Remove write protection

1. Click open **padlock** in the Archive player.

Archive write protection						
Start query						
The following read-only recordings exist:						
Camera	Start	End				
AXIS P1311 Multi	9/19/2016 8:10:26 AM	9/19/2016 9:20:31 AM				
AXIS P1311 Multi	9/19/2016 10:59:30 AM	9/19/2016 11:09:30 AM				
AXIS P1311 Multi	9/19/2016 12:46:34 PM	9/19/2016 1:36:37 PM				
AXIS P1311 Multi	9/19/2016 2:06:40 PM	9/19/2016 2:22:54 PM				
Remove write protection						
			Close			
			Close			

Fig. 90: Remove write protection

- 2. In the displayed window click Start query.
- 3. Select the write protected sequences. Hold the CONTROL-key to select multiple sequences.
- 4. Click Remove write protection.

Searching for alarms

The time displayed in the timeline may differ from the time displayed in the video due to the way Qognify VMS stores the timestamp information (refer to Time zone handling, p. 33). With the alarm search you can search for specific alarm depending on configurable conditions.

From:	7/8/2021 5:3	9:26 PM 🚯 To: 7/8/20)21 6:39:26 PM 🕻	ð 1 hour	Toda	y 2	24 hours 1 week		
larms									
			Select all	Delete selection				Select all	Delete selection
		Alarm scenario	Priority				Alarm classifications		
۶.		Alarm					False		
		Firehose					Incident		
		Neuer Alarm		10	10		New classification 10		
		New alarm		10			New classification 11		
		Nouvelle alarme		10		New classification 12			
		Nový alarm		10		New	New classification 13		
							New classification 14		
							New classification 5		
							New classification 6		
							New classification 7		
							New classification 8		
							New elactification Q		

Creating an alarm query

Fig. 91: Searching for alarms

- 1. Click **New request** in the Alarm search control. The Alarm query is displayed.
- 2. Specify the **Time period** for the alarm to be searched.
- 3. Optionally, select the recent time intervals of the last hour, the last 24 hours, the last week, or the current day.
- 4. Select the "Alarm scenario", either by name or by priority.
 - To select all items, click Select all.
 - To deselect, click **Delete selection**.
- 5. Select the "Alarm classification" either by direct selection or by searching the classification term. The alarm categories are defined in the system configuration (see Configuring the alarm classifications, p. 365.
- 6. If available, enter the additional information that is obtained by network triggers (e.g. Network IO or SiPass) to be searched for.
- 7. Select **Manual alarm recording** to include manual recordings of the available video sources in the search.
- 8. Select the recordings of the camera or cameras to be searched.
- 9. Click **OK** to start the search.

Alarm search results

The results of your alarm query are displayed in the Alarm search control.

Archive mode Working with bookmarks



Fig. 92: Alarm search results

- 1. Click on one of the column headings **Priority**, **Name** or **Time** to sort the results accordingly.
- 2. Click on the on the arrow on the left of an alarm to display details.

Working with bookmarks

Bookmarks can be set in archive mode or when starting or ending a manual alarm recording (see Manual alarm recording, p. 141).

Adding a bookmark

- 1. Move the timeline to the position where you want to set the bookmark.
- 2. Click Add bookmark (15) in the Archive player.

Add bookn	Add bookmark 🛛 🗙								
Position:	9/19/2016	1:59:00 PM							
Name:	Dangerous Dog								
Camera:	AXIS P1311 Multi	•							
Description:									
Cano	el	Add bookmark							

Fig. 93: Adding a bookmark - 2

- 3. Enter a Name for the bookmark.
- 4. Select the **Camera** for which you want to bookmark the recording from the drop-down menu. The drop-down menu contains all cameras in that are currently displayed in the archive player. By default, the currently active camera in the archive player is selected.
- 5. Enter a description, if required.
- 6. Click **Add bookmark**. A flag will be added to the time line of the selected camera.

Bookmark overview

In the bookmark overview, bookmarks can be displayed, edited and deleted.

1. Click **Bookmark overview** in the Archive Player.

Search ○ Company ○ Digital Barriers 2D ○ Company Camera Position Name ○ Company ○ Company ○ Company ○ Company ○ Company ○ Digital Barriers 2D ○ Company ○ Digital Barriers 2D ○ Company ○ Company ○ Company ○ Company ○ Company ○ Company	Bo	okmark overview	v			Í	×
Bookmarks Carnera Position Name Axis Q1635 (Smart) 12/9/2019 3:24 PM Important 2nd installation AXIS SmartDriver 12/9/2019 2:47 PM Important AXIS SmartDriver 12/9/2019 2:47 PM Important Cancel Cancel Cancel		Search	rtDriver CIC Axis Q1635 kis Perimeter osch IVA igital.Barriers 2D tenta	Search within a From: To: Keywords: Start search	range Sonntag, 8. Dezember 2019 15:29:10 ♦ ▼ Montag, 9. Dezember 2019 15:29:10 ♦ ▼	Important 2nd installation Position: 12/9/2019 3:24:02 PM Camera: Axis Q1635 (Smart) (ACIC ACAP) Description: This is 2nd	
Search Image: Carnera Position Name Axis Q1635 (Smart) 12/9/2019 3:24 PM Important 2nd installation AXIS SmartDriver 12/9/2019 2:47 PM Accident AXIS SmartDriver 12/9/2019 2:47 PM Important Cancel Cancel Image: Cancel		Bookmarks					
		Camera Axis Q1635 (Smart) AXIS SmartDriver AXIS SmartDriver	Position 12/9/2019 3:24 PM 12/9/2019 2:40 PM 12/9/2019 2:47 PM	Name Important 2nd in Accident Important	stallation		

- 2. Select one or more cameras or click **Select all** to select all cameras displayed (i.e. cameras with bookmarks attached).
- 3. Optionally, search for the camera name or the bookmark.
- 4. Search bookmarks for all cameras even if only visible in the archive. Bookmarks from cameras of different installations can be searched simultaneously.
- 5. To deselect, click **Cancel selection**.
- 6. Activate **Search within a range** to narrow the time window for the search and specify the time interval.
- 7. Click **Start search** to display only the bookmarks within the specified time interval. The bookmarks are displayed in the "Bookmarks" section.
- 8. Select a bookmark from the "Bookmarks" section. The information associated with the bookmark (time, the assigned camera and the description) is displayed in the right area.
- 9. Double-click on the bookmark to navigate to the corresponding time marker.
- 10. To edit the information, select Edit (1) (see Adding a bookmark, p. 167).
- 11. To **delete** the bookmark, select **Delete** (2).

Bookmarks are not deleted with the video data, because they are stored in a separate event database. They are deleted automatically, once the oldest video image is newer than the time stamp of the bookmark.

Edge storage import

Edge storage uses the camera to store images on an internal storage media (e.g. SD card) to cover connection failures between the camera and the database server. If the connection between the camera and the server is interrupted, recording gaps on the DeviceManager will result.

After the connection is reestablished, the recording gaps on the server can be filled with the recordings from the camera's internal storage media. Time schedules for recording and maximal recording size are taken into consideration. (see Image storage, p. 207).

Depending on the configuration of the camera (see Edge storage, p. 211), edge storage data can be imported automatically or manually.

Manual edge storage import

1. For manual edge storage import, hold down the CTRL key when clicking **Update timeline** (13).

iSearch

iSearch in archive mode searches recordings for motion in specific image regions. The searchable time period is 5 to 60 minutes.

The performance of iSearch depends on the performance capability of the client hardware, since the search is carried out exclusively on the client.

Configuring iSearch

- 1. Select the related camera.
- 2. Click **iSearch** at the bottom of the video image and select a time range between 5 and 60 minutes. The maximum selectable time range depends on the access restrictions of the user for the archive (see Rights options, p. 293).



A dotted rectangular icon is displayed on the right side of the iSearch button.



- 3. Click on the **area** icon and select the shape of the search area. The following shape options are available:
 - Rectangle
 - Circle / ellipse
 - Polygon
 - Delete shape
 - Delete all shapes
- 4. In the camera image drag the selected shape to the desired position. A semi-transparent area is laid over the image in the selected position.

If you selected the polygon for this purpose, click a point in the image for each corner and close the polygon by double-clicking the last point.



Fig. 94: Configuring iSearch

- 5. Within the selected area, select either Any kind of motion (default) or A single event.
 - Any kind of motion: This search method searches for all changes within the image in the specified period. The search can be performed for the whole image or for parts of the image as specified by the user. The search may take some time depending on the selection.
 - A single event: This search method is particularly quick. It is possible to search through several days of image material in a few seconds. However, this method only works if a single, lasting event has occurred in the camera's selected field.
- 6. Optionally select **Expert mode** to fine tune the search.

iSearch in expert mode



Fig. 95: iSearch in expert mode

In Export mode the following fine adjustments are available:

- Dead time in seconds specifies how much time has to elapse after motion detection in the image or part of the image before another hit is displayed in the result list.
- Pixel threshold detects changes in the image when the camera is operating in extreme light conditions. A change in the image is interpreted as motion if it exceeds the threshold. The higher the threshold, the greater the change in the image has to be before it is considered to be motion.
- Maximum number of frames per second if not all of the recorded frames have to be searched. This can speed up the search significantly.
- Maximum pixel limit for interval search: The maximum pixel limit for an interval search only has an impact on searches for a lasting change. The specified start and end points of the period in which the search is to be carried out are compared continuously. If the two points currently diverge by more than the specified pixel limit, interval bisection is interrupted, and a serial search with greater increments is started until the pixel limit is adhered to again. The interval search is then resumed from this point. This setting improves the search under extreme lighting conditions (strong contrast between light and dark areas or objects passing).
- Show help dialog after single search, if appropriate. On completion of the search, you can specify in a dialog whether or not the event has been found and whether you want to switch to archive mode with the event found.
- 1. Specify the desired settings and start the search.
- 2. To exit expert mode, click Normal mode.

Deleting a search area

- 1. Click the search area, and select **Delete** to delete only the selected area.
- 2. Optionally, select **Delete all** to delete all areas.

Report mode

Report mode gives you an overview of the events that have occurred in the form of a list. Distinctions are drawn between:

- User events (display of events that concern specific users)
- Alarm events (events that have occurred)
- Camera usage (display of events that a specific camera)
- System messages (display of events that concern specific services)

In addition, the camera usage of users can be tracked.

The maximum number of events to be displayed can be specified in the client configuration (see Client configuration, p. 78).

- 1. To switch to report mode, click the **Report mode** icon on the mode bar.
- 2. Click a column header in the main window to sort the events in ascending or ascending order based on the column's category (date / time, user, description).

Filtering the query

In report mode, the following event types can be evaluated:

- Alarms can be filtered for alarm scenarios
- Users can be filtered for:
 - Camera configuration
 - Archive
 - Export
 - Patrols
 - Actions
 - Log on or log off
 - Change mode
- Camera usage can be filtered for:
 - Camera (only if the DeviceManager records camera usage)
 - Users
- System can be filtered for:
 - Core services
 - Image storage

Depending on the area, the query results can be filtered.

- 1. To filter the events on the basis of specified criteria, select the type of event you are searching for on the **Query for** control bar.
- 2. Select the user or users related to the events to be searched for.
- 3. Select the desired events. The items are displayed in the list below.
- 4. Select specific items by clicking the check box in front of the item's name or click select all.
- 5. To deselect, click **Delete selection**.
- 6. To further narrow the selection, specify dates and times to define the time period.
- 7. **Start** the query. Only the events that meet the selected criteria are displayed in the main window.

Exporting the analysis as spreadsheet file

You can also export the result as a comma-separated file (*.csv).

1. **Export** the result in order to analyze it in a spreadsheet program.

Saving a query as report template

Additionally, the search criteria can be saved for future queries.

1. Click Save.



Fig. 96: Saving a query as report template

- 2. Enter the **Report template name**.
- 3. Optionally, select **Save timestamp relative to current time**. This option will use the time interval of the current query for the next query.

Example The current query searches for events within the last 24 hours. When the query is saved with a relative time stamp, the next query will also search within the last 24 hours - relative to the next query.

- 4. Click **OK** to save the query.
- 5. To use a previously saved query, select the name of the query in the drop-down menu and click **Start query**.
- 6. To delete the saved query, select the query from the drop-down menu and click **Delete**.

10

Configuration mode

Adequate administrator rights are required for configuration mode.

It is highly recommended to obtain a basic understanding of the concept of the underlying rights management before configuring the system (see Concept, p. 31).

In configuration mode all of the settings for e.g. the hardware, network, company, maps, alarms and users are made.

The Administration control allows you to assign hardware (e.g. cameras), actions and the authorization manager to the specified administration, and manage new objects such as alarm scenarios.

1. To change to configuration mode, click the **Configuration mode** icon in the mode bar (see The mode bar, p. 127).

Additional settings

• See Company and branches, p. 184 for further settings for the company.

Functions



Fig. 97: Functions

Depending on the available hardware, the network architecture, and the Qognify VMS license, the following functions can be configured:

- Cameras: This function allows you to configure and manage the camera hardware and the associated video server (see Cameras, p. 195).
- Other hardware: This function allows you to configure and manage additional devices (see Other hardware, p. 239).
- Event Interfaces: This function allows you to configure third party safety systems which can be integrated by plug-ins (see Event Interfaces (SEI), p. 283).
- Users: This function allows you to configure and manage the users (see Users, p. 290).
- Groups: This function allows you to configure and manage the user groups (see Groups, p. 296).
- Profiles: This function allows you to configure and manage the user and group profiles (see Profiles, p. 300).
- Time management: This function allows you to configure and manage the time templates to coordinate the standard image recording of individual or multiple cameras as well as validity in alarm scenarios (see Time management, p. 304).
- Alarms: This function allows you to configure and manage the alarm scenarios (see Alarms, p. 307).
- **Layers**: This function allows you to configure and manage the layers to display multiple cameras or maps in surveillance mode (see Surveillance mode, p. 131).
- Maps: This function allows you to configure and manage the graphical maps of the site or building under surveillance, including the location of the surveillance hardware (see Maps and "Advanced Maps", p. 326).
- Buttons: This function allows you to configure and manage the sequences of actions that can be triggered in the controller in surveillance mode (see Buttons, p. 330).
- Web pages: This function allows you to embed web pages in the layer (see Web pages, p. 333).

- **Patrols**: This function allows you to configure and manage multiple cameras, set positions, maps and layers one after the other for a user-definable time (see Patrols, p. 335).
- Sequences: This function allows you to configure and manage the sequences of actions in which multiple set positions are approached one after the other and/or actions are triggered (see Sequences, p. 339).
- Video walls: This function allows you to configure the arrangement of video wall screens. You can drag and drop camera images, layers, maps and web pages to display them on video walls (see Other hardware, p. 239 for information on how to configure the screens).
- License plate groups: This function allows you to configure and manage the number plate recognition function of the LPR module (see License plate groups, p. 343).
- Server: This function allows you to configure the device services (see Server, p. 345).
- System: This function allows you to configure and manage system-wide settings for the network, automatic backups, communication settings and event management settings (see System, p. 362).

The configuration shortcuts



Fig. 98: The configuration shortcuts

You will find the configuration shortcuts on the starting page of configuration mode. They help you navigate to the settings for new cameras and alarms, and to find available devices on the network. You can use them to start settings for the following tasks:

- Creating alarms, see Alarms, p. 307
- Creating cameras, see Creating a camera manually, p. 195
- Creating users, see Creating a user, p. 290
- Find available devices, see Find devices, p. 179

Find devices

By using the IP address assigned uniquely to a network device (e.g. cameras, encoders), the Device finder is able to find and display network devices. With the device finder, IP-cameras can be easily integrated into the Qognify VMS system.

1. Select **Find devices** in the Configuration mode view. All detected network devices (cameras) are displayed in the Device finder window. Unknown network devices (i.e. not yet configured cameras or routers) are displayed as gray text.

1	2 3 4	5	6 7	8		9	10	11	12	13 14
Divic	finder									- t1 ×
Ň	UPnP 🖬 Or	nvif 30 🖨	ŭ 🛃 o	Ŭ	3	Ŏ	Ċ		Ó	
	Address	Manufacturer *	 Type 	Name	Serial number or MAC	DM DeviceManag -	Username mr-x	Password *****	Record on Motion	
ø	172.56301.239 Leneted	Axis 💌	Axis Smart 💌	AXIS P3707-PE	ACCC8E028992	DeviceManager_001 Devicemanager_007	root	••••		02
	172.14.201.225 Decement	Axis 💌	Axis Smart 💌	AXIS M3048-P	ACCC8E68CE89	DeviceManager_001 💌	root	••••		
Ø	172.16.101.76	Axis 💌	Q7406 💌	AXIS Q7406	00408CA4D458	DeviceManager_001 💌] [root			00
	172.16.101.195	Axis Axis	P1405-LE P3353	AXIS P1405-LE AXIS P3353	ACCC8E0CBD18 00408CC61EBF					
	172.16.101.4	Axis	M1011	AXIS M1011	00408C9449CC					
	172.16.101.137	Axis	M3007	AXIS M3007	00408CDC08A6					
	172.16.15.102	Axis	Q6035	AXIS Q6035	00408CDCE60D					
	172.16.101.86 Detected	Axis 💌	Q7414 ¥	AXI5 Q7414	00408CB9F940	DeviceManager_001 👻] [mr-x	•••••		00-
270 de	vices found		1.1.4.4.4	11110-110-025						
	(nown devices					M Add	with multiconfig 🔳	Validate settings before d	evice creation	Add
						Ĭ 15		1 16		I 17

Fig. 99: Find devices

Filtering the search results

- 1. Click the **triangle** (1) to start a new network scan if not all network devices are found automatically after the first scan of the Device finder.
- To display additional network options, click the circle (2). The Device finder supports ONVIF (3), UPnP (4), and Bonjour (available if installed on the system) protocols to search the network for devices.
- 3. Specify the **timeout** (in seconds) (5) for the protocols. This defines the time each protocol "listens" for new devices. After the timeout, the search has to be triggered manually.
- 4. Click the **search filter** (6) to toggle the display between all available devices or all unknown devices.
- 5. Click on one of the column header to sort the devices by **Address**, **Manufacturer**, **Type**, **Name**, or **Serial number or MAC** (MAC-Address).
- 6. To filter the results, enter one of the following search items in the search field:
 - IP address
 - manufacturer
 - device type
 - name
 - Serial number or MAC address

Adding individual devices

- 1. Select the camera to be added by clicking the check box in the first column.
- 2. Optionally click on the IP address to open the device-website in a web browser.
- 3. If required change the settings for Manufacturer, Type, and DeviceManager(DM).
- 4. Optionally, rename the camera or change user name and password.
- 5. Click **Add** (13) in the camera row or click **Add and Configure** (14). After clicking **Add and configure**, the configuration settings window for this device is displayed.
- 6. Configure the camera (see Cameras, p. 195).

For adding a camera without the Device finder, see Creating a camera manually, p. 195.

Adding multiple devices

For all selected devices, the following settings can be made in the column header:

- Device Manager (9)
- User name (10)
- Password (11)
- Record on motion (12)
- 1. Select the cameras to be added by clicking the check boxes in the first column.
- 2. Optionally click on the IP address to open the device-website in a web browser.
- 3. If required change the settings for Manufacturer, Type, and DeviceManager (DM).
- 4. Optionally, rename the camera or change user name and password.
- 5. To configure the selected cameras with the multi-configurations option, select **Add with multi-config** (15) (see Configuring multiple cameras, p. 236).
- 6. Optionally activate **Validate settings before creation** (16) to check that the configured device settings are correct.
- 7. Click Add (17).

Camera import via CSV or XML files

With the camera import function camera configuration data can easily be imported based on structured csv or xml files.

Requirements

The files must adhere to certain requirements before the cameras can be imported (see CSV file requirements, p. 182 and XML file requirements, p. 183).

Importing the CSV file or XML file

- 1. Switch to configuration mode and click on Find devices.
- 2. Click import (7).
- 3. Select the CSV file or the XML file and import it.

Depending on the amount and the type of devices to be imported the import process can take a while.

- If the device finder is still running a search you will receive a message that the imported devices are not shown yet.
- When the device finder has finished searching, the imported configuration is added to the device finder's result list.
- For devices included in the imported configuration and which are also found by the device finder, adding their configuration is fast.
- For devices included in the imported configuration but not found by the device finder, Qognify VMS tries to complete the data. This might take a few seconds for each camera.
- The progress is shown in an overlay (not a dialog box) so that the user can continue working during the import.
- After the import has finished, a message about the import status and the different colors in the device finder is displayed. Devices that have been found by the device finder are highlighted in green, devices which were not found are highlighted in red.

Device	finder										S/* Minute	×
) 📭 🛃	Q	٢									
	Address 172.16.123.41	Manufacturer Hikvision	Type DS-2CD6332FWD-	Name A HIKVISION D5-2CC	Serial numb 531172072	er or MAC	DM	Username	Password	1 1		
Ø	172.16.101.153 Detected	Axis 🔻	Q1604(-E) 🐨	ImportTest - Ax	004080060	CE2	Device 🐨	root	••••	00		
Z	123.4 Detected	TestOriver	TestDriver	ImportTest - Ur	ABCDEFABC	DEF	Device #	UserName		09		
Z	172.16.117.70 Detected	Vivotek 🐨	SORIAL	ImportTest - \	formation		_		×	02		
	172 16 131 17 172 16 185 1 172 16 185 4 172 16 190 1	Grundig Unknown Unknown Unknown	GCI-K1812W IPC IPC 000ffc404950	IP Network Cam IPC IPC IPC01/02/03 Se	(i)	The imported device finder's Devices which are highlighter	configuratio result list. have been fi d in green, d	n has been app ound by the di evices which c	olied to the evice finder ouldn't be			
	172 16.185.3 172 16.117.1 172 16 114 28 172 16.108.14	Dahua Vivotek Bosch/VCS Convision	IPC-HDBW5302 IP7161 F0003642 CC-8131	IPC-HDBW5302 Mega-Pixel Netv NDC-284-P Network Camer		found by the c	levice finder	are highlighte	d in red. OK			-1
	172 16 103 16 10 0 5 122 172 16 125 68	Panasonic Panasonic Samsung	BL-C230 BB-HCM527 SNB-5003	Network Camera Network Camera SNB-5003	KHUV6V2D7	00010Z			_			
109 de	170 16 196 59 vices found Known devices	Esmrina	CNR. 2003	ENR. 6002	VCVDEVODO	000205		M Add w	ith multiconfig	Validate settings before device	creation Ad	Id

Fig. 100: Importing the CSV file or XML file

For further settings, see Filtering the search results, p. 180.

CSV file requirements

The requirements for the importable csv file are:

- The entries must be separated by comma ","
- No spaces before or after a comma
- The first line must be a header
- The header must include the strings **IPAddress** and **DisplayName**
- If special characters (β, ö, Ø, etc.) are used, the file must be encoded in UTF-8 format

The header strings are recognized automatically. The order does not matter.

In addition the csv file can include the following values:

- MAC address
- DriverName: The value for driver should be the same as in Qognify VMS for Manufacturer, e.g. "Axis" instead of "AxisDriver"
- User Name
- Password

Example

DisplayName,MAC,IPAddress,Manufacturer,UserName,Password Front Door,,172.16.101.153,Axis,root,pass Back Door,0002D124EA0B,172.16.117.70,Vivotek,, Entrance,ABCDEFABCDEF,1.2.3.4,Test,UserName,Password

XML file requirements

The requirements for the importable XML structure file are:

- The first element must be <config>
- The first child element must be **<Devices>**
- The **<Devices**> element contains all devices
- Each devices must contain the elements <IPAddress>, <Manufacturer>, and <DisplayName>.

In addition the Device elements can include the following values:

- MAC address
- DriverName
- User Name
- Password

Example

```
<config>
 <Devices>
   <Device1>
     <DisplayName>ImportTest2 - Axis</DisplayName>
      <MAC/>
     <IPAddress>172.16.101.153</IPAddress>
      <Manufacturer>Axis</Manufacturer>
      <Cameras>
        <Camera1>
          <DisplayName>ImportTest - Axis</DisplayName>
        </Cameral>
     </Cameras>
    </Device1>
    <Device2>
      <DisplayName>ImportTest2 - Vivotek</DisplayName>
      <MAC>0002D124EA0B</MAC>
      <IPAddress>172.16.117.70</IPAddress>
     <Manufacturer>Vivotek</Manufacturer>
     <Cameras>
        <Camera1>
          <DisplayName>ImportTest - Vivotek</DisplayName>
       </Cameral>
      </Cameras>
    </Device2>
    <Device3>
     <DisplayName>ImportTest2 - Unknown</DisplayName>
      <MAC>ABCDEFABCDEF</MAC>
      <IPAddress>1.2.3.4</IPAddress>
      <Manufacturer>Test</Manufacturer>
      <Cameras>
        <Camera1>
```

Configuration mode Searching in configuration mode

Searching in configuration mode

Search							Ø	Ŧ
axis	8				Is used in the following conte	exts:		
Name	Туре 🔺	Description			Hits	Name	Туре	
AXIS M1114	VideoServer_AXIS_GENE			12	Company -> AXIS P1311	Mosaik	Layer	(32)
Axis	VideoServer_AXIS_GENE		(BQ)	(20)	AXIS P1311 -> Start alarm	Neuer Alarm	Alarm	20
Axis Smart	VideoServer_AXIS_GENE			(\mathbb{X})	AXIS P1311 -> Stop alarm	Neuer Alarm	Alarm	(\mathbb{X})
AXIS P1311	VideoServer_AXIS_P1311		(BQ)	×	AXIS P1311 -> Start alarm	Nový alarm	Alarm	22
AXIS M1114	VideoSource_AXIS_GENE		(BQ)	(\mathbb{X})	AXIS P1311 -> Stop alarm	Nový alarm	Alarm	(2)
Axis	VideoSource_AXIS_GENE			(38)	AXIS P1311 -> Start alarm	Nouvelle alarme	Alarm	(22)
Axis Smart	VideoSource_AXIS_GENE			(28)	AXIS P1311 -> Stop alarm	Nouvelle alarme	Alarm	28
AXIS P1311	VideoSource AXIS_P1311			12				

Fig. 101: The search control in configuration mode

The **Search** control below the work area helps you find the contents of the server database more quickly The search starts as soon as the second character is entered and shows a list of all the results.

- 1. Enter the search term, which can be an object name or a description. The search starts as soon as the second character is entered and shows a list of all results. Information on the type is also displayed.
- 2. Click **Show References** [IQ]. The right column shows context belonging to the found term.
- 3. Click **Open setting** . The settings of the hit are opened. To edit items in the configuration mode, administration rights may be required.
- 4. Hover over the column title to define the filter for the selected column.

Company and branches

This control allows you to configure your company's branches and the hardware used at each location (see Working with branches, p. 191). When the program is installed, one "company" (main branch) is set as the starting point. You can specify the name of the main branch and assign additional branch groups branches to it.

The main branch can have sub-branches, but branches cannot have sub-branches or branch groups.

For the relationship between the "company" and the branches, see Relationship between the main branch and its sub-branches, p. 185.



Fig. 102: Company and branches

Branches in Qognify VMS are subordinated to the "company" which can be considered as main branch. Therefore, the administration of the main branch can extend into the administration of a sub-branch, but not vice versa. Equally, one sub-branch cannot manage another sub-branch or the main branch itself. With the exception of cameras and DeviceManager servers, all other objects belong to the sub-branch (e.g. a map of a sub-branch cannot be connected to a camera in the main branch, but the map in the main branch can be connected to a camera in the subbranch).

Administrative rights are NOT inherited from the main branch to the sub-branches, therefore they are also not inherited to branch groups. But administrative rights that are assigned to branch groups are applied to all subordinated branches or branch groups.

Relationship between the main branch and its subbranches

Concept

For configuration of the main branch and the sub-branches, the user must have the administrative rights for all relevant branches. For administrative rights of a sub-branch the user has to be assigned to the sub-branch or to the main branch.

Example

- User "A" has administrative rights for the main branch "X" and both sub-branches "Y" and "Z". He can configure all branches.
- User "B" has administrative rights for the sub-branch "Y", but not for the other branches.
 He can only configure sub-branch "Y".
- User "C" has administrative rights for the main branch "X" and the sub-branch "Z". He cannot configure sub-branch "Y" and branches.

Like the main branch, sub-branches can contain entities that are constricted to the branch itself. Entities of the main branch cannot be configured from the sub-branch.

Entities, such as maps, cameras or layers, are configured with the Core Service Main (CSM) of the main branch for all Core Services. The entities thereby "refer" to a server (CSM or CSS). Basically, only references in the sub-branch, or from the main branch to the sub-branch are allowed.

There are no references between sub-branches.

For the relationship between CSM and CSS see Core Services and branches, p. 29.

The only exception for references from the CSS to the CSM are cameras and Device Management servers, where the camera of a sub-branch can be managed through the Device Management server of the main branch, thereby relieving sub-branches of installing their own Device Management server.

Legal and illegal references

After entities or entity groups (such as maps with cameras) have been moved betweenbranches, all referenced entities ("objects") must be moved as well. "Legal" references are only possible if all entities of a group are accessible by the sub-branch to which they have been moved. Otherwise, "illegal" references to the main branch are caused. The only exception are entities in the main branch, which may contain entities from the sub-branches.

Example

In the main branch "X", map "A" is created, consisting of cameras 1, 2, and 3. However, camera 2 is configured for the sub-branch "Y" and camera 3 is configured for the sub-branch "Z". Hence, cameras 2 and 3 are referenced into map "A".

When map "A" is moved to sub-branch "Y", references to camera 2 are "legal", but cameras 1 and 3 become "illegal" for sub-branch "Y", because camera 1 still resides on the main branch "X" and cannot be referenced into sub-branch "Y". Likewise, camera 3 still resides in sub-branch "Z" and cannot be accessed by sub-branch "Y", even if all cameras use the same DeviceManager in main branch "X".



Relationship table

The following table lists the items and their accessibility by the main branch or sub-branch in configuration mode depending on the area in which the item is created.

How to read the table

- An action for a camera is only accessible by the sub-branch if configured in the same sub-branch. Actions configured in the main branch cannot be accessed by the subbranch.
- The lane configuration of the LPR module is accessible by the sub-branch, even when configured in the main branch. The related camera however must be configured in the sub-branch.

Entity	Navigation in configuration mode	Entities accessible from sub-branch when con- figured in main branch
All intervals (e.g. alarm scen- arios)		-
Add hardware	DeviceManager	x
Wizard	DeviceManager	x
Camera server	General > DeviceManager	x
Camera	General > Action	-
	Recording	-
Archive	General > DeviceManager	x
GND	General > DeviceManager	x
SPS	General > DeviceManager	x
SPC	General > DeviceManager	x
Audio source	General > DeviceManager	x
Lane	Lane configuration > LPR module	x
	Lane configuration > Camera	-
	Lane configuration > Assigned camera	-
Analytics	General > Analytics module	x
	General > Camera	-
Analytics API	General > Analytics module	x
	General > Camera	-

Entity	Navigation in configuration mode	Entities accessible from sub-branch when con- figured in main branch
Buttons	General > Specified camera	-
	Action	-
	2. action	-
	Start alarm scenario	-
	End alarm scenario	-
	Start patrol	-
Maps		x ¹
Video walls		-
Layers		x ²
User	General > Groups	-
	User rights	x ³
	Administrative rights Administrative rights are not inherited by the branch.	x ⁴
Groups	General > Trigger	-
	User	-
	User rights	x ⁵

¹Maps defined in the sub-branch may only contain entities from the sub-branch. Maps defined in the main branch may contain entities from the main branch and the sub-branches. ²Layers defined in the sub-branch may only contain entities from the sub-branch. Layers defined in the main branch may contain entities from the main branch and the sub-branches. ³User rights defined in the sub-branch only have access to entities in the sub-branch. User rights defined in the main branch have access to entities from the main branch and the subbranches.

⁴Administrative rights defined in the sub-branch only have access to entities in the sub-branch. Administrative rights defined in the main branch have access to entities from the main branch and the sub-branches.

⁵User rights defined in the sub-branch only have access to entities in the sub-branch. User rights defined in the main branch have access to entities from the main branch and the sub-branches.

Configuration mode Company and branches

Entity	Navigation in configuration mode	Entities accessible from sub-branch when con- figured in main branch
	Administrative rights Administrative rights are not inherited by the branch.	x ¹
Profiles	General > Layers	x
	General > Patrols	x
	Videowall module mapping > Mapping, defined in branch	-
	Videowall module mapping > Mapping, defined in company	x (modules)
Alarms	Start > Start events	x
	Buttons	-
	End > End events	x
	End > Buttons	-
	Visualization	x
	Profiles	-
	Server > Action start	x
	Server > Action end	x
	Email and FTP	-
Wizard, CopyWizard	Start events	x
	Cameras	x (actions)
	Persons involved > Profiles	-
	Cameras	x (actions
	Persons involved > Profiles	-
Patrols		x
Sequences		x
Server FailOver servers cannot be transferred from another	Transcoding server >DeviceManager	x

¹Administrative rights defined in the sub-branch only have access to entities in the sub-branch. Administrative rights defined in the main branch have access to entities from the main branch and the sub-branches.

Entity	Navigation in configuration mode	Entities accessible from sub-branch when con- figured in main branch
sub-branch.		
For a DeviceManager in the sub-branch, the FailOver	DeviceManager > General > FailOver	-
DeviceManager from the main branch cannot be used.	LPR module > General > FailOver	-
	Analytics module > General > FailOver	-
	Analytics API module > Gen- eral > FailOver	-
	Server motion detection mod- ule > General > FailOver	-
System	Event management > System events > Actions	-
	Event management > System events > Email	-
	Event management > System events > Profiles	-
Client	Logo action > Layers	x

Working with branches



Fig. 103: Working with branches

Creating a branch or branch group

- 1. To create a new branch or branch group, click **New branch group** (1) or **New branch** (5).
- 2. Specify the name of the branch or group, and click **OK**. The new branch or group is displayed.

Editing the name of a branch or branch group

- 1. To edit the name of a branch or branch group that has been created, select the branch or group in the window of the control.
- 2. Click **Edit** (2).
- 3. Enter a new name for the branch or group, and click **OK**.

Organizing branches in groups

Branches can be organized into branch groups to facilitate navigation. The branch groups are displayed as folders in the Company control as tree views (archive tree, LPR tree etc.).

- 1. To move a branch or branch group into another branch group, select a branch (or branch group) and drag it on the target branch group.
- 2. To remove a branch from a branch group, select the branch and drag it on the company name.

Deleting a branch or branch group

1. To delete a branch or branch group, select it, and click **Delete** (4).

When deleting a branch that contains at least one entity (e.g. camera, button, alarm scenario) a warning displays that this branch is not empty. Additionally, a statistic about the content of the branch is displayed.

2. Click **Delete**.

Working with the site map

1. Click Site map (3) to display the site map for the installation.

Site map			×
🕨 🔳 🌇 España			
🕨 🔳 🏠 France			
🕨 🔳 🏠 Čeština			
👻 🔳 🏠 Deutschlan	d		
👻 🔳 🍙 Berlin			
- 🔳 🟥 Com	pany calendar		
🗂 Nat	ional and local holidays		
👯 map su	b		
Videow	all		
👻 🔳 🍙 Stettin			
🔳 🏥 Com	pany calendar		
🕨 🔳 🎁 Company o	alendar		
I VOIP			
👯 Main map			
📟 Nuevo grupo	de placas de licencia		
🚥 Neue Kennzei	chengruppe		
ନ Neues Gerät			
1+3			
Double			
Expand all	Collapse all	Consistency check	
Show video servers with Show all entities (includi	multiple video sources as or ing users, alarms and servers)	ne device	

Fig. 104: Site map

The site map provides the following functions:

- Arranging objects (entities) in branches and folder by drag & drop.
- Checking consistency of the logical structure of the relations of the objects distributed in branches is valid (see Relationship between the main branch and its sub-branches, p. 185).

Moving objects between branches

Moving objects between branches requires administrator rights for the main branch. Administrators of sub-branches do not have access to the main branch.

- 1. To move an object (entity) between the main branch ("company") and a sub-branch, select the main branch.
- 2. Select the object in the administration control.
- 3. Drag and drop the selected object into the branch.

Performing a consistency check

Moving objects between branches may cause inconsistent references. Therefore it is recommended to perform a consistency check immediately after moving objects to another branch.

- 1. Select **Show video servers with multiple video sources as one device** to display an encoder with multiple cameras as one device. Otherwise, all cameras belonging to one encoder will be displayed as separate devices.
- 2. Select **Show all entities** to display all objects like users, alarms and servers.
- 3. Click **Consistency check** to display any inconsistencies. For "legal" and "illegal" references, see Relationship between the main branch and its sub-branches, p. 185.

Editing menu on the administration control



Fig. 105: Editing menu on the administration control

The following editing modes are available on the Administration control:

- Create new object (1).
- Duplicate object (2). Only one object can be selected.
- Refresh view (3). Depending on the context, a sorting icon is displayed.
- Delete object (4).
- Edit object (6). Depending on the context, many different configuration pages or a multiple configuration can be open.
- Create new folder (2).

Cameras

The **Camera** function on the control bar allows you to configure and manage the video hardware like IP cameras and video encoders.

Creating a camera manually

For creating multiple cameras quickly with the device finder, see Find devices, p. 179.

1. Click **Create new object** in the camera control bar.

Create camera					×
Name:					
Motion Detection Ca	m 1				
Manufacturer:					
Axis					•
Туре:					
Axis Smart Driver (H.	264 Generatior	n)			•
Use authorization					
User name					
root					
Password					
••••					
Host (IP address or na	ime):		Por	t:	
10.0.111					80 🜩
DeviceManager:					
DM1					•
	OK		Mizord	Conc	
	OK				
			Validate settings	before device c	reation

Fig. 106: Creating a camera

2. In the Create camera window, enter the name for the new camera. If you want to configure the new camera using the configuration wizard, click **Wizard** (see Creating a camera with the wizard, p. 197).

The wizard cannot be used for creating a camera using generic drivers. The generic driver only receives the standard image stream (RTSP stream) from the camera.

3. Select the **manufacturer** and **type** of the camera.

Generic video driver: The generic video driver can be used to integrate cameras that are not integrated into the Qognify software. The functions are restricted to displaying and recording the camera image. The video parameters, e.g. the resolution and the frame rate, must be configured on the camera directly. Qognify does not accept liability for correct operation of cameras that are integrated by the generic video driver.

Smart camera driver: The vendor-specific camera drivers obtain the supported features directly from the camera. Qognify provides camera drivers for several manufacturers. All models available at the time of the current release are supported (for details, see the related PDF document in the download section of the Qognify partner website on Qognify partner website.

Some models that are different from the manufacturers' standard can cause different behavior of the generic camera driver. Any camera planned to be used with a generic driver should be tested before making any binding agreements. Approved devices are listed in the document "Supported 3rd Party interfaces".

Generic camera drivers do not support offline configuration. For projects with many cameras of the same type, at least one camera per model must be connected and configured. Afterwards, the cameras may be duplicated and configured as often as required.

- ONVIF Driver/ ONVIF Profile-S Driver: The ONVIF video driver can be used to integrate cameras that are not integrated into the Qognify software. The functions are restricted to displaying and recording the camera image. The video parameters, e.g. the resolution and the frame rate, and motion detection can be configured depending on the ONVIF version. Qognify does not accept liability for correct operation of cameras that are integrated by the ONVIF video driver.
- Qognify Archive: A Qognify Archive camera allows the import of recordings that appear as a regular camera in the archive mode (see Archive mode, p. 157).
- Qognify JPEG Camera Emulator: Video streams can be composed from JPEG-files that are stored in a specific folder in the file system (e.g. cameras upload their images to an FTP-server). Therefore the video stream is independent from the camera hardware. Very slow frame rates (e.g. 1 frame per minute) are also possible.
- 4. Select an authorization, if required, and enter a User name and Password.
- 5. Enter the **Host** name or IP address of the camera.
- 6. Select the **DeviceManager**, if applicable. If multiple servers have been installed for storing the image data (see Installation of a distributed server, p. 57), the available servers are displayed.

7. Optionally activate **Validate settings before device creation**. This checks if the camera can be implemented properly.

If the check fails, the camera can be loaded anyways and the settings can be changed afterward.

8. Click **OK** to confirm your entries. The new camera is displayed in the camera control bar and can be configured (see Configuring a camera, p. 200).

Creating a camera with the wizard

With the camera configuration wizard you can integrate a camera with a few steps. The settings correspond to the steps in the Cameras control (see Creating a camera manually, p. 195).

The wizard cannot be used for creating a camera using generic drivers. The generic driver only receives the standard image stream from the camera.

General settings

Camera configuration wizard	×
General settings	
Ceneral settings Do you want to activate digital inputs and/or outputs? O /ul>	
Car	ncel Back Next Done

Fig. 107: General settings

- 1. Select **Yes** to activate digital inputs or outputs (if available on the camera) or **No** to deactivate them.
- 2. If the camera needs to be rotated, select the rotation angle.
- 3. Select and enter the data to be displayed in the camera image.
- 4. Click **Next** to define the standard recording settings.

Standard recording

Camera configu	uration wizard	×
Standard recordin	ng	
Which streaming RTSP	; mode do you want to use?	
Oo you want to a ● No ○ Yes	activate audio recording on the camera?	
What resolution Resolution: Frame rate:	and frame rate do you want to use for standard recording? Default 10	
Is the image stor Days:	re to have a time limit? Hours: Minutes: ↓ 1 ↓ ↓ 0	
Do you want to u No Yes	use the same resolution and frame rate for alarm recording?	
	Cancel Back Next Done	

Fig. 108: Standard recording

- 1. Select the streaming mode (e.g. M-JPEG, H.264, H.265, RTSP).
- 2. Activate audio recording (only available on MPEG-4, H.264 or H.265 streams).
- 3. Select **Resolution** and **Frame rate** for the standard recording.
- 4. Define the time limit for the image storage.
- 5. Click **Next** to define the alarm recording settings.

Alarm recording

Camera config	uration wizard	×
Alarm recording		
What resolution	and frame rate do you want to use for alarm recording?	
Resolution:	Default	
Frame rate:	◆ 2	
Is the image sto	re to have a time limit?	
Days:	Hours: Minutes:	
\$ 0		
		5.
	Cancel Back Next Done]

Fig. 109: Alarm recording

- 1. Select **Resolution** and **Frame rate** for the alarm recording.
- 2. Define the time limit for the image storage.
- 3. Click **Next** to see a summary of your settings.

Summary

Camera configura	tion wizard		×
Summary			
Title			
Date and time	False		
Rotation	180000		
Audio	False		
Digital inputs	0		
Digital outputs	0		
Motion detection wind	low 0		
Streaming mode	RTSP		
	Standard recording	Alarm recording	
Resolution	Default	Default	
Frame rate	10	2	
Time limit of image sto	ore 0 day(s) 1 hour(s)	0 day(s) 1 hour(s)	
			2
			_
		Cancel Back Next Done	

Fig. 110: Summary

- 1. Check the settings.
- 2. To make changes, click **Back** and change the settings.
- 3. To apply the settings, click **Done**.

Configuring a camera

1. Select the camera in the overview. The settings of the camera are displayed in the main window.

Network cameras consist of a video server unit (encoder) and at least one camera unit. Accordingly, the settings of a network camera are always subdivided into video server settings and camera settings. The video server settings include all of the connectionspecific parameters, while the camera settings include all of the image quality and image storage settings.

General	
Activated:	Yes 💌
Name:	AXIS P1311
Description:	
Manufacturer:	Axis
Туре:	P1311
Firmware:	Undefined
Host:	10.0.8.234
HTTP port:	\$ 80
HTTPS port:	€ 443 No ▼
	Browser
API version:	2.09
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager 🔹
Authentication:	Yes 💌
User name:	root
Password:	****
Virtual cameras:	No

Encoder / camera: general

Fig. 111: Encoder / camera: general

1. Activate the camera or encoder.

In case of a multichannel encoder the connected cameras are not accessible anymore.

2. Click **Query Device** e.g, settings have changed directly on the camera.

The feature is only available if the camera is integrated with the ONVIF driver or Smart driver.

- 3. Enter a unique **Name** of the network camera.
- 4. Enter a descriptive text of up to 1000 characters. The description will be included in the export and can also be set for multiple cameras. The description is also available in the configuration export tool and is displayed in the configuration mode search (see Searching in configuration mode, p. 184).
- 5. Select the protocol type (**http** or **https**), and change the **Port** number, if necessary.

- 6. To test the incoming camera signal, click **Browser**. The browser defined in the system settings ("standard browser") starts up, and the camera's web interface is displayed in the browser window.
- 7. The application programming interface (**API version**) is identified automatically.
- 8. Define a **Stream network timeout (s)** between 5 and 20 seconds. Set a value for the stream network timeout between 5 and 20 seconds. If the network connection to the camera is temporarily lost, an error message is suppressed for the duration of the set value and the last received image remains in the camera view.

The feature is only available if the camera is integrated with the ONVIF driver or Smart driver.

9. If necessary, change the DeviceManager server.

Changing the DeviceManager will delete all existing recordings.

- 10. Specify if **Authentication** is required for the camera and, if necessary, enter a **User name** and **Password**.
- 11. Select **Virtual cameras** to display and save multiple image details from a camera as a separate camera.

This function is only available for specific camera models.

After activation of the virtual camera function, multiple virtual cameras are automatically created. The number of virtual cameras depends on the camera model. They are configured similarly to a standard camera. The image details can be specified in the virtual camera configuration (see Virtual camera (image detail), p. 207).

Maintenance

This feature applies to Axis SD and Bosch SD cameras.

Pushing the password

The maintenance feature supports modifying the camera password in a bulk operation instead of setting the password for each camera individually.

Maintenance		
Push new password to the camera:	Password:	
	Confirm password:	Push password

Fig. 112: Maintenance

- 1. Set the camera password and confirm by repeating.
- 2. Select **Push password**. The camera is restarted with the new password.

Digital inputs

Some cameras provide digital inputs that can trigger camera specific features, such as restarting the camera or switching on the camera light.

Digital inp	uts					
Input	Activated	Name for CLOSED	lcon	Name for OPEN	lcon	Dead time (s)
1	\checkmark	CLOSED: input 1	¥m ▼	OPEN: input 1	See 🗸	\$ 1

Fig. 113: Digital inputs

- 1. Select the digital inputs and specify unique names for **Name for CLOSED** and **Name for OPEN**.
- 2. Specify the interval for the **dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again. That prevents the event database from becoming unnecessarily large when events in rapid succession occur. This setting may also be used to trigger an alarm (see Alarms, p. 307).
- 3. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 4. **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Digital outputs

Some cameras provide digital outputs. A state change can be used e. g. as a start event in a alarm scenario.

Digital out	puts			
Output	Activated	Name for CLOSE	Name for OPEN	Hold time (s)
1	\checkmark	CLOSE: output 1	OPEN: output 1	‡ 3

Fig. 114: Digital outputs

- 1. Select the digital outputs and specify unique names for **Name for CLOSED** and **Name for OPEN**.
- 2. Specify the **hold time** for the time (in seconds) within which an output is opened or closed (0 = infinite).

Camera general

General	
Activated:	Yes 💌
Name:	AXIS P1311
Description:	
Stream audio/video:	Always
Camera ID:	↓ 1
Camera type:	P1311 Open converter
Display title:	No
Show date and time:	No
Custom icons :	× ·
Streaming Priority:	Smooth video 💌
Expose static URL:	Ves 🔹
	rtsp:// <sgs ip="">:<port>/video?staticentityid=4611967493491844597</port></sgs>
Rotate image:	180° 🔹
360 lens:	No

Fig. 115: Camera general settings - 1

- 1. Activate or deactivate the camera.
- 2. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the camera.
- Optionally, select Stream Audio / Video to enable video streams continuously or on demand (trigger-based). This feature can reduce the network traffic e.g. in LTE environments.
 - Always (default): Video streaming from the camera to the Device Manager is available and can be recorded or delivered to the client immediately on request.
 - On demand: There is no video stream from the camera at all. Video streaming can be started e.g. by an alarm event (see Actions at start of alarm in Server, p. 320) or a button action (see Action, p. 332). It can take while to establish the video stream.
 - On demand quick start: Video streams from the camera are discard by the Device Manager. Video streaming can be started e.g. by an alarm event (see Actions at start of alarm in Server, p. 320) or a button action (see Action, p. 332). When needed the related video stream is available immediately.
- 4. If necessary, change the **Camera ID** and adapt the ID of the associated camera to the hardware. The camera ID is only required for some camera controllers.

- 5. Select the **Camera type**:
 - Camera: The camera is used with or without the PTZ control functions, depending on the camera type.
 - External PTZ: If the camera does not have its own PTZ control unit, you can divert the control signals of an encoder to another camera with a connected PTZ control unit. A separate RS-485 port of the encoder is required for each diversion.
- 6. To change the camera type, click **Open converter** (see Converting a camera, p. 239).
- 7. Specify whether a title is to be displayed in the camera image, and enter the **Title**.
- 8. Select whether the **Date and time** are to be displayed in the camera image.
- 9. Select a **Custom icon** for the camera (see Managing sound and icon files with custom media, p. 376)
- 10. Change the **Streaming Priority** if required from Smooth Video to low latency:
 - Smooth Video (default): The video images from the camera are dynamically buffered in the random-access memory (RAM) on the Qognify client before they are displayed. This normalizes fluctuations in the live video display based on problematic situations like network jitter, limited bandwidth, non equidistant frames, jumping frame rates, etc.
 - Low Latency: The video images from the camera are displayed in real-time without buffering. Therefore insufficient bandwidth can result in jerky video.
- 11. Set **Expose static URL** to "Yes" to enable a static IP address for the camera for the video stream URL.
 - The placeholders for the IP address and the port number must be replaced by the address and the port of the SGS gateway the camera is connected to (see Configuring the Gateway-Service (SGS) module, p. 357).
 - When using the RTSP protocol, make sure that "RTP_Over_RTSP_Over_TCP" is selected as the transmission mode (see Editing a video stream, p. 216).
- 12. If the camera was not mounted upright, use the **Rotate image** function to rotate the image in 90° steps (90°, 180°, 270°).

Some rotation angles are only available for specific camera models.

- 13. Select **Control camera** (available for PTZ cameras only) if you are configuring a PTZ camera or a control unit in order to give the user the option of controlling the camera in surveillance mode.
- 14. Specify the PTZ sensitivity (available for PTZ cameras only) of the camera control.
- 15. Select the **Camera position** (available for PTZ cameras only) to give the user the option of defining and using the preset camera positions in surveillance mode.
- 16. Select **Invert PTZ control** (available for PTZ cameras only) to correctly control cameras, e. g. cameras that are mounted upside down.
- 17. If the camera has a **360°-angle lens** (wide-angle or fish eye lens), select the manufacturer of the lens and its parameters.
 - If available at the camera, select the **Dewarping mode** and set the **Position of the camera**. The dewarping mode determines the extent to which the distortion of the image produced by the fish eye lens is rectified.
 - After selecting an appropriate camera, set the dewarping mode to Panorama or Virtual PTZ, and the camera position to ceiling, table, or wall.

Action in the case of inactivity:	Edit)
No action selected		
Timeout (s):	\$ 60]
Action at start of video stream:	Edit]
No action selected		
Action when the video stream stops:	Edit]
No action selected		
Action in the event of a network error:	Edit]
No action selected		
Dead time (s):	\$ 3600]

Fig. 116: Camera general settings - 2

- 18. Make a selection for **Action in the case of inactivity** to specify which action is to be performed if a PTZ camera is not controlled. The selected action is displayed.
- 19. Specify for **Timeout (s)** in seconds the time after which the action is to be performed if the PTZ-camera is inactive.
- 20. Make entries for Action at start of video stream and Action when the video stream stops. The selected actions are displayed.
 - The Action at the start of the video stream is triggered if a user has the camera in surveillance mode in the foreground, i.e. is viewing the current live image of that camera.
 - The Action when the video stream stops is triggered if the current camera is closed or a different layer is moved to the foreground.
- 21. Select the **Action in the case of network error** to specify an action if the camera is inactive due to network error. The selected action is displayed.
- 22. Define a **Dead time (s)** in seconds for the selected action in which a network error will not trigger the action again. The default value is 3600s.

Geo coordinates

Camera can be located on a map with GPS coordinates. The coordinates are provided as web mercator mappings. Longitude is the east-west position, latitude is the north-south position. The coordinates are synchronized with the feature "Advanced Maps" (refer to Maps and "Advanced Maps", p. 326).

Geo coordinates	
Coordinate system	Web Mercator EPSG:3857
Longitude	52.5162556
Latitude	13.37708568573

Fig. 117: Geo coordinates

- 1. Enter the geo coordinates of the camera for the longitude.
- 2. Enter the geo coordinates for the camera for the latitude.

Virtual camera (image detail)

If the feature "virtual camera" is activated (see Encoder / camera: general, p. 201), all virtual cameras except the first are deactivated by default.

Virtual came	era (imag	ge detail)	
Aspect ratio	4:3	16:9	Any	AND NOT AND
	0	۲	0	
х	\$ 456			
Y	\$ 257			The second se
Width	\$ 2037	7		
Height	\$ 1146	5		
				and the second sec
	R	eload im	age	

Fig. 118: Virtual camera (image detail)

1. Select the Aspect ratio of the virtual camera (4:3, 16:9, or Any).

"Any" is only available if supported by the camera.

We recommend to select the same aspect ratio in the video stream settings (see Video streams, p. 215), because otherwise the image could become cropped.

- 2. Enter the x and y coordinates of the top right corner of the red rectangle which defines the image section).
- 3. Enter the width or height of the image section to be displayed.
- If width is selected, the height will be scaled automatically depending on the selected aspect ratio
- If height is selected, the width will be scaled automatically depending on the selected aspect ratio.
- Optionally, the field of view can also be scaled by dragging the corner points.
- 4. To change the position of the selected area in the image, click into the selected area and move the selection with the mouse button pressed.
- 5. Click **Reload image** to create a new snapshot of the scene.

Image storage

This section describes the configuration of conditions for standard and alarm recordings, as well as the "Edge Storage" and "Record On Motion" behaviors.

Configuration mode Cameras

Multimedia database

Video recordings are stored according to the so called "ring buffer" queue in the multimedia database. For a brief overview, see the following illustration.





When the storage capacity reaches **85%**, a **Zone almost full**-message is send via SNMP, email or as message to the client. As soon as the storage capacity reaches **95%**, the ring buffer system starts deleting the oldest video data to create free disk space for new recordings. The image data of the prioritized cameras (**P**) are the last to be deleted.

All of the image storage settings (e.g. the size of a camera's storage area on the hard disk) are configured here. To prevent sensitive image data from being overwritten, standard and alarm recordings are configured separately.

When storage capacity reaches 95%, the oldest recordings will be deleted in the following order:

- 1. Standard recordings
- 2. Alarm recordings
- 3. Prioritized standard recordings
- 4. Prioritized alarm recordings

Image storage				
Priority:	Yes	-		
Standard recording:	Yes	,		
Recording period:	🕑 Always	_		-
Time limit:	Days:	_	Hours:	Minutes:
	\$	3	• 1	• 0
Recording if:				
	Select			
Alarm recording:	Yes 💌		Stream for Alarm recording	Stream 1/6 2048@2 💌
Time limit:	Days:		Hours:	Minutes:
	\$	5	\$ 1	• 0
Maximum pre-alarm buffer (s):	\$ 25	5		
Maximum post-alarm duration (s):	\$ 300	0		
Standard recording data aging:		-		
Alarm recording data aging:	No	_		
Timespan with full data rate (days):	No			
Francispan with full data fate (days).	↓ 14	¥		
Frame rate (fps):	÷ 1			
Show system message when last full frame is older than:	Days:	_	Hours:	Minutes:
	÷	0	\$ 1	\$ 0

Fig. 119: Multimedia database settings

- 1. Select **Multimedia database** from the Image storage menu.
- 2. Select whether the image recording has a **Priority**: If the storage capacity reaches 95%, the ring buffer system starts deleting the oldest image data. The recorded image data of the prioritized cameras are the last to be deleted (see order of deletion above).
- 3. Select whether **Standard recordings** are to be carried out with this camera.
- 4. Select the **Recording period**. You specify the exact period using a time template that you create in the time management (see Time management, p. 304). By default, continuous recording is started ("Always").
- 5. Select the **Time limit** and enter the maximum storage duration. If the time limit is exceeded, recordings older than the specified time limit will be deleted.

6. In section **Recording if** you can select a condition on available digital inputs for starting image recording.



Fig. 120: Multimedia database - select condition

- 7. Select whether Alarm recordings are to be carried out with this camera.
- 8. Select a **stream for alarm recording**. To use this feature the multi-stream function must be supported by the camera and has to be configured (see Video streams, p. 215)
- 9. Select the **Time limit** and enter the maximum storage duration. If the time limit is exceeded, the recordings older than the specified time limit will be deleted.
- 10. Specify a **Maximum pre-alarm buffer** (up to 3600 seconds) to record a period if a standard recording is deactivated or an additional stream for alarm recording is defined. The pre-alarm buffer defines the maximum length of pre-alarm duration that can be configured in an alarm scenario (see Server, p. 320 settings in for the alarm-configuration). The data recorded in the buffer memory is transferred to the alarm recording track when manual recording is started (see Manual alarm recording, p. 141).

The pre-alarm buffer is taken into account only if there is no standard recording available.

- 11. Specify a **Maximum post-alarm duration** for manual alarm recording to record a period after the alarm is triggered for manual alarm recordings in surveillance mode (see Manual alarm recording, p. 141). If manual alarm recording is not stopped, the recording will stop automatically at the end of the specified post-alarm duration.
- Activate automatic reduction of the frame rate of standard recordings or alarm recordings after a specified period (Standard recording data aging or Alarm recording data aging). On expiration of the specified period, the frame rate of the stored recordings is reduced to save memory (data aging).

The data aging process only compresses the image data of the day before the configured day.

Example You record an H.264 stream with 20 images a second with an I-frame interval of one second. Data aging reduces the frame rate to one image a second, because all P-frames are deleted. Tracking data and audio recordings are always deleted.

13. Specify the **Time limit** after which the recordings are to be compressed and released from the audio track.

- 14. Specify the **Frame rate** (in fps) at which the recordings are to be stored after the time limit is exceeded. This reduces the image data to the set frame rate.
 - Motion JPEG recordings will be reduced to the defined frame rate.
 - MPEG-4 / H.264 / H.265 recordings will be reduced to i-frames (the p-frames will be deleted).
- 15. Set a time frame after which a system notification message is triggered if the last full frame recorded is older than the specified time. To receive the message "The last archive image is older than the configured value", the Event Manager must be configured correspondingly (see Configuring the Event Manager, p. 366).

Edge storage

The menu item "Edge storage" is only displayed if supported by the selected camera.

Edge Storage			
Edge Storage	Gap filling 👻		
Recording type	Standard recording 💌		
Check during device start	No 💌		
Import Speed	1x -		
	Add	Edit	Delete
Execution time:	Days	Start	Edit/delete
Activate trigger	No 👻		
Optional time range (in minutes)	No	\$ -1	

Fig. 121: Edge storage

Edge storage uses the camera to store images on an internal storage media (e.g. SD card) to cover connection failures between the camera and the database server. If the connection between the camera and the server is interrupted, recording gaps on the DeviceManager will result.

After the connection is reestablished, the recording gaps on the server can be filled with the recordings from the camera's internal storage media. Time schedules for recording and maximal recording size are taken into consideration.

Both use cases require configuration on camera side (see "Technical_Guides_Qognify_ Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf"). Both use cases require a license which includes edge storage functions.

There are various options to configure edge storage in configuration mode:

- Check on device start: If a device is started or reconnects after network failure, the import will be triggered.
- Import speed: Depending on the camera brand and model different values can be selected, e.g.
 - 1x: The import speed is identical to the playback speed of the recording
 - 2x: The import speed is double the playback speed of the recording
 - Max: Depending on the camera manufacturer, some cameras allow a higher import speed. By selecting this value, the Qognify VMS client will import the recordings at the highest possible speed available for the camera (for settings in the DeviceManager configuration, see below).
- Import triggered by schedule (see Gap filling, p. 213).
- Manual import of a time range in archive mode (see Full import, p. 214).
 - Optionally, a time range can be defined. If no time range is defined, all data since the last import will be imported.
 - If a time range is defined, only data within this range will be imported.
- Import triggered by an alarm scenario.

Remarks

- To prevent network flooding, only one device at a time will retrieve video from edge storage. If the importing or gap filling is triggered for several devices at the same time, they will be lined up in a queue.
- Do not change the configuration of the device while gap filling or full import is active as this may result in data loss.
- Make sure that the camera date / time is synchronized with the date, daytime, daylight savings time and time on the Qognify server.
- Edge storage does not work in a failover scenario (productive DM is offline and the redundant DM is recording images at that moment).
- Gap filling: In configuration mode > Camera > Image Storage > MultimediaDatabase you can activate **only record if**: This option will be ignored when checking for missing recordings. If there is a recording gap because of this feature, the missing recording will be transferred from the camera to the MDB although no recording is intended.
- It is possible to check manually for missing recordings (and update them): Open the camera in archive mode and click on update timeline. Depending on the missing recordings the update will take some time.
- Time schedules, holidays, maximum recording time range will not be ignored.
- Gap filling: If checking once a day for gaps, make sure to have recordings for two days on the device to make it work properly. Also make sure that the SD card has enough storage space for two days of recording.
- Recordings that are overwrite-protected will not be replaced by edge storage imports.
- Inserted recordings in the MDS will be shown in report mode.
- Gaps will be filled only after the first access to the camera.

If the recording fails often, Qognify cannot ensure that the edge storage functionality is working properly. In this case the camera problem or network problem must be fixed first.

Gap filling

Gap filling fills recording gaps on the zone with the recordings from the edge storage device.

For other settings than gap filling, see Edge storage, p. 211.

Edge Storage							
Edge Storage		Gap fillir	ng	•			
Recording type		Standard	d recording	-			
Check during device start		No		-			
Import Speed		1		-			
			Add		Edit		Delete
Execution time:		Days			Sta	art	Edit/delete
Time selection				×			
Monday	Thursday		Sunday				
Tuesday	Friday		Public h	oliday			
Wednesday	Saturday						
					l		
Start:	18:27 🔷 🔻						
Ac							
Ок			Cancel			-1	

Fig. 122: Gap filling - 1

- 1. For Edge storage, select Gap filling.
- 2. For **Recording type**, select if the imported image data should be treated as **Standard recording** or **Alarm recording**.
- 3. For **Execution time** add at least one schedule and select the time when Qognify VMS looks automatically for gaps in the recordings and fills them up.

A daily system check is recommended.

Activate trigger	Yes	•
Optional time range (in minutes)	Yes	▼ \$ 5

- 4. To trigger gap filling by an alarm scenario or a sequence, set **Activate trigger** to **Yes**.
- 5. Activate **Optional time range (in minutes)** and specify the number of minutes of excess time before and after the actual gap filling. The data from the camera will deliver not only the missing time frame, but also a surplus to prevent gaps.

Full import

Full import overwrites all recordings on the zone with the recordings imported from the edge storage device.

The files can only be imported manually in archive mode (see Archive mode, p. 157).

- 1. For Edge storage, select Full import.
- 2. For **Recording type**, select if the imported video sequences should be treated as **Standard recording** or **Alarm recording**.
- 3. Switch to archive mode.
- 4. Press CTRL and click Update timeline (13) in the Archive player (see Archive player, p. 158).

Synchronize Edge S	Storage 🗙		
From:			
26.09.2016 🔷 🔻	12:10 🔷 🔻		
To:			
26.09.2016 🔷 🔻	14:15 🔷 🔻		
ÖK			

Fig. 123: Full import

5. In the pop-up menu, define the time range and click **OK**.

Record on motion

The feature Record on motion allows a quick and simple configuration of an alarm recording.

Record on motion does not replace a complete alarm scenario (see Alarms, p. 307).

Record On Motion	
Enable record on motion:	No
pre-alarm (s):	\$ 3
post-alarm (s):	\$ 3
Camera side motion detection:	Disabled
Server side motion detection:	Disabled

Fig. 124: Record on motion

1. Activate **Enable record on motion** if there should be an alarm recording as the result of an enabled server-based or camera-based motion detection.

- 2. Deactivate **Enable record on motion**. You will be asked if server-based motion detection should be deactivated.
- 3. Specify a pre-alarm duration.
- 4. Specify a post alarm duration.

Video streams

In the video streams section, different profiles for the transmission of image data from the camera should be specifies and configured. Qognify VMS creates a base stream during installation of the camera. The base stream cannot be deleted.

If supported by the camera, multiple video streams can be configured, e.g. to use a different video quality in surveillance mode, for alarm recording, and for analytics purposes.

Creating a new video stream

If supported by the camera, different settings can be applied to one video stream, e.g. to use a different video quality in surveillance mode and for alarm recording. The different recordings are captured from the base stream. The base stream cannot be deleted.

1. In the configuration tree click on "Video streams". The configured video streams are listed.

Videostreams		
Stream 1/6 Stream 2/6 Stream 3/6		

Fig. 125: Creating a new video stream

2. Click **New** to create a new video stream.

The maximum number of streams depends on the camera type.

Deleting a video stream

- 1. In the configuration tree click on "Video streams". The configured video streams are listed.
- 2. Select the video stream and click **Delete**.

Editing a video stream

- 1. Select the video stream, and click **Edit** to make the required settings.
- 2. Select the **capture mode**.

Capture mode can only be selected if supported by the camera. The available capture modes are dependent on the camera type. With multi-channel devices or virtual cameras, changing to the capture mode affects all devices of this video server. Therefore capture mode can only be defined for the base stream (displayed by a home icon), but affects all subsequent streams of the selected camera. Depending on the setting selected, the camera provides different frame rates and resolutions. The camera may restart and be inaccessible for a few minutes.

- 3. Select the type of the **video** stream. The following video streams are available, depending on the hardware:
 - Motion JPEG (M-JPEG)
 - H.264 / H.265 (supports audio)
 - MPEG-4 (supports audio)
 - MxPEG (native Mobotix format)
 - RTSP (real-time streaming protocol)

Motion JPEG (M-JPEG)

Stream 1/6		
Capture mode:	5MP 2560x1920 (4:3)	
Video stream:	Motion JPEG	
Video codec:	Motion JPEG	
Transmission mode:	HTTP_Serverpush	
Activate audio:	No	
Standard recording		Alarm recording
Frame rate (fps):	2	Do you want to configure alarm recording individually?
Quality (%):	\$ 50	
Resolution:	2048x1536	
RTSP port:	\$ 554	
DM/Client Multicast:		No
Address:		
Port:		‡ 1
TTL:		↓ 1
		<u> </u>
Fig. 126: Motion JPEG (M-JPEG)

- 1. Select the **transmission mode**: HTTP server push (only available mode for Motion JPEG) also known as HTTP streaming is a mechanism for sending unsolicited (asynchronous) data from a (camera) web server to the DeviceManager.
- 2. Specify the Frame rate (fps) for standard recording.
- 3. Specify **Quality** separately for standard recording.
- 4. Select a suitable **Resolution** for the camera image for standard recording.
- 5. Specify an **RTSP port**. The default RTSP port is 544.
- 6. Optionally configure the alarm recording separately.

It is not recommended to specify different alarm recording settings. If there are differences in the settings for standard and alarm recording, it can take several seconds to switch from standard to alarm recording. The length of time taken depends on the camera. There may be no recording available at all during this period.

If a different video quality is required for alarm recording, it is recommended to define a separate video stream that can be assigned in the alarm recording settings (see Multimedia database, p. 208).

H.264 / H.265 / (MPEG-4)

Stream 1/6		
Capture mode:	5MP 2560x1920 (4:3)	
Video stream:	H.264 💌	
Video codec:	H.264	
Transmission mode:	RTP_Over_UDP_Unica 💌	
Activate audio:	No	
Standard recording		Alarm recording
Frame rate (fps):	2	Do you want to configure alarm recording individually?
I-Frame distance (s):	\$ 1	
Quality (%):	\$ 50	
Resolution:	2048x1536 🝷	
Bandwidth control:	Variable 💌	
RTSP port:	\$ 554	
DM/Client Multicast:		No
Address:		
Port:		↓ 1
TTL:		↓ 1
		0

Fig. 127: H.264/ H.265 (MPEG-4)

- 1. Select the **Transmission mode**. The following transmission modes are available depending on the camera:
 - RTP over UDP Unicast (default setting): Communication between the Qognify server and camera is via TCP port 554 (RTSP port). Image transmission from the camera to the server is via a negotiated UDP port.
 - **RTP over UDP Multicast**: Communication between the Qognify server and camera is via TCP port 554 (RTSP port). Image transmission is via a multicast address provided by the camera. RTP over UDP Multicast should only be used if third-party systems (e.g. Barco or eyevis) and the server access the camera simultaneously.
 - RTP over RTSP over TCP: Communication between the Qognify server and camera and image transmission is via TCP port 554 (RTSP port). This setting is recommended for poor network connection between servers and camera. Latency times may occur due to repeated transmission of corrupt data.
 - RTP over RTSP over HTTP Unicast: Communication and image transmission is via a HTTP tunnel (port 80 TCP). This setting is recommended for poor network connection between servers and camera. Latency times may occur due to repeated transmission of corrupt data.

2. **Activate audio** for the transmission of audio signals. This function is available only if the camera can process audio signals in MPEG-4-based video streams.

If activated, the audio stream is also recorded and therefore available in archive mode.

- 3. Specify the Frame rate (fps) for standard recording.
- 4. Define the I-frame distance for MPEG-4 / H.264./ H.265
- 5. Specify **Quality** separately for standard recording.
- 6. Select a suitable **Resolution** for the camera image for standard recording.
- 7. Select the type of **Bandwidth control** for MPEG-4/H.264/H.265 streams:
 - Variable Bitrate: VBR is used if sufficient resources and bandwidth are available. VBR delivers constant image quality at static scenes and motion.
 - **Constant Bitrate**: CBR is used if only reduced bandwidth is available. CBR delivers good image quality at static scenes and reduced image quality on motion.
- 8. Specify an **RTSP port** (default port: 554).
- 9. Optionally configure alarm recordings separately.

It is not recommended to specify different alarm recording settings. If there are differences in the settings for standard and alarm recording, it can take several seconds to switch from standard to alarm recording. The length of time taken depends on the camera. There may be no recording available at all during this period.

If a different video quality is required for alarm recording, it is recommended to define a separate video stream that can be assigned in the alarm recording settings (see Multimedia database, p. 208).

Video classifications



Fig. 128: Video classifications

Video classifications are available only when multiple video-streams are specified for a camera. In this case, each stream has to be classified. Classified streams can be used for multiple purposes. For example, the classification "Standard quality" is used for standard recording and alarm recording while the classification "HD quality" is used for displaying the camera image on the client depending on the user profile (see Image settings, p. 302).

1. Select the appropriate video classification (see Configuring the video classification, p. 363).

DM / Client Multicast

DM/Client Multicast:	No
Address:	
Port:	\$ 1
TTL:	• 1
	0

Fig. 129: DM / Client Multicast

 Select **DM / Client Multicast** streaming to display a single video stream simultaneously on multiple clients. Multicast should only be used if there is low bandwidth between the DeviceManager and clients.

Multicast-capable network hardware is required for multicast streaming.

- 2. Enter the network **Address** and **Port** number of the multicast server.
- 3. Specify the **TTL** ("Time-to-live") period after which the client has to log in to the multicast server again. A short TTL results in a higher network load.

Audio

If the camera supports transmission of audio signals, the audio codec can be configured. However, the adjustments in the camera control in surveillance mode override the camera settings (see Audio, p. 150). To use the transmission of audio signals from the camera to the client, the transmission has to be activated in the video stream settings (see Video streams, p. 215).

Camera selection is only necessary for multi-channel devices.

Audio	
Associated camera:	AXIS M1054
Audio codec:	G.711 μ-law
Audio (Speak):	Yes 💌

Fig. 130: Audio

- 1. Select the MPEG-4/H.264/H.265 mode for video streams in the video stream settings (see Video streams, p. 215).
- 2. Select the associated camera.
- 3. Select the corresponding **audio codec.**
- 4. If supported by the camera, select **Audio (Speak)**. When set to "Yes", an audio communication to the camera is possible in surveillance mode (see Audio, p. 150).

Camera positions / digital presets

If the selected camera supports PTZ the menu item is "Camera positions".

If the selected camera does not support PTZ, this menu item changes to "Digital Presets". All camera positions will be defined using the digital zoom. The number of camera positions is limited by the camera.

Camera positions can be created and deleted as "presets" by the user in surveillance mode and by the administrator in configuration mode.



Fig. 131: Camera positions / digital presets

Depending on the camera the following features are available:

- Iris +
- Iris -
- Auto iris
- Day mode
- Night mode
- Auto mode
- Close-up focus
- Long-range focus
- Auto focus

Creating camera positions / digital presets

Admin presets are created and managed by the administrator.

- 1. Use the PTZ controller or an external controller device to move the camera to the required position.
- 2. Click Add new camera position.
- 3. Enter the **name** of the new preset position, and click **OK**. The name is displayed in the column, and the preset position is assigned the next free position number. If there are not enough position numbers, the additional positions are added in a drop-down list.

Editing preset positions / digital presets

- 1. Click on the position you want to edit or select it from the list.
- 2. Click Edit current preset.
- 3. Use the PTZ controller or an external controller device to move the camera to the required position.
- 4. Change the positions name if required.
- 5. Click Save current changes.
- 6. To delete a preset position, click on the selection, select the name from the list, and click **Delete current camera position**.

Importing camera positions / digital presets

Positions that are already configured on the camera can be imported into the Qognify configuration.

The import presets option is available only when the user has rights to create presets (see Managing user rights, p. 293) and camera position needs to be enabled in the general camera configuration (see Camera general, p. 204).

1. Click Import Camera Positions.



When importing preset positions from a camera, all positions in the Qognify configuration will be overwritten!

2. Click OK. The import process starts.

Video Backup/Export

Video Backup/Export	
Automatic backup of image data from multin	nedia database server:
Automatically backup standard recording:	Yes 💌
Automatically backup alarm recording:	Yes 💌
Time period:	🕐 Always 💌
The settings of the multimedia database serv	er are used for the backup
AV export	
Show camera name and time:	No 💌
Maximum resolution:	800x600 👻
Use maximum duration:	Yes 💌
Maximum duration (s):	\$ 2
Video settings:	
Reduce frame rate:	No
Single-image sequences:	
Reduce frame rate:	Yes
Maximum frame rate (fps):	2 💌
Create ZIP file:	No 💌

Fig. 132: Video backup / export

Automatic export of image data from the database server

Recordings can automatically be exported to a path on the DeviceManager e. g. for long-time archiving of recordings or backup purposes.

By default, backups are created daily as backup jobs. Before starting the transfer, Qognify VMS checks if the path to the backup folder is available. If the path is not available or the backup process fails, Qognify VMS will retry to connect once every minute and resume the backup process as soon as the connection is established. If the backup content is no longer available (e.g. when a camera is removed during an unfinished backup). the backup job is removed.

If the export process is interrupted, e.g. due to a network error, it will be automatically resumed as soon as possible.

1. Specify whether standard recordings and alarm recordings are to be backed up automatically.

The path for the automated export must be configured in the DeviceManager configuration (see Configuring the DeviceManager (DM), p. 346). Otherwise automatic export is not possible! 2. Specify the **Time period** to be exported. Time periods can be defined in time templates in the time management (see Time management, p. 304).

AV export

AV export can be triggered by an alarm. The process converts alarm recordings into unencrypted H.264 (MPG) or M-JPEG sequences which can be attached to an E-Mail or stored on an FTP Server (see Email and FTP, p. 322).

The FTP-Server settings need to be specified in the VA Administration Tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).

- Specify whether the **Camera name and time** of recordings are also to be exported and displayed in the AV export. The camera name and time are specified in the exported sequence at the bottom of the image.
- 2. Select the Maximum resolution for the export.
- 3. Specify whether the **Length** of the recording is to be limited.
- 4. Enter the **Maximum duration (s)** of the export (in seconds).

It is recommended to reduce the size of the export files as much as possible by reducing resolution and duration of the video sequence.

- 5. In Video settings (for MPG based streams, e.g. H.264), optionally activate **Reduce frame rate**, so only I-frames will be exported.
- 6. In single-image sequences (MJPG) optionally activate **Reduce frame rate**, so the specified maximum frame rate (fps) will be exported.
- 7. Select Create ZIP file to compress the exported data after export.

Server side functions

The configurable server side functions are:

- Motion detection (see Motion detection, p. 225)
- Reference image comparison (see Reference image comparison, p. 227)
- Tampering detection (see Tampering detection, p. 228)

Server side functions		
Video analysis module:	Motion Detection Module 0 SASCHA-HP	٠
Video classification:	Analytics	•

Fig. 133: Server side functions

The server side functions detect motion within the image, tampering attempts on the camera, and differences to a reference image. For the server side functions, images are analyzed by motion detection modules on the server (see Adding a server-based motion detection module, p. 408). For example, a server side motion detection event can be used to trigger an alarm.

Server side image analysis by the motion detection module causes high resource load. Therefore it is recommended to use the camera side motion detection (see Camera side functions, p. 229).

- 1. Select the server side operation menu.
- 2. Select a video classification (see Video streams, p. 215). The video classification determines which video stream is used for motion detection. The video streams are ordered according to their use of network bandwidth ("HD quality" requires a broadband connection, whereas "Mobile" decreases the image quality for slow networks). For image comparison, select a video stream for low bandwidths. Motion detection, reference image comparison and tampering re-size the images to 320 x 240 pixels internally if they are larger.

Motion detection

Motion detection			
Activate motion detection:			Yes 💌
			<pre>region 1</pre>
Sensitivity	Dead time (s):	Activate filter	Mode:
Low High	15	Yes	Version 2.0 (Recommende
Threshold:	•]

Fig. 134: Motion detection

The server side motion detection analyzes a single channel gray image stream and is therefore highly efficient. Nevertheless, it is recommended to prefer the camera side motion detection for reducing the hardware requirements of the server (see System requirements, p. 41).

The motion detection feature delivers the best results with indoor use. You can create up to 10 regions for each camera with individually configured sensitivity, dead time, and threshold values

1. Select **Motion detection** from the Server side operation menu (you may have to click on the triangle in front of the menu).

- 2. To activate the motion detection, select Yes from the drop-down menu.
- 3. Click the plus sign to the right of the camera image.
- 4. Use the polygon tool to draw the region on the camera image. Different sections are only required if different alarm scenarios are to be triggered for each section.
- 5. Enter a name for the region(s).
- 6. Adjust the motion **sensitivity** by moving the slider as appropriate. The sensitivity value determines how big or small a difference in the image has to be in order to count as motion. Increase the value if too many false negative results are obtained, or decrease the value if too many false positive results are obtained.
 - With a high value, even small changes in the image will be treated as motion.
 - With a low value, only big changes in the Image will be treated as motion.
- 7. Specify the interval for the **dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again.
- 8. Select **Activate filter** to optimize the image by a blur filter to reduce image noise which might appear (e.g. due to low light conditions).
- 9. Choose between **Version 1.0** and **Version 2.0** by using the drop-down menu in the middle.

It is strongly recommended to use Version 2.0, since it has a much better performance and only a slightly reduced quality. The mode type has to be the same for every region in one camera.

- 10. Adjust the **threshold** by moving the blue line. The threshold determines how big the motion in the images needs to be in order to trigger a alarm.
 - Set the threshold to a high value if only big motions are supposed to trigger an alarm.
 - Set the threshold to a low value if small motions are supposed to trigger an alarm. The rectangles in the threshold slider window are a visual help for the threshold adjustment. They show the motion amplitude of the last seconds and colors them red, if the current threshold value would have triggered an alarm.
 - The colored pixels in the image show where motion was detected.
 - A blue colored pixel signifies that motion was detected
 - A red colored pixel signifies that a alarm was triggered
- 11. Save the settings.

Reference image comparison



Fig. 135: Reference image comparison

The live camera image is compared to a defined reference image of the same camera view (see Manual reference image comparison, p. 117). An alarm will be triggered if the images do not match and triggers a second alarm when the original camera view is restored.

- 1. Select **Reference image comparison** in the server side operation menu.
- 2. To activate the automatic image reference comparison, select **Yes** from the drop-downmenu.
- 3. Click **Create reference image** to select an image from the camera that serves as a backdrop for the motion detection.
- 4. Select **Show differences only** to show only the differences between the live-image and the reference image.
- 5. Adjust the **Alert threshold (tolerance)** in percent. An alarm will be triggered only if the differences between the live image and reference image are above the threshold.
- 6. Select if the image to be compared is a live image in Surveillance mode or a recorded image from Archive mode. The recorded image has to be specified by selecting the time by clicking on **Calender direct input** (1).
- 7. Specify the values for the **Execution time point** by defining the time interval (in minutes, at a certain day time or on certain days per week at a specific time) for the comparison between the reference image and the live image.

Tampering detection



_ _

Fig. 136: Tampering detection

The tampering detection recognizes manipulation of the camera orientation but uses edge detection for comparison. The reference images are generated automatically from every image and compared to the following. Specific tampering events can be used as triggers for an alarm scenario. After an alarm, the reference image will be recreated.

- 1. To activate the tampering detection, select **Yes** from the drop-down-menu.
- 2. Click **Reset background image** to define a new reference image.
- 3. To display the actual live image, activate **Show live image**.
- 4. Set the **Minimum allowable deviation** for the live image (in percent) to specify the threshold value that triggers the motion detection. The higher the value, the less sensitive the image detection will be.

To trigger an alarm, an alarm scenario has to be configured for the camera (see Creating an alarm scenario, p. 308).

- 1. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 2. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Camera side functions

If supported by the camera, the camera side functions detect motion within the image and tampering attempts on the camera.

Camera side functions have to be activated and configured on the camera itself.

For example, a motion detection event can be used to trigger an alarm.

Motion detection

Camera motion detection				
Window	Activated	Name	Dead time	
1	\checkmark	Window 1	\$ 15	
2	\checkmark	Window 2	\$ 15	
3		Window 3	\$ 15	

Fig. 137: Motion detection

- 1. Choose **Motion detection** in the Camera side operation menu.
- 2. Activate the appropriate number of windows, and enter a name and interval for the **dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again. This setting may also be used to trigger an alarm (see Alarms, p. 307).

Tampering detection

Tampering detection	
Activate tampering detection:	Yes 🔹
Send notification if the video signal is lost:	No

Fig. 138: Tampering detection

Depending on the camera model used, specific events can be used as triggers for an alarm scenario (see the respective camera manual for more information about the camera specific tampering features).

An action can be started once notification is received. This setting may also be used to trigger an alarm (see Alarms, p. 307).

- 1. Choose **Tampering detection** in the Camera side operation menu.
- 2. Select Yes to activate camera side tampering detection.
- 3. If supported by the camera, select **Yes** to **Send notifications if the video signal is lost**. This will trigger a notification in the alarm list if the video signal drops out. This setting may also be used to trigger an alarm (see Alarms, p. 307).

Event trigger

Event trigger				
Update gen	eric event trigger			
Activated	Name	Event trigger type	Dead time	Record On Motion
	M0	M0	\$ 15	
\checkmark	M1	M1	\$ 15	
	M2	M2	\$ 15	
	M3	M3	\$ 15	
	M4	M4	\$ 15	
	M5	M5	\$ 15	
	M6	M6	\$ 15	
	M7	M7	\$ 15	
	M8	M8	\$ 15	
	M9	M9	\$ 15	
	A0	AO	\$ 15	
	Т0	ТО	\$ 15	
Show extended camera options				
Activated	Name	Event trigger type	Dead time	Record On Motion
\checkmark	Device/Tampering/ShockDetec	Device/Tampering/ShockDetec	\$ 15	
	CameraApplicationPlatform/Ba	CameraApplicationPlatform/Ba	\$ 15	
\checkmark	VideoSource/Tampering chann	VideoSource/Tampering chann	\$ 15	

If the camera is integrated by a smart driver (generic driver) trigger as motion detection, tampering or other camera side events can be configured as event triggers.

Fig. 139: Event trigger

- 1. Choose **Event trigger** in the Camera side operation menu.
- 2. If changes were made on the camera itself or if not all expected events appear, click **Update generic event trigger**.
- 3. Activate the appropriate number of events, and enter a **Name** and interval for the **Dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again. This setting may also be used to trigger an alarm (see Alarms, p. 307).

The dead time is only used when the event trigger is used for by e.g. an alarm scenario. If the checkbox "Record On Motion" is also checked, the dead time will not be applied to the "Record On Motion" function.

Depending on the camera-type and driver extended camera options can be available.

Privacy masking

Sensitive areas or movements in the image can be hidden by a mask. This prevents the user from seeing these areas. Depending on the user authorizations, the mask is displayed in surveillance mode and archive mode.

This function can be activated and disabled in surveillance mode and archive mode by administrators and users with corresponding rights.

- 1. Activate privacy masking.
- 2. Select Static objects or Scrambling.
 - You can use the **Static objects** method to mask fixed individual areas of the camera image. The masking follows the camera so that it is always the same image detail that is masked.
 - You can use Scrambling to mask changing or static image information. The Moving objects method of the Scrambling function allows you to mask moving objects like people or cars (see Scrambling / moving objects, p. 232). Office mode of the Scrambling function is based on reference image comparison and masks all differences from a reference image (see Scrambling / office mode, p. 233).

Static objects



Fig. 140: Static objects

- 1. Select **Static objects** and select the shape of the area to be hidden.
- 2. Select the transparency, color and shape of the mask, and drag the shape over the camera image. You can select either **Delete** to delete a single masking or **Delete all** to delete all of them.

Scrambling / moving objects

Privacy masking			
Activate privacy masking	Yes	•	Delete history
Static objects Scrambling			
Activated:	Yes	•	
Moving objects			
Office mode			
Additional settings			
	Low	Medium	High
Masking duration:		0	
Granularity:			
Sensitivity:			
Pixelation:	No 💌]	

Fig. 141: Scrambling / moving objects

- 1. Select Scrambling.
- Specify how long the object is to be masked for after it comes to a halt (Masking duration), the pixel size to be used for masking (Granularity) and how sensitive the response is to a moving object (Sensitivity).
- 3. Select **Pixelation** to display the mask in black and white. Otherwise, the mask is displayed with coarse pixels in the original colors.

Scrambling / office mode

Privacy masking			
Activate privacy m	asking	Yes 💌	Delete history
Static objects	Scrambling		
Activated:		Yes 💌	
Moving objects			
Office mode		Create reference image	
Reference image			

Fig. 142: Scrambling / office mode

- 1. Select **Office mode**.
- 2. Load a reference image. All differences to the stored reference image are masked.
- 3. To delete all masks in the archive, click **Delete history**.
- 4. Click Yes to confirm.

If privacy masking history is not deleted, privacy masks remain on the recordings even if the masking feature is deactivated. Therefore only users with the appropriate permissions are able to see the recordings.

Click-2-Track

A person or object that moves across different camera views can be followed even without specifying the camera name of the following view. Instead, the person or object path is defined in surveillance mode by activating the area covered by the adjacent camera (see Click-2-Track, p. 134).

This feature requires an appropriate license and is not included in the standard package.



Fig. 143: Pursuit mode

- 1. Click Add + and click Polygon .
- 2. Draw a polygon in the image by clicking to define the corners. The polygon defines the regions for surveillance.
- 3. Close the polygon by double-clicking.
- 4. Open the camera tree to the left of the image and drag a camera into the region.
- 5. To change a region, click **Polygon** and define a new region.
- 6. To check the settings, use the mouse to hover over the region for a preview of the linked camera image.
- 7. To delete a polygon, select the polygon and click **Delete** 1. The polygon and the link to the associated camera is deleted.

Configuring an Archive camera

General		
Activated		
Name:	Archive	
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SERVICE530	•
Path:	C:\Users\admin\Desktop	Select
		Update path
Enable standard recording retention time		
	Days: Hours:	Minutes:
		¢ 0
Enable alarm recording retention time	Dura line	Martin
	Days: Hours: ◆ 7 ◆ 0	tvinutes:
Authorization:		
Password:		Apply password

Fig. 144: Archive camera general settings

- 1. Activate or deactivate the camera.
- 2. If necessary, alter the Name of the camera.
- 3. If necessary, change the **DeviceManager server**.

Changing the DeviceManager will delete all existing recordings.

- 4. Define the output **Path**, where the recordings will be stored. You can search for the folder using **Select**.
- 5. To alter the file path, click **Update path**.
- 6. **Enable standard recording retention time** to specify the time frame for keeping the standard recordings.
- 7. Define the time frame in days, hours and Minutes.
- 8. **Enable the alarm recording retention time** to specify the time frame of keeping the alarm recordings.

The **Authorization** column shows the verified and unverified cameras found at the specified location. 9. Select an unverified camera and define the appropriate **Password** to validate the camera. This prevents unauthorized access to archive cameras.

The encryption uses AES 256 GCM with PBKDF2Sha256 as the password hashing algorithm.

Configuring multiple cameras

To facilitate camera configuration, multiple cameras can be configured at once, even across different branches. However, not all settings are available. For the configuration of specific cameras, see Configuring a camera, p. 200.

- 1. Close all camera configuration tabs.
- 2. Click Cameras in the company control.
- 3. Select the cameras you want to configure.
- 4. To configure multiple cameras at once, close all camera tabs in the work area.
- 5. Click **Edit**. The camera configuration view is displayed. Options that are not available on all selected cameras are greyed out. When configuring multiple cameras at once, only those settings can be changed that apply to all cameras.
- 6. Activate or deactivate the required settings. For setting details, see Configuring a camera, p. 200.

Selecting and deselecting multiple cameras at once

- 1. To select a contiguous list of cameras, select the first camera in the camera control by clicking its check box. A check mark is displayed in the box.
- 2. Press the Shift key and select the last camera in the row by clicking its check box. All cameras in between are selected.
- 3. To deselect a contiguous list of cameras, deselect the first camera in the camera control by clicking its check box. The check box is empty.
- 4. Press the Shift key and deselect the last camera in the list by clicking its check box. All cameras in between are deselected.
- 5. Press the Shift key and click on the check box in front of the list name. All cameras are selected.

Moving cameras

You can move one or multiple cameras at once by cutting and pasting.

Site map				×
🔻 🔳 🏠 Praha				
Com 📰	pany calendar			
👻 🔳 🏫 Deutschland	d			
👻 🔳 🍙 Berlin				
👻 🔳 🛗 Com	pany calendar			
🗂 Nati	onal and local holidays			
🛂 map su	b			
Videow	all			
🔳 🕮 Stutt	gart			
🔳 🍌 Entra	ince			
🕑 🔽 💊 Berli	n-Front			ι.
M 🍌 Berli	n-Back			
🔻 🔳 🏠 Stettin				
🔳 🏥 Com	pany calendar			
Expand all	Collapse all	Consistency check	Multi configuration	
Cut	Paste 10			
Show video servers with Show all entities (includi	multiple video sources as or ng users, alarms and servers)	e device		4

Fig. 145: "Moving" a camera

- 1. In the panel "Company", select Site map 🕂 .
- 2. Select the cameras by clicking the check boxes.
- 3. Select **Cut**. The selected items are grayed out and the number of selected items is displayed.
- 4. Select a branch or folder. Paste is enabled.

If more than 100 items are selected, a notice is displayed about the time the process takes to complete. Moving large numbers of entities can take a few minutes.

5. Select **Paste** to move the cameras into the selected branch or folder.

Duplicating a camera

Duplicating a camera with the "Copying wizard" enables camera settings to be applied to a large number of identical cameras to save time.

Configuration mode Cameras

Copying wizard				×
The following settings are	e necessary:			
Number of copies:	1 🖨			
Camera name:	AXIS 221 (Copy)			
Address range:	10.0.8.139	- 10.0.8.139		
DeviceManager:	DeviceManager_SAS	CHA-HP-		
-				
Which optional settings d	o you want to copy?			
🗹 User name and pass	word			
Digital inputs				
Digital outputs				
Image rotation				
Standard recording				
Alarm recording				
Video profiles				
Motion detection				
Select all				
			OK	Cancel
		Validate	settings befor	e device creation

Fig. 146: Duplicating a camera

- 1. Select the camera in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and specify the number of copies.
- 3. Enter the **name** of the duplicated camera. The names of the cameras are also assigned a number, which is automatically incremented. The name can also be changed after it has been set (see Configuring a camera, p. 200)
- 4. Enter the IP address of the first copied camera in the **address range**. The IP addresses are automatically incremented based on the number of copies.
- 5. Select the DeviceManager.
- 6. Activate the properties that are to be transferred to the copied cameras.
- 7. Optionally, activate Validate settings before device creation.
- 8. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new camera is displayed in the overview.

Deleting a camera

- 1. Select the camera in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

All saved recordings of the camera are deleted.

Converting a camera

An installed camera can be converted into a new camera by transferring the camera configuration and recordings (driver conversion). Alarms, patrols and other settings are inherited by the new camera. This conversion can be used to install a new camera to replace a defective one.

Camera using the smart driver (generic driver) are not fully supported and may only be converted partially.

If a native camera driver is converted into a smart driver, a RTSP stream has to be selected in the video stream configuration (see Editing a video stream, p. 216).

- 1. Select the camera in the overview.
- 2. Click **Open converter** in the general settings of the selected camera.

Camera converter -							
Old driver		New driver					
Manufacturer:	Axis	Manufacturer:	User name: service				
Type:		Type:	✓ Password:				
Configpage	Details						
Stream 1/3	Check video settings (for example resolution, fps, codec, etc.) as they	may have been changed to the default settings					
General	All server side analytics functions will be disabled if ptz is enabled. N	o alarms for motion detection, reference image	comparison or tampering detection will be triggered until you disable ptz.				
Camera motion detection	The new camera has fewer MotionDetection inputs than the old cam	era, please check the settings.					
	The new camera does not support Tampering detection, please chec	k the settings.					
	The new camera does not support Tampering detection, please chec	k the settings.					
Privacy masking	Privacy masks were active in the old configuration, please check their position.						
This dialog will be closed if	the conversion was successful. You can cancel this conversion by any ti	me if you press the "Cancel" button.					
Apply	Cancel						

Fig. 147: Converting a camera

- 3. Select the **manufacturer** and the camera **type** of the new camera.
- 4. Enter User name and Password, if required.
- 5. Click Verify conversion. A list of possible conversion issues is displayed.
- 6. After resolving the issues, click **Apply** to start the conversion process.

Other hardware

The **Other hardware** function in the Administration control allows you to configure and manage additional devices. Additional devices include items such as network interfaces, video walls, alarm systems and I/O modules. The devices can be partly administered and actuated with Qognify VMS and also with software from third-party manufacturers.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the control bar.
- 2. Select **Other hardware** in the control bar.

Creating new hardware

Create new har	dware		\$	×
Name:				
Analytics 2D inside				
Manufacturer:				
SeeTec Video Analyt	ics			Ŧ
Туре:				
SeeTec Analytics Ser	ver 3D			T
Analytics Server 3D N Analytics Server Mod	fodule: dule 4 SASCHA-HP			•
Available IP installers				
		•	IP setup	
	ОК		Cancel	

Fig. 148: Creating new hardware

- 1. Create a new hardware item.
- 2. Enter the **name** for the new hardware.
- 3. Select the **manufacturer** and **type** of the hardware. The following manufacturers and types are available:
 - Third-party interface: eyevis wall, SPC alarm system, Aritech Alarm Center, Schneider Intercom ICX Connection, Siemens SPC 4000/5000/6000, SiPass Access Control Software, TDSi access control.

See Integrating other hardware or ask Qognify support about the use of third party interfaces.

- **Qognify**: network I/O, DisplayAgent and VoIP
- Qognify Video Analytics: Generic VCA Channel, License plate recognition, LPR VCA, Qognify Analytics Basic / Enterprise / Premium, Qognify Analytics Server 3D
- **Advantech**: ADAM 6050/6050W, ADAM 6052, ADAM 6060/6060W/6066
- **AXIS:** A9161, A9188
- W&T: WEB-IO 2x Digital IN/OUT
- Wago: Wago System 750 I/O module
- 4. Select an authorization, if required, and enter a user name and password.
- 5. If necessary, enter the name of the host or the IP address of the device.
- 6. If necessary, select the DeviceManager.
- 7. Click **OK** to confirm your entries. The new hardware is displayed in the overview.

Configuring hardware

- 1. Select the hardware in the **Other hardware** overview.
- 2. Edit the settings for the hardware. The following options are available:
 - Third-party interface, p. 241
 - SeeTec
 - SeeTec Video Analytics, p. 257
 - Advantech, p. 276
 - AXIS, p. 278
 - W&T, p. 280
 - Wago, p. 281

Deleting hardware

- 1. Select the hardware in the **Other hardware** overview.
- 2. Click the **Delete object** icon.

Third-party interface

This section includes the configuration of

- Aritech Alarm Center
- eyevis Wall
- Schneider Intercom ICX Connection
- Siemens SPC 4000/5000/6000
- SiPass Access Control Software
- TDSi access control

Generally, third-party interfaces have to be pre-configured on the side of the thirdparty component. This section describes only the configuration in Qognify Qognify VMS.

For configuration of the third-party interfaces of the components, see "Technical_ Guides_Qognify_Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf" or contact support (see Support, p. 20).

Aritech Alarm Center

The Aritech Alarm Center sends alarms and events via the OH network receiver to the Qognify system, which acknowledges the events and processes them in the form of alarm scenarios. All messages sent to the Qognify system by the Aritech Alarm Center must acknowledged by Qognify VMS, otherwise they are sent again. The connection is unidirectional.

The systems communicate via TCP using the Security Communications Protocol - "SIA Format" Protocol - for alarm system communications, SIA DC-03-1990.01(R2003.10).

For installation or configuration of the Aritech Alarm Center, see "Technical_Guides_ Qognify_Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf" or contact support (see Support, p. 20).

General	
Activated	
Name:	Aritec Alarm Center
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SASCHA-HP
OH port:	60030
Central ID:	1212

Fig. 149: Configuring the Aritech Alarm Center - 1

- 1. Add a new **Other hardware manufacture**r by selecting "3rd Party Interface" and **Type** "Aritech Alarm Center".
- 2. Choose which **DeviceManager server** should manage the Alarm Center. The Aritech System has to send its events to this server.
- 3. Enter the **OH port** for the events to be sent to from the OH network receiver via the logging appender. The port can be found in the file seetec.properties. This file can be found in the installation directory of the OH Network Receiver.
- 4. Enter the **Central ID**.

You will receive this ID from the installer of your Aritech Alarm Center.

Rules

A rule consists of a name, a zone ID, an area ID and an event. The following items from the Aritech Alarm Center events can be used in a rule:

- Alarm [SIA code: BA]: Alarm
- Tamper [SIA code: TA]: Tamper events
- Armed [SIA code: CL]: Alarm center is armed
- Disarmed [SIA code: OP]: Alarm center is unarmed
- Mask [SIA code: BT]: A sensor reports that a zone is masked
- Excluded [SIA code: BB]: Zone was deleted
- Arm Forced [SIA code: CF]: Alarm center is armed although there are open problems

Creating rules

Rules											
Add new rule			Add								
Add 10 new rules			dd 10 new rules Add								
Delete rules m	arked for deletion			Delete							
Activated	Name	Zone ID	Area ID	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	All	Delete
	Alarm	1	2								
	Mask	4	2								

Fig. 150: Configuring the Aritech Alarm Center - 2

- 1. Select Add one rule or Add 10 rules.
- 2. Activate the rule.
- 3. Enter a rule name.
- 4. Enter **Zone ID** to the corresponding zone.

- 5. Enter **Area ID** to the corresponding area.
- 6. Select the desired event (column '1'- '7'). Multiple selections are possible. You will receive the zone ID and area ID from the installer of your Aritech Alarm Center.

eyevis wall

eyevis provides video wall systems that are controlled by a Qognify VMS client.

General

General	
Activated	
Name	eyevis
Video wall type	eyevis Wall
eyevis supervisor IP address	10.10.00.10
eyevis wall name:	
Number of modules (X):	\$ 4
Number of modules (Y):	\$ 4
Port	◆ 7001

Fig. 151: General

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the name.
- 3. Enter the eyevis supervisor IP address.
- 4. Specify the eyevis wall name.
- 5. Split the available image area on the eyevis video wall into individual video wall modules by entering the values for **Number of modules (X)** and **Number of modules (Y)**.
- 6. Enter the port at which the eyevis supervisor can be reached.
- 7. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 8. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Additional settings have to be configured in the video wall configuration (see Video walls, p. 342).

Schneider Intercom ICX connection

For the communication with the Schneider Intercom a proprietary protocol is used (ICX protocol, version 1.1/0910 "PRELIMINARY"). The events are provided via this protocol. There is no conversation data within the protocol stream, only information like "X establishes a connection with Y". There are no active protocol features implemented. This Qognify server is only listening for events. Qognify is not able to send any commands to the Schneider Intercom Server.

For installation or configuration of the Schneider Intercom ICX connection, see "Technical_Guides_Qognify_Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf" or contact support (see Support, p. 20).

General

The Schneider Intercom device server is configured by the separately provided Schneider software. The terminal identification is also carried out with the Schneider software.

General	
Activated	
Name:	Schneider Intercom ICX
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_001
Schneider Intercom server:	19.168.178.111
Schneider Intercom port:	17001
✓ Use authorization	
Password:	****

Fig. 152: Schneider Intercom ICX connection - General

- 1. Create a new module with the following settings:
 - Manufacturer: 3rd Party Interface
 - Type: Schneider Intercom ICX
- 2. Activate the module.
- 3. Select the DeviceManager to manage the Schneider device.
- 4. At **Schneider Intercom server** and **Schneider Intercom port** enter the IP address and the port of the Schneider Intercom server.
- 5. Optionally, activate Use authorization to restrict access and enter the password.

Rules

R	ules					
				Sea	rch	
	Activated	Name	Events	Number of caller	Number of callee	
•	\checkmark	DA	Call request	F102		
		FDA	End of the call request	F101		
	\checkmark	AA	Call acceptance			
		FA	End of call			

Fig. 153: Schneider Intercom ICX connection - Rules

A rule consists of a name, an event-type, and a caller or callee number.

- 1. To add a rule, select Add 📘 .
- 2. To add multiple rules (10) at once, select **Add multiple rules**
- 3. To delete a rule or multiple rules, select the rules and click **Delete 1**.

- 4. Specify the following events to be managed by Qognify within a rule:
 - Nothing selected
 - Call request (ICX Code Task 5B Type 21)
 - End of call request (ICX Code Task 5B Type 30)
 - Call acceptance (Connection is started) (ICX Code Task 42 Type 12)
 - End of call (ICX Code Task 42 Type 10)
 - Call discrete ((ICX Code Task 42 Type 13))
 - Call group (ICX Code Task 42 Type 0B)
 - Call request emergency (ICX Code Task 5B Type 22)

From Qognify VMS R12 onward, "Call 2" is handled in a different event, customers may need to change their existing configuration. Before the change, "Call 2" was included in the normal "Call" event, now it is an event on its own.

- 5. Enter the caller and the callee numbers. There are two possible data formats: 4-digit and 8digit hexadecimal digits.
- 6. Fill the unused digits with "F" to a full block.

Example

Number (=te- erminal ID)	>4 digits	8 digits
101	F101	-
12321	-	FFF12321

7. Create an alarm scenario and select the according rule as start-event (see Creating an alarm scenario, p. 308).

Siemens SPC 4000/5000/6000

The Siemens alarm center can send alarms and events to the Qognify system. The Qognify system acknowledges the events and can process them in the form of alarm scenarios.

General communication between the two systems is via TCP. The Siemens alarm center always establishes a TCP connection. All messages sent to the Qognify system by the Siemens alarm center are acknowledged by Qognify, otherwise they are sent again.

General

General	
Activated	
Name:	Siemens SPC
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SASCHA-HP
Port:	60027
Source ID:	0
Destination ID:	777777

Fig. 154: General

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the Name.
- 3. If necessary, change the server for managing the devices (**DeviceManager**). The alarm system sends the messages to this server.
- 4. If necessary, change the receiver IP **Port** for the transmission of messages from the Intrusion Control Panel (Standard: 60027). Use a separate port for each Intrusion Control Panel.
- 5. Enter the installation ID as **Source ID**. This ID is used to acknowledge messages. The IDs must be identical in Qognify VMS and in the Siemens Intrusion Control Panel. The source ID can be found in the configuration of the SPC alarm system.
- 6. Enter the receiver ID as **Destination ID**. The destination IDs must be identical in Qognify VMS and in the Siemens Intrusion Control Panel (default: 777777). The destination ID can be found in the configuration of the SPC alarm system.

The corresponding module entries of the SPC alarm system (source ID) and the entries of the Qognify system (destination ID) must be identical.

Areas

You can activate up to 64 areas for each Intrusion Control Panel. Each area can be set to armed or disarmed and can be used as a trigger event for a Qognify alarm scenario.

Areas			
Area	Activated	Name of arming	Name of disarming
1	\checkmark	Armed: area 1	Disarmed: area 1
2	\checkmark	Armed: area 2	Disarmed: area 2

Fig. 155: Areas

1. Activate the area and enter the **name of arming** and the **name of disarming**. If an event is triggered, the term specified is displayed instead of a number (e.g. "window open" or "window closed").

The state of an area can be visualized in the map (see Maps and "Advanced Maps", p. 326). The area is shown red (armed) or green (unarmed) after 10-15 seconds.

Rules

A rule consists of a name, an event type, and a corresponding zone. A rule represents a zone. It is called a rule because each zone can have one type but two events (alarm / restore). Therefore two different types are needed in Qognify VMS to use them with alarm scenarios.

Rules				
Add new rule			Add	
Add 10 new ru	les		Add	
Delete rules ma	arked for deletion		Delete	
Activated	Name	Туре	Zone	Delete
	New rule		-	
	New rule		*	
	New rule	No events		
	New rule	Burglar alarm (BA)		
	New rule	Burglar alarm (restore) (BR)	i li	
	New rule	Holdup alarm (restore) (HR)		

Fig. 156: Rules

- 1. Click Add new rule or Add 10 new rules to create one or ten new rules.
- 2. Activate the desired rules and change the **name**.
- 3. Select the **event** that is to trigger an alarm message. The alarm system distinguishes between the burglar alarm and panic alarm events. Specify the type of alarm in the rule.
- 4. Enter the **detector group** to set the ID of the device that sends the alarm signal.
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

The following event types sent by the Siemens Intrusion Control Panel can be processed as rules by Qognify Qognify VMS:

- Burglar alarm (BA)
- Burglar alarm restore (BR)
- Panic alarm (PA)
- Panic alarm restore (PR)
- Medical alarm (MA)
- Medical alarm restore (MR)
- Sabotage alarm (BT)
- Sabotage alarm restore (BJ)
- Sabotage alarm (TA)
- Sabotage alarm restore (TR)
- Technology alarm (UA)
- Technology alarm restore (UR)
- Holdup zone fault (HT)
- Holdup zone fault restore (HJ)
- Panic zone fault (PT)
- Panic zone fault restore (PJ)
- Medic zone fault (MT)
- Medic zone fault restore (MJ)
- Technology fault / sabotage (UT)
- Technology fault / sabotage restore (UJ)
- Network connected (NR)
- Network disconnected (NT)

Outputs

Outputs					
Output	Activated	Name for CLOSE	Name for OPEN	Hold time (s)	
1		CLOSE: output 1	OPEN: output 1	5	
2	\checkmark	CLOSE: output 2	OPEN: output 2	0	
		CLOSE: output 3	OPEN: output 3	0	

Fig. 157: Outputs

You can activate up to 8 outputs for each SPC panel. Each one can be set to CLOSE or OPEN.

- 1. Activate the output
- 2. Optionally, change the names

Hold time is not used in Qognify VMS but configured in the SPC panel.

SiPass Access Control Software

Qognify implemented the SiPass management station API to retrieve events from SiPass. Every SiPass event can be used within a Qognify alarm scenario.

The communication between SiPass and Qognify is unidirectional from SiPass to Qognify.

Prerequisites

- SiPass integrated version 2.65 is supported, if you have an older version installed, an upgrade to 2.65 (firmware and software) will be necessary.
- SiPass integrated installation and configuration has to be done prior to the Qognify installation.
- SiPass requires a management station API license as well as one additional workstation license. For Qognify the access control license is needed (included in Qognify VMS S100 and above).
- SiPass integrated needs the Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 (shipped with the SiPass CD and installed automatically if necessary).
- The server used for the SiPass interface will use the DM and MDB services of Qognify.
- The SiPass client has to be installed on the system on which the DeviceManager/MDB will be installed.
- For configuring the SiPass interface in Qognify, the SiPass client has to be installed on every system where a Qognify client is used.
- The hostname and IP address of the SiPass server have to be defined during SiPass installation and must not be changed.
- All Systems must be a member of the same work group or domain.
- On every System with an installed SiPass client or server a Windows user has to be created. The user needs to be a member of the administrator group. The user name and password must be the same on all systems. This user has to be logged on to start the Qognify client. (If the user is not logged in, the Qognify client will not establish a connection with the SiPass server).
- After the installation of the SiPass client a connection to the SiPass server must be configured to make sure that the SiPass client is able to connect SiPass server. Communication between Qognify and SiPass will only work after a successful connection.
- Qognify recommends the software installation on a dedicated 32-bit OS, since SiPass is only providing a 32-bit interface.
- SiPass system with installed DM and MDB service cannot manage cameras, because specific DLLs are used for SiPass.

For installation of the SiPass Access Control Software, see "Technical_Guides_Qognify_ Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf" or contact support (see Support, p. 20).

General

General	
Activated	
Name:	SiPass
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager 🔻
User:	siemens
Password:	•••••
	Connect

Fig. 158: General

- 1. Activate or deactivate the SiPass Access Control Software
- 2. Enter a new **Name**, if required.
- 3. Select the **DeviceManager**.
- 4. Change the User name and Password (default user "siemens", password "spirit")
- 5. Click **Connect** to connect to the DeviceManager server.

If the connection to the SiPass server is not possible, check communication between SiPass server and Qognify VMS client.

Event groups

Event groups can combine several events in a group. This group can be used as start event in an alarm scenario.

Configuration of other hardwar		×							
	Event groups								
General Event groups Doors	Add Delete								
	Event group								
	New event group								
	eNoScate distationnom elowares elowares								
	Cancel Apply Save								

Fig. 159: Event groups

- 1. Click **Add** to add a group. The pane below is populated with available events that can be added to the group.
- 2. Change the name of the **Event group**.
- 3. Activate the events to add them to the selected group.

Doors

Doors can be specified with a custom name. They can be assigned to icons that represent the doors and their states on a map.

	Doors			
eneral vent groups	^ Door1		Z Enabled	8
lles				
	Name: Door 1			
	SiPass Name: ERI 4.1 Hug	Door 1 D/C (D/C1)	Apply	
	Status icons			
	Locked	Ŧ	Apply to all doors	
	Unlocked	¥		
	Forced open	*		
	Open too long 📀	Ŧ		
	Alarmed	Ŧ		
	Tampered 🕥	v		
	V Door 2		Z Enabled	8
	V Door 3		Z Enabled	8
	 ERI 4.1 Hugo Door 4 D/C (D/C4) 		Z Enabled	8
	 ERI 4.1 Hugo Door 5 D/C (D/C5) 		Z Enabled	8
	 ERI 4.1 Hugo Door 6 D/C (D/C6) 		Z Enabled	8
	 ERI 4.1 Hugo Door 7 D/C (D/C7) 		Z Enabled	8
	 ERI 4.1 Hugo Door 8 D/C (D/C8) 		Z Enabled	8
	V DRI 1.2 Deer 1 D/C (DOOR FR)		Z Enabled	8

Fig. 160: Doors

- 1. Select a door and click **Enabled** to activate the door or click **x** to remove the door from the list.
- 2. Change the Name of the door, if required.
- 3. Click **Apply** to assign the door to the SiPass Access Control name. Each door has six states that can be monitored:
 - Locked
 - Unlocked
 - Forced open
 - Open too long
 - Alarmed
 - Tampered
- 4. For each state select an icon in the drop down list.
- 5. Click Apply to all doors to map the selected icons to all doors.

Rules

Each rule can be used as start event for an alarm scenario.

	Rules													
General	Add new rule								Add					
Event groups Doors	Add 10 new	rules							A	sd				
Rules	Delete rules	marked for deletion							Del	ete				
	Activated	Name	Events		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	1	Level 4		Level 5		Delete
		Access Granted	eGoodAccess	Ŧ	ACC Controllers =	ACC	*	FLN 4 (ACC FLN Bus)		ERI 4.1 Hugo		ERI 4.1 Hugo Door 1 Reader	m)	
		DisConnect	eCommsLost		ACC Controllers V	ACC		No selection		No selection	190	No selection		
		Connect	eCommsBack	π.	ACC Controllers =	ACC	1	No selection		No selection		No selection	-	
		Access Denied	eAccessDenied	Ŧ	ACC Controllers =	ACC	*	FLN 4 (ACC FLN Bus)		ERI 4.1 Hugo		ERI 4.1 Hugo Door 1 Reader	10	
		Invalid Card	eVoidCard		ACC Controllers	ACC	Ψ.	FLN 1 (ACC FLN Bus)		DRI 1.2	Ψ.	DRI 1.2 Door Reader 1	*	

Fig. 161: Rules

- 1. Click Add to a new rule or ten.
- 2. Activate or deactivate a rule.
- 3. Select an event for each rule or event group. You can specify the individual hardware components in Level 1 to Level 5 optionally.
- 4. Click **Delete** to remove an event from the rule.
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

TDSI Access Control

TDSi is an access control system from Time and Data Systems International Limited.

The TDSi system is connected by the export of the text-files from TDSi which are read by the Qognify system.

Configuring the TDSi connection

- 1. Create a new module with the following settings:
 - Manufacturer: 3rd Party Interface
 - Type: TDSi access Control

General

General	
Activated	
Name:	tdsi
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SASCHA-HP
TDSi export directory:	\\10.0.1.1\tdsi_export
TDSi export delimiter:	,

Fig. 162: TDSI Access Control - General

- 1. Activate access control.
- 2. Optionally, change the **name** of the device.

- 3. Select the **DeviceManager server** to manage the TDSi connection.
- 4. Specify the **TDSi export directory** where the EXgarde Event Exporter will store events.
- 5. If the directory was not created locally on the Qognify server, enter the full UNC path.
- 6. Enter the **TDSi export delimiter**.

Event groups

Creating of event groups is optional. Event groups will be used in a rule as starting event for alarm scenarios. Thereby always the same alarm scenario can be started, regardless of the event.

Event groups	
Event group 1	
	Add
	Delete
Event group	
Event group 1	
Door opened (1001)	
Door closed (1002)	
Door forced (1003)	
Door local alarm (1004)	
Door remote alarm (1005)	
Door egress on (1006)	

Fig. 163: TDSI Access Control - Event groups

- 1. To create a new event group, click Add.
- 2. Set the name of the event group in the text field.
- 3. In the **Event group** list, select one or more events assigned to the event group.

Rules								
Add new rule				Add				
Add 10 new ru	les			Add				
Delete rules m	arked for deletion			Delete				
Activated	Name	Events	Source	Detail 1	Detail 2	Detail 3	Delete	
	rule 1		~					
	New rule 2	No events		1				

Fig. 164: TDSI Access Control - Rules

Rules
- 1. Click Add one rule or Add 10 rules to add one or 10 rules at once.
- 2. Set the name of the rule in the **Name** column of the table.
- 3. For the event, select a single event or an event group that you have previously created.
- 4. Optionally, fill out **Source**, **Detail 1**, **Detail 2** and **Detail 3** fields. The fields correspond to the fields in the EXgarde Explorer overview.

The case (upper/lower case) in the field "Source" as well as Detail 1 through Detail 3 must be exactly the same in the EXgarde Event Exporter and the Qognify configuration. Otherwise the alarm scenario will not be triggered.

Example

Door opened is selected as Event, Front Entrance is selected as Source and user Testuser as Detail 1.

The corresponding alarm scenario will only be started when user Testuser opens the door Front Entrance.

Qognify

Other hardware from Qognify includes the configuration of

- Network input and output
- DisplayAgent video wall
- VolP

For a description on how to configure, refer to the sections below.

Qognify network I/O

Qognify can provide network I/O, e.g. to trigger a hardware function over the network.

General

General	
✓ Activated	
Name:	nio
Valid IP addresses:	10.0.8.9-23,10.0.8.7,192.*.*
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SASCHA-HP

Fig. 165: General

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the name.

Configuration mode Other hardware

3. If necessary, enter the **valid IP addresses** or IP address ranges to create a mask within which input operations are to be run. This is optional. You can specify any number of masks separated by commas (no spaces). The placeholders * and - can be used in a mask. If no mask is assigned, every incoming connection is accepted.

Example

10.0.8.9-23,10.0.8.7,192.*.*. Three restrictive masks have been defined: Mask 10.0.8.9-23 allows all IP addresses in the range 10.0.8.9 to 10.0.8.23. Mask 10.0.8.7 allows the individual IP address. Mask 192.*.*.* allows the complete sub-net 192.

4. If necessary, change DeviceManager server (see Installation of a distributed server, p. 57).

Inputs

Inputs

						Search			
	Activated	Name	Protocol	Connect to	Port	t	Dead time (s)	User	Passv
•		Neuer Eingang	TCP			80	50		
		Neuer Eingang	TCP			80	50		
		Neuer Eingang	TCP			80	50		
		Neuer Eingang	TCP			80	50		

Fig. 166: Inputs

- 1. Click Add new input or Add 10 new inputs to create one or ten new inputs.
- 2. Click **Activated** to activate or deactivate an input. To set the activation state for multiple inputs, hold down the shift or control key on the keyboard while selecting other inputs.
- 3. Change the Name of the input.
- 4. Select the network **Protocol** for the input. The following protocols are available:
 - TCP for connections within the network,
 - TCP (permanently) for permanent connections within the network,
 - HTTP for connections over the Internet.
- 5. In column **Connect to** enter the IP address and the **port** number for the incoming input connection.
- 6. Specify the interval for the **Dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again.
- 7. If the HTTP protocol is selected, enter the **User** name and **Password** for accessing the hard-ware.
- 8. Select the **Type** of the text which can be transmitted, when there is an input connection. If ASCII is selected, only upper- and lower-case letters and numbers can be used, not special characters. With HEX, all characters are permissible.
- 9. Enter the **text** to be displayed as soon as the hardware is accessed
- 10. Optionally specify the **Control characters** encoding for the correct display of paragraph changes, for example.
- 11. To delete inputs, select the inputs you want to delete, and click **Delete** inputs marked for deletion. To delete multiple inputs hold down the shift or control key while selecting the inputs.

Outputs

Out	tputs						
					Search		
	Activated	Name	Protocol	Connect to	Port	User	Password
Þ		Neuer Ausgang	TCP		80		A
		Neuer Ausgang	TCP		80		A
		Neuer Ausgang	TCP		80		A
		Neuer Ausgang	TCP		80		A

Fig. 167: Outputs

- 1. Click Add new output or Add 10 new outputs to create one or ten new outputs.
- 2. Click **Activated** to activate or deactivate an output. To set the activation state for multiple outputs, hold down the shift or control key while selecting the outputs
- 3. .Change the **name** of the output.
- 4. Select the network **Protocol** for the output. The following protocols are available:
 - TCP for connections within the network,
 - HTTP for connections over the Internet,
 - HTTPS for encrypted connections over the Internet.
- 5. Enter the IP address and the port number with which the output is to establish a connection. You can assign the same IP address to multiple outputs.
- 6. If the HTTP or HTTPS protocol is selected, enter the **User name** and **Password** for accessing the hardware.
- 7. Select the **Type** of password encryption. If ASCII is selected, only upper- and lower-case letters and numbers can be used, not special characters. With HEX, all characters are permissible.
- 8. Enter the **Text** to be displayed as soon as the hardware is accessed.
- 9. To delete outputs, select the outputs you want to delete, and click **Delete outputs marked for deletion**. To delete multiple outputs hold down the shift or control key while selecting the outputs.

Qognify DisplayAgent (video wall)

The Qognify DisplayAgent is integrated in the Qognify client. With the DisplayAgent any client computer (see System requirements, p. 41) and the connected monitors can be used as a fully featured monitor wall.

General	
Activated	
Name	Display Agent
Video wall type	SeeTec DisplayAgent
Display agent IP address	10.0.14.111
Port	\$ 44000
Number of windows:	‡ 4

Fig. 168: Qognify DisplayAgent (video wall)

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the name.
- 3. If necessary, change the **IP address** of the computer on which the Qognify DisplayAgent is installed.
- 4. Specify **the number of windows** to set the monitors on the computer on which the Qognify DisplayAgent was installed. It is recommended to specify one window per monitor.

Further settings have to be done in the video wall configuration (see Video walls, p. 342)

VolP

The configuration sets suitable hardware (VoIP-capable devices such as Mobotix cameras and door intercom systems).

General

General		
Activated		
Name:	VOIP	
SIP address	10.0.14.111	
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SASC	IA-HP 🔹
Activated		
	ODTMF sequence	
	Button	🕌 TA1 start
DTMF sequence		
Start of call		
End of call		

Fig. 169: General

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the Name.
- 3. If necessary, change the **SIP address** of the computer on which the VoIP is installed.
- 4. Select the DeviceManager.
- 5. Select Activate define whether the DTMF function key in surveillance mode (see VoIP, p.
 - 150) is to trigger a **DTMF sequence** or a **Button**.
 - If necessary, specify the DTMF sequence, which can be found in the manual supplied by the device manufacturer, or select a Qognify button (see Configuring a button, p. 331).
- 6. Specify the **DTMF sequences** for the start and end of the call. The DTMF Sequence is to be send by the client in surveillance mode when starting or ending a call (see VoIP, p. 150).

Voice over IP recording

Voice over IP sessions can be defined as standard VoIP recordings or Alarm VoIP recordings.

Voice over IP recording			
Standard VoIP recording	Activated		
Recording period	🕑 Always		•
	Days:	Hours:	
	1	0	
Alarm VoIP recording	Activated		
	Days:	Hours:	
	2	0	

Fig. 170: Voice over IP recording

- 1. Activate **Standard VoIP recording**, select the **Recording period** depending on a time template (see Time management, p. 304).
- 2. Enter the maximum number of days and hours for the total recording time.
- 3. Activate Alarm VoIP recording.
- 4. Enter the maximum number of days and hours for the total recording time.
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

SeeTec Video Analytics

Because the attention of the observers falls as the number of monitors that are observed increases, the Qognify software gives you the option of performing intelligent video analysis. Intelligent video analysis reduces the stress on the personnel and significantly improves the surveillance quality.

The section SeeTec Video Analytics includes the configuration of:

- Generic VCA channel (see Generic VCA channel, p. 257)
- License plate recognition (see License plate recognition, p. 259)
- LPR VCA (see LPR VCA License plate recognition, p. 262
- Qognify Analytics (obsolete, no longer distributed) (see Qognify Analytics, p. 266)
- Qognify Analytics Server (see Qognify Analytics Server, p. 272)

For performance reasons, the video analysis modules should be installed on a dedicated server (see Custom installation, p. 60).

Generic VCA channel

The generic VCA (Video Content Analytics) channel module is used to connect APIs from thirdparty suppliers via Qognify Application Interface (SAI). The interface sends image data to Qognify Qognify VMS and receives events that, for example, require an alarm to be triggered.

To configure a generic VCA channel module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).



Fig. 171: Generic VCA channel

The SAI (SeeTec Analytics Interface) provides the following plug-ins:

- IPS / Axis: for cameras with on-board image analysis, metadata are triggered (tracking data can be visualized in Qognify VMS)
- IVA / Bosch: for Bosch cameras with on-board image analysis
- **CogVis**: image analysis is server based
- Traficon Flir: Flir cameras with on-board image analysis. The Traficon plug-in is used for traffic analysis.
- **SafeZoneEdge** (compliant with ACAP version 1.0.4521)
- **AxisPerimeterDefender** (compliant with the ACAP Axis Perimeter Defender version 2.7.2).

In order to be detected correctly when the software starts up, the API must be stored in the "\VersatileApplications\VCAPlugin" sub folder of the Qognify installation folder.

General

General		
Activated		
General		
Name:	CogVIS	
Video analysis module:	SAI CogVis Count	•
Camera:	AXIS P1354	•
Video classification:	Analytics	•
Frame rate for analysis (fps):	\$ 8	
Authentication		
Use authentication	Use module settings for authentication Use from camera	
User name:		
Password:		
External service		
	Cancel Apply Save	

Fig. 172: Generic VCA channel - General

- 1. Activate the module and, if necessary, alter the **name**.
- 2. Select the Video analysis module.
- 3. Select the appropriate **camera**.
- 4. Select the appropriate **Video classification**. The video classification determines which video stream is used in surveillance mode for the various modes (normal, selected, alarm).
- 5. Enter the **Frame rate for analysis (fps)**. A different frame rate than the one configured in the selected video classification only influences MJPG based video streams.
- 6. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 7. **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

For information about configuring third party analytics systems, see "Technical_ Guides_Qognify_Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf" or contact support (see Support, p. 20).

License plate recognition

The Qognify LPR module (License Plate Recognition) is an add-on module for Qognify VMS for the automatic recognition of license plates in stationary and moving traffic. It can read international license plate formats, including even with Arabic and Cyrillic characters, on up to eight lanes per server.

The module is configured entirely in the Qognify VMS client, and the recognition of the plates is carried out either continually or trigger-controlled. The LPR module can be used with any IP camera supported by Qognify VMS and is integrated into the system. For optimal detection even in difficult light conditions, special LPR cameras (IP cameras or analog cameras via video encoders) should be used.

All LPR related events like license plate from a certain list, unknown license plate, license plate on the wrong lane etc. can be used to trigger an alarm.

To configure an LPR module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VMS VA administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).

Lane configuration

General	
Activated	
Name:	LPR Main Entrance
PR module:	LPR Module 4 SASCHA-HP
Camera:	AXIS 221
/ideo classification:	Standard quality
Role:	Entrance
rame rate for recognition (fps):	2
Delete LPR events after (number of days):	28
Area of interest Clear/Fullframe	LPR archive Assigned layer: 1+3 Assigned cameras: AXIS P5532-E AXIS Q1635 Axis TestCam h.264 multi Sony
Event-based recognition	Continuous LPR
Pre-delay (s):	Time between same license plates (s
Post-delay (s):	Number of frames required:

Fig. 173: Lane configuration

- 1. Activate the module and, if necessary, alter the name.
- 2. Select the appropriate **LPR module**.
- 3. Select the appropriate **camera**.
- 4. Select the appropriate **video classification**. The video classification determines the video profile used in surveillance mode for the various modes (normal, selected, alarm). With MPEG-4, H.264 or H.265 streaming the frame rate for recognition must correspond to the frame rate for default recording on the selected camera, while any desired value can be entered for Motion JPEG.
- 5. Select the desired **role**. For example, in LPR mode you can restrict the search to all entrances and you do not need to selected every entrance lane manually.
- 6. Enter the **frame rate for recognition** to specify the number of images per second that are to be transmitted to the module. With MPEG-4/H.264 streaming the frame rate for recognition must correspond to the frame rate for default recording on the selected camera, while any desired value can be entered for Motion JPEG.

- 7. Specify the number of days after which LPR events (recognized license plates, changes to master data, etc.) are to be deleted.
- 8. Select the **assigned cameras** and **assigned layers** that are to be displayed in LPR mode in addition to the camera.
- 9. Select **Event-based recognition** or **Continuous LPR**. With event-controlled recognition license plate recognition is only started after an event, e.g. if a vehicle passes through a light barrier. The event-based recognition is triggered e.g. by an alarm scenario.

For performance reasons the use of event-based recognition is strongly recommended.

- 10. Enter the **pre-delay** and the **post-delay** in seconds for event-based recognition. This period is used for recognition of the license plate, i.e. the images of this period are sent for OCR recognition.
- 11. Activate **Export at next trigger event.** As soon as this function is activated, the images are exported at the next trigger event to the LPR mode for license plate recognition and stored in the "VersatileApplications" folder in accordance with the pre-delay, post-delay and frame rate parameters.

Example Frame rate: 2 fps Pre-delay: 1s

Post-delay: 2s

At the next trigger event six images are saved to the "VersatileApplications" directory (pre-delay+post-delay * 2fps).

This setting is only applicable for the coming event and is used to check the parameters. It is applicable for only one event and is disabled after export.

12. Enter the **time between identical license plates** for continuous recognition. This specifies how long the same license plate must be viewed.

Example License plate recognition at a gas station: The time between same license plates is set to 60 seconds.

Scenario 1: Car 1 arrives -> license plate recognition is started - car 1 leaves -> start 60 seconds - car 1 returns within 60 seconds -> no license plate recognition because the car returned within 60 seconds.

Scenario 2: Car 1 arrives -> license plate recognition is started - car 1 leaves -> start 60 seconds - car 1 returns after 60 seconds -> license plate recognition again because the car did not return within 60 seconds

- 13. Specify the number of images within which the license plate must be clearly recognized in the **Number of required frames** box.
- 14. Click **Create new list** to save one or more license plate lists. Select a list and assign a license plate group to it to be able to analyze it.
- 15. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

List configuration

With the help of lists, you can easily classify the license plates of vehicles, e.g. into "employees" and "suppliers" or "invalid license plates". For example, an alarm can be triggered if a license plate from list "invalid license plates" is detected.

Lane 1	
Activated	
General	
	Create new list
Name:	Lane 1
3rd party ID:	
Role:	Not assigned 🔹
Delete LPR events after (number of days):	\$ 28
Offset (ms):	\$ 0
LPR archive	
Assigned layer:	
No assignment 💌	
Assigned cameras:	
AXIS Cam1 Vivotek Samsung	

Fig. 174: List configuration

- 1. Select a list.
- 2. Activate the list and, if necessary, alter the name.
- 3. Select the **license plate groups** that are to be analyzed (see License plate groups, p. 343). In the associated alarm scenario the user can specify, for example, that an alarm is triggered by a license plate from list 1 and that a barrier is automatically opened for a license plate from list 2.
- 4. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

LPR VCA - License plate recognition

The LPR-VCA (Video Content Analytics) channel module is used to connect APIs from thirdparty LPR suppliers via Seetec Application Interface (SAI). The interface sends image data and events to Qognify Qognify VMS which for example can trigger an alarm.

All LPR related events like license plate from a certain list, unknown license plate, license plate on the wrong lane etc. can be used to trigger an alarm.

In order to be detected correctly when the software starts up, the API-files and the signed xml-file must be stored in the "\VersatileApplications\VCAPlugin" or "\VersatileApplications64\VCAPlugin" subfolder of the Qognify installation folder.

Adding new LPR VCA module

Create new hardwa	are			×
Name:				
LPR VCA				
Manufacturer:				
SeeTec Video Analytics				Ŧ
Туре:				
LPR VCA				Ŧ
Host (IP address or name)				
10.0.11.11.1			l	
LPR module:				
Analytics Interface Modu	le 10 SCHRI	-HP		•
An a the late 10 to a the later				
Available IP installers:		_	ID cotup	
		_	iP setup	
	ОК		Cancel	
		🗸 Validate setti	ngs before device creati	ion

Fig. 175: Creating new hardware

- 1. Select **Other hardware** and create a new object.
- 2. Enter a **Name**.
- 3. For Manufacturer select "SeeTec Video Analytics".
- 4. For **Type** select "LPR VCA".
- 5. Enter the **Host** (IP address or name) of the module.
- 6. Select the installed **LPR module** to specify the LPR VCA analysis channel to analyze the image data.
- 7. Click **OK**. The new LPR VCA module is available within the selected company item for further configuration.

General LPR VCA settings

General		
Activated		
General		
Name:	LPR	
LPR module:		-
Camera:	Vivotek	•
Video classification:	None	•
Authentication		
Use authentication	\blacksquare Use module settings for authentication	Use from camera
User name:		
Password:		
External service		
Use external service		Use from camera
Host (IP address or name):		
Port:		
Generic parameters		
Кеу	Value	

Fig. 176: General LPR VCA settings

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the name.
- 3. Select the appropriate **LPR module**.
- 4. Select the appropriate **camera**.
- 5. Select the appropriate **video classification**. The video classification determines the video profile used in surveillance mode for the various modes (normal, selected, alarm). With MPEG-4, H.264 or H.265 streaming, the frame rate for recognition must correspond to the frame rate for default recording on the selected camera, while any desired value can be entered for Motion JPEG.
- 6. Select the authentication method and enter the user name and password, if required.
- To use an external LPR service depending on the camera manufacturer, enable Use external service and specify the Host (IP address or name) and the Port number of the service.

Depending on the external service, the external software may provide additional parameters that can be configured.

8. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Lane configuration - General

Some 3rd party LPR modules are able to support multiple lanes with one channel (e.g. megapixel cameras watching multiple lanes at the same time). Therefore the LPR VCA plug-ins support assigning multiple lanes for the same LPR 3rd party channel.

Lane 1	
Activated	
General	
	Create new list
Name:	Lane 1
3rd party ID:	
Role:	Not assigned
Delete LPR events after (number of days):	\$ 28
Offset (ms):	\$ 0
LPR archive	
Assigned layer:	
No assignment 🔹	
Assigned cameras:	
AXIS Cam1 Vivotek Samsung	

Fig. 177: Lane configuration - General

1. Activate the lane and, if necessary, alter the **name**.

Each activated lane requires a license.

- 2. Click **Create new list** to create one or more license plate lists (see Lane configuration Lists, p. 266).
- 3. Select the desired **Role**. For example, in LPR mode you can restrict the search to all entrances and you do not need to select every entrance lane manually.
- 4. Specify the **number of days** after which LPR events (recognized license plates, changes to master data, etc.) are to be deleted.
- 5. Define the **Offset** to compensate the camera signal offset.
- 6. Assign a layer in archive mode where the LPR image will be displayed.
- 7. Select the LPR camera.

A maximum of two cameras can be assigned.

8. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

While the configuration window is opened, any changes made by the plug-in will not be shown. To see the changes, configuration of the module / lane needs to be closed and reopened.

Lane configuration - Lists

With the help of lists, you can easily classify the license plates of vehicles, e.g. into "employees" and "suppliers" or "invalid license plates". For example, an alarm can be triggered if a license plate from list "invalid license plates" is detected.

Service		
☑ Activated		
Name:	Service	
License plate groups:		
Service		
		Delete list

Fig. 178: Lane configuration - Lists

- 1. Activate the list and, if necessary, alter the Name.
- 2. Select the **license plate groups** that are to be analyzed. In the associated alarm scenario the user can specify, for example, that an alarm is triggered by a license plate from list 1 and that a barrier is automatically opened for a license plate from list 2.
- 3. Click **Delete list** to delete the selected list.
- 4. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Qognify Analytics

The classic Qognify Analytics is obsolete and no longer distributed since Qognify VMS R9! It is available for migration purposes only. The feature is replaced by Qognify Analytics Server (for details, see Qognify Analytics Server, p. 272).

The Qognify server must send the camera images to the Qognify Analytics module for intelligent video analysis. Based on the analysis, alarms can be triggered. To configure a Qognify Analytics module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399 and Creating new hardware, p. 240). Alternatively it will be installed with a user defined installation of the analytics module (see Server components, p. 61).

Overview of the Qognify Analytics packages

The Qognify solution offers different Qognify Analytics packages:

- Qognify Analytics Basic
- Qognify Analytics Premium
- Qognify Analytics Enterprise

	Qognify Analytics Basic	Qognify Analytics Premium	Qognify Analytics Enterprise
Area of Interest	X	Х	Х
Object Clas- sification	Х	Х	Х
Tripwire (also non-linear)	X	х	Х
Multi-segment tripwire	Х		Х
Entering		Х	Х
Exiting		Х	Х
Appearing		Х	Х
Disappearing		Х	Х
Left behind			Х
Taken away			Х

Adding the Qognify Analytics module

- 1. Select **Other hardware** and create a new object.
- 2. Enter a Name.
- 3. For Manufacturer select "Qognify Video Analytics".
- 4. For **Type** select "Qognify Analytics Basic", "Qognify Analytics Premium", or "Qognify Analytics Enterprise".
- 5. Select the **Video Analysis module** to specify which video analysis channel is to analyze the image data.
- 6. Click **OK**.

General

- 1. Activate the module and, if necessary, alter the name.
- 2. Select the video analysis module to specify which video analysis channel is to analyze the image data.
- 3. Select the camera for delivering the analytics video stream.

Privacy masking must not be used on the selected camera. Qognify Analytics devices cannot be copied. If the camera is rotated after configuration, the Video Analysis module will terminate recognition in some circumstances.

- 4. Select the **Video classification** to specify which profile is to be used for image transmission to the video analysis channel. This setting applies only to multistreaming. Qognify recommends using an additional stream from the camera for video analysis. A CIF resolution is generally adequate for analysis (compression: 20%). Select larger resolutions only after consultation.
- 5. Specify the **Frame rate for analysis** to set the number of images per second to be sent to the video analysis channel. Qognify recommends a frame rate of 12 frames per second (fps).
- 6. The **Channel state** shows the current state of the Qognify Analytics channel. The following states are possible:
 - Known scene (Good View): The Qognify Analytics channel is running. The video data is being analyzed.
 - No signal (Bad Signal): The Qognify Analytics channel is running. The video data is not being analyzed (Possible causes: the image quality is too poor, the contrast may be too low or the image is too dark). An alarm scenario can be started in this state. Select the "Video analysis failure due to insufficient light or obstruction" option as the trigger event for the alarm scenario.
 - Invalid scene (Invalid View): Unknown error. The video data is not being analyzed.
 - Unknown scene (Unknown View): The current scene does not correspond with the acquired scene (e.g. the camera was rotated). The video data is not being analyzed. An alarm scenario can be started in this state. Select the "Video analysis failed due to incorrect camera position" option as the trigger event for the alarm scenario.
 - Search for known scene (Searching for View): The Qognify Analytics channel is in the acquisition phase. If the Qognify Analytics channel is activated, the state changes to "Known scene", "Unknown scene" or "Unknown".
 - **Unknown**: No connection to the Qognify Analytics channel.
- 7. Select the desired **Usage**.
 - Inside. All objects will be monitored inside of a room or building
 - Inside and people only. Only people will be monitored inside of a room or a building
 - Outside. All objects will be monitored in open areas
 - Outside, but no people. All objects except humans will be monitored in open areas
 - Any. Any of the above applies
- 8. Select whether the analysis is to recognize **people** or **vehicles**.
- 9. Click **Person** or **Vehicle** to create an area in the camera image to be used to calibrate the camera.
- 10. For spatial location of the vehicle click **Tires** and define the position of the tires.

11. In the specified area, specify the position of the body parts (head/foot) or the vehicle's upper point (e.g. roof).

Example If a person is selected, place the head icon (red) at the highest point of the body's image and the foot icon at the lowest point of the body.



Fig. 179: General

12. If a vehicle is selected, place the cross icon at the highest point (roof) and select at least one wheel.

At least three persons or vehicles must be defined.

- 13. To delete an area that has been created, select it and click **Delete**.
- 14. To delete all areas, click **Delete all**.
- 15. Activate **Automatically acquire new angles of view** to store the new position of the camera automatically as a new scene. An alarm scenario can also be optionally started if the camera was rotated.
- 16. Activate **Force new angles of view** to prevent circumstances in which the video data cannot be analyzed because the current scene does not correspond to the acquired scene. Unlike the "Automatically acquire new angles of view" option, you cannot start an alarm scenario by activating the Force new angles of view option.
- 17. Activate **Export single images in the event of an alarm** to save the images on which a motion or change is recognized separately as JPEG.
- 18. Specify the time period after which the exported images will be deleted. If you enter "0" as the time period the images will not be deleted.

19. Optionally enter the generic parameters that are to be taken into account in the analysis of the images.

About the use of generic parameters, see "Technical_Guides_Qognify_Qognify VMS_7.1_EN.pdf" or contact support (see Support, p. 20).

- 20. Click Add new rule and enter a unique name for the rule.
- 21. Select the rule type. The following rules are available:
 - Tripwire, p. 270: As soon as the tripwire is exceeded in one or both directions, an alarm can be triggered.
 - Area of interest (AOI), p. 271: An area in the camera image that can trigger an alarm.
 - Scene change, p. 272: All changes in the visual field of the camera are detected if the camera image changes significantly.

A rule is not automatically activated after it has been created. Activate the rule during configuration of the rule (see below). Additional starting events can also be set for every rule.

Tripwire

- 1. Activate the module and, if necessary, alter the **name**.
- 2. Activate **Classification of target** to assign the recognized object types. Multiple objects can be selected.
- 3. Click **Tripwire** to create a tripwire and record virtual tripwires in the camera image.
- 4. Click **MultiSegment TW** to create multi-segment tripwires. Multi-segment tripwires can be created at an angle.
- 5. Draw the virtual tripwires in the camera image.
- 6. Generate the corners of the tripwire by clicking on the camera image and drawing them.
- 7. If you have created a multi-segment tripwire, close it with a double-click.
- 8. Select the **parameters** for the directions from which the object is to be recognized.
- 9. Select the **filter for the minimum size** and the **filter for the maximum size** to specify the size of the object that is to be recognized.
- 10. Activate the filters with which the object is to be displayed. The color highlighting makes it easier to recognize the sizes of target objects in the foreground or background during configuration.
- 11. Select the additional filters:
 - **Salience**: Moving objects ignored, e.g. reflections, falling leaves or water motions.
 - Maximum size change (%): Fast-changing objects are filtered, e.g. shadows.

Example A shadow has a size of 100% in the first image, the size change is set to 50%. If the shadow becomes larger, it is ignored until the size change exceeds 150%. If the shadow becomes smaller, it is ignored until the size change falls below 50%.

12. Click **Delete this rule** to delete the currently displayed rule.

Area of interest (AOI)

- 1. Activate the module and, if necessary, alter the **name**.
- 2. Activate **Classification of target** to assign the recognized object types. Multiple objects can be selected.
- 3. Select the trigger types to specify which object behavior is to trigger the event.
 - **Exiting**: Object exits the analysis area (including partially) and is still visible in the image.
 - Entering: Object enters the analysis area (including partially) and was still visible in the image beforehand.
 - **Disappearing**: Object exits the analysis area and is then not visible in the image.
 - **Appearing**: Object is in the analysis area and was not visible in the image beforehand.
- 4. Click **AOI** and specify the image detail.
- 5. Close the image detail with a double-click after it is marked out.
- 6. Select **additional parameters** for object recognition.
- 7. Enter a time period for **Time of loitering (s)** and **Left behind since (s)** after which a signal will be sent to trigger an alarm.
 - Loitering: Object has been in the analysis area for a longer time (over x seconds).
 - Left behind: Object is left behind in the analysis area for longer than x seconds (including partially).
- 8. Select the **plane** to specify the plane on which the object is found. This shows the differential background for the object recognition.
- 9. **Ground plane**: Recognition is to be on a horizontal area, e.g. a long corridor. The ground plane can be viewed as a carpet in the corridor that the object is in contact with.
- 10. **Image plane**: Every motion is to be detected. A detection at image plane can best be compared with traditional motion detection. However, detection at image plane also includes object classification.
- 11. In the **layer**, select whether detection is to be performed in an **image detail** or in the **full image**. Detection in the full image should be used if all unspecific motions are to be detected (person enters or exits the camera area). Because all motions are detected, it is also possible to receive a number of unwanted alarms. If detection is to be performed in the full image, some object behavior cannot be used and is therefore grayed out.
- 12. Select the **filter for the minimum size** and the **filter for the maximum size** to specify the size of the object that is to be recognized.
- 13. Activate the filters with which the area is to be displayed. The color highlighting makes it easier to recognize the sizes of target objects in the foreground or background during configuration.
- 14. Select the additional filters:
 - **Salience**: Moving objects ignored (e.g. reflections, falling leaves or water motions).
 - Maximum size change (%): Fast-changing objects are filtered, e.g. shadows.

Example A shadow has a size of 100% in the first image, the size change is set to 50%. If the shadow becomes larger, it is ignored until the size change exceeds 150%. If the shadow becomes smaller, it is ignored until the size change falls below 50%.

- 15. Click **Delete this rule** to delete the currently displayed rule.
- 16. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 17. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Scene change

- 1. Activate the module and, if necessary, alter the **name**.
- 2. Select the **scene change** that is to trigger an event. All changes in the visual field of the camera are detected if the camera image changes significantly.
 - **Any change**: Combination of available options of the selection.
 - Lighting on: Change from dark to light
 - **Lighting off**: Change from light to dark
 - Lighting on or off: Change from light to dark or dark to light
 - Unknown process: Unclassifiable change
 - **Camera movement**: Camera is rotated
- 3. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 4. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Qognify Analytics Server

The Qognify Analytics Server provides two general variations of video analytics:

- 3D Analytics
- 2D intelligent Motion Detection

3D Analytics

The video 3D Analytics capacities of the Qognify Analytics Server is suitable for detecting human or vehicle intrusions in so called sterile zones. A sterile zone is an area where no human or vehicle is present (e.g. the area along a perimeter fence, a storage area at night time). The Qognify Analytics Server can be implemented at (examples):

- Perimeter protection of industrial sites or critical infrastructures
- Zone protection of sensitive facilities, storage and recycling sites, or any outdoor private areas
- Peripheral protection of stores, warehouses, company buildings, or private houses

Qognify Analytics Server can distinguish between

- People
- Vehicles
- People and vehicles

2D intelligent Motion Detection

In some cases Qognify Analytics 3D does not cover all video analytics requirements, e. g.:

- The calibration is not possible (e. g. test person is not allowed to walk in front of the camera)
- The camera position is too low or rolled
- The camera is inside 3D Analytics does not work well inside because in most situations there are too many obstructing objects (person cannot be seen from head to toe) or the person is taking too much space on the field of view.
- There is no sufficient perspective (i.e. camera pointing directly on a wall or facade)

Architecture



Fig. 180: Architecture of Qognify Analytics

Notes

- To add and configure a Qognify Analytics Server functionality, the required module must first be created with the Qognify VA administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399). Alternatively, it must be installed during a user-defined installation (see Custom installation, p. 60).
- The Qognify Analytics hardware has to be added (see Adding the Analytics Server module, p. 274).
- Camera side privacy masking may not be used.
- Qognify Analytics devices cannot be copied.
- If the camera is rotated after configuration, the Qognify Analytics Server module will terminate recognition in some circumstances.

Adding the Analytics Server module

Create new har	dware		×
Name:			
Analytics 2D inside			
Manufacturer:			
SeeTec Video Analyt	ics		-
Туре:			
SeeTec Analytics Ser	ver 3D		-
Analytics Server 3D M Analytics Server Mo	1odule: Jule 4 SASCHA-HP		
Available IP installers			
		-	IP setup
	ОК		Cancel

Fig. 181: Adding Analytics Server module

- 1. Select **Other hardware** and create a new object.
- 2. Enter a **Name** for the object.
- 3. For Manufacturer select "SeeTec Video Analytics".
- 4. For Type select "SeeTec Video Analytics Server 3D".
- 5. For **Analytics Server 3D Module** select the required "Analytics Server module" (see Adding an Analytics Server module, p. 402).
- 6. Click **OK**.

For module configuration see Configuring a Qognify Analytics Server module, p. 274.

Configuring a Qognify Analytics Server module

General

1. Select the Qognify Analytics Server module in the overview.

General		
Activated		
General		
Name:	SeeTec Analytics Server 3D	
Video analysis module:	Analytics Server Module SASCHA-HP	•
Camera:	AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	-
Video classification:	Analytics	-
Frame rate for analysis (fps):	\$ 8	
		Open config page

Fig. 182: Configuring a Qognify Analytics Server module

- 2. Activate the module and, if necessary, change the Name.
- 3. Select the **Video analysis module** to specify which video analysis channel is used to analyze the video data.
- 4. Select the **Camera** for delivering the video stream.
- Select the Video classification to specify which profile is used for image transmission to the video analysis channel. This setting applies only to multistreaming (see Video streams, p. 215).

It is recommended to use an additional stream from the camera for video analysis. A 4CIF resolution is generally adequate for analysis. Select larger resolutions only after consultation with the Qognify support (see Support, p. 20).



Fig. 183: Analytics scene setting

For the analytics to work properly, make sure you meet the following requirements.

The scene in general should look like figure 1:

- The camera is installed at a minimum height of 2 m (6.6 ft) inside or 2,5 m (8.2 ft) outside, sufficiently tilted and with no roll
- The ground in the scene is mostly flat
- The lighting in the scene is sufficient to detect human activity
- The detection area is a sterile zone (usually free of moving objects)
- The height of a person is above 10% of the image height and above 7% if it is a thermal camera (negative example where person is too small see figure 2).
- The center of the image is below the horizon line (negative example with horizon line above the center of the image see figure 3).
- There is almost no camera roll (negative example with too significant camera roll angle see figure 4).

6. Specify the **Frame rate for analysis (fps)** to set the number of images per second to be sent to the video analysis channel.

A frame rate of 8 frames per second (fps) is recommended.

- 7. Click **Open config page** for configuring the Qognify Analytics server and defining analytics rules. If the config page for the module is open for the first time, select the type of analytics to be performed. The following types are available (see Qognify Analytics Server, p. 272):
 - 2D intelligent Motion Detection
 - 3D Analytics

Make sure the Analytics setup tool is installed (see Components for the custom installation, p. 60). For detailed configuration see the corresponding manual accessible from the setup tools help menu.

Advantech

This section includes the configuration of

- ADAM 6050 / 6050W
- ADAM 6052
- ADAM 6060 / 6060W / 6066

The ADAM remote I/O modules are versatile and robust computer interfaces for universal application in process control and automation. The modules are controlled by a micro-processor, and offer a simple and robust communication as well as analogue and digital I/O via Ethernet or RS-485.

General

General	
Activated	
Name:	Adam
Host:	10.0.14.55
Port:	
API version:	1.0
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SASCHA-HP

Fig. 184: Advantech Adam module - General

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the name.
- 3. If necessary, change the IP address or the name of the **host**.
- 4. If necessary, select the appropriate **API version**.
- 5. Change the server for managing the **DeviceManager server**.

Inputs

Inputs						
Input	Activated	Name for CLOSED	lcon	Name for OPEN	lcon	Dead time (s)
		CLOSED: input 1	• •	OPEN: input 1	• •	1
2		CLOSED: input 2	¥	OPEN: input 2	7 -	1
		CLOSED: input 3	¥	OPEN: input 3	7 -	1
4		CLOSED: input 4	¥	OPEN: input 4	7 -	1
		CLOSED: input 5	x	OPEN: input 5	7 -	1
		CLOSED: input 6	¥ *	OPEN: input 6	7 -	1

Fig. 185: Advantech Adam - Inputs

The number of inputs depends on the device type.

- 1. Activate the desired input and change the **name for CLOSED**.
- 2. Select the appropriate **icon** to display a graphic view of the current status of the input. You set the icon to be displayed in the map in the field of the same name.
- 3. Change the Name for OPEN.
- 4. Select the appropriate icon to display a graphic view of the current status of the input. You set the icon to be displayed in the map in the field of the same name.
- 5. Specify the interval for the **Dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again.

Outputs

Outputs					
Output	Activated	Name for CLOSE	Name for OPEN	Hold time (s)	
		CLOSE: output 1	OPEN: output 1	4	
		CLOSE: output 2	OPEN: output 2	0	
		CLOSE: output 3	OPEN: output 3	0	
4		CLOSE: output 4	OPEN: output 4	0	

Fig. 186: Advantech Adam module - Outputs

The number of outputs depends on the device type.

- 1. Activate the desired output and change the Name for CLOSE.
- 2. Change the **name for OPEN**.
- Specify the **hold time (s)** for the period for which the output is open or closed (0 = infinite).

- 4. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 5. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

AXIS

This section includes the configuration of

- A9161
- A9188

The AXIS Network I/O Relay modules have configurable I/Os with supervised inputs and a relay. The module reacts on inputs, such as signals from PIR motion detectors or switches, to trigger actions. Their open platform enables a high level of integration with AXIS A1001 Network Door Controller, network cameras, and other facility systems. They also work standalone. Supplying power to I/O devices, they can extend the functionality of Axis products where additional I/Os or relays are needed.

General

General	
Activated	
Name:	AXIS A9161
Host:	1.0.1.1.1
Port:	
API version:	2.09
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_001

Fig. 187: AXIS - General

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the name.
- 3. If necessary, change the IP address or the name of the **host**.
- 4. If necessary, select the appropriate **API version**.
- 5. Change the server for managing the **DeviceManager server**.

Inputs

ie (s)

Fig. 188: AXIS - Inputs

The number of inputs depends on the device type.

- 1. Activate the desired input and change the **name for CLOSED**.
- 2. Select the appropriate **icon** to display a graphic view of the current status of the input. You set the icon to be displayed in the map in the field of the same name.
- 3. Change the **Name for OPEN**.
- 4. Select the appropriate icon to display a graphic view of the current status of the input. You set the icon to be displayed in the map in the field of the same name.
- 5. Specify the interval for the **Dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again.

Outputs

Outputs					
Output	Activated	Name for CLOSE	Name for OPEN	Hold time (s)	
		CLOSE: output 1	OPEN: output 1	0	
2		CLOSE: output 2	OPEN: output 2	0	
		CLOSE: output 3	OPEN: output 3	0	
4		CLOSE: output 4	OPEN: output 4	0	
		CLOSE: output 5	OPEN: output 5	0	
		CLOSE: output 6	OPEN: output 6	0	
		CLOSE: output 7	OPEN: output 7	0	



The number of outputs depends on the device type.

- 1. Activate the desired output and change the Name for CLOSE.
- 2. Change the name for OPEN.
- Specify the hold time (s) for the period for which the output is open or closed (0 = infinite).
- 4. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 5. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

W&T

This section describes the configuration of the Web-IO 12x digital input, 12x digital output. With the Web-IO digital you can control, acquire and monitor switching signals via TCP/IP Ethernet. Numerous web and network services are available for reporting changes on the inputs and outputs. Remote control over the internet mostly requires just a browser or a smartphone.

General

General	
Activated	
Name:	WT
Host:	10.0.14.215
Port:	
API version:	1.0
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SASCHA-HP

Fig. 190: W&T - General

- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the name.
- 3. If necessary, change the IP address or the name of the host.
- 4. If necessary, select the appropriate **API version**.
- 5. Change the **DeviceManager server**.

Inputs

Inputs						
Input	Activated	Name for CLOSED	lcon	Name for OPEN	lcon	Dead time (s)
		CLOSED: input 1	*	OPEN: input 1	· · · ·	1
		CLOSED: input 2	¥*** •	OPEN: input 2	7 -	1
3		CLOSED: input 3	¥*** •	OPEN: input 3	7 -	1

Fig. 191: W&T - Inputs

- 1. Activate the desired input and change the **name for CLOSED**.
- 2. Select the appropriate **icon** to display a graphic view of the current status of the input. You set the icon to be displayed in the map in the field of the same name.
- 3. Change the **name for OPEN**.
- 4. Select the appropriate **icon** to display a graphic view of the current status of the input. You set the icon to be displayed in the map in the field of the same name.
- 5. Specify the interval for the **dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again.

Outputs

Outputs					
Output	Activated	Name for CLOSE	Name for OPEN	Hold time (s)	
1		CLOSE: output 1	OPEN: output 1	5	

Fig. 192: W&T - Outputs

- 1. Activate the desired output and change the name for CLOSE.
- 2. Change the **name for OPEN**.
- 3. Specify the **hold time (s)** for the period for which the output is open or closed (0 = infinite).
- 4. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 5. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Wago

This section describes the configuration of the Wago System 750 I/O module.

Fieldbus couplers, fieldbus controllers and I/O modules found in the modular WAGO I/O-SYSTEM 750 receive digital and analog signals from sensors and transmit them to actuators or higher-level control systems.

General

General	
Z Activated	
Name:	WAGO
Host:	10.0.14.152
Port:	
API version:	1.0
DeviceManager server:	DeviceManager_SASCHA-HP



- 1. Activate or disable the module.
- 2. If necessary, alter the name.
- 3. If necessary, change the IP address or the name of the host.
- 4. If necessary, select the appropriate **API version**.
- 5. Select the DeviceManager server for communication with the module.

Inputs

Inputs									
Add new input							Add		
Add 10 new inputs Add									
Delete inputs	marked for dele	etion					Delete		
Input	Activated	Name for CLOSED	Icon	Name for OPEN	Icon		Dead time (s)	Delete	
		New input	· ·	New input	•	•	1		
		New input	¥** - 👻	New input	2°	•	1		
		New input	···· •	New input	2°	-	1		

Fig. 194: Wago - Inputs

- 1. Click Add new input or Add 10 new inputs to create one or ten new inputs.
- 2. Aactivate the desired input and change the name for CLOSED.
- 3. Select the appropriate **icon** to display a graphic view of the current status of the input. You set the icon to be displayed in the map in the field of the same name.
- 4. Change the name for OPEN.
- 5. Select the appropriate **icon** to display a graphic view of the current status of the input. You set the icon to be displayed in the map in the field of the same name.
- 6. Specify the interval for the **dead time** (in seconds) after which a signal is analyzed again.
- 7. To delete entries, mark the entries that you want to delete and click **Delete inputs marked for deletion**.

Outputs

Outputs							
Add new output Add							
Add 10 new out		Add					
Delete outputs	marked for deletion	n				Delete	
Output	Activated	Name for CLOSE	Name for OPEN	Hold time (s)	Delete		
	\checkmark	New output	New output	0			
		New output	New output	0			
		New output	New output	0			
4		New output	New output	0			

Fig. 195: Wago - Outputs

- 1. Click Add new output or Add 10 new outputs to create one or ten new outputs.
- 2. Activate the desired output and change the name for CLOSE.
- 3. Change the name for OPEN.

- 4. Specify the **hold time (s)** for the period for which the output is open or closed (0 = infinite).
- 5. To delete entries, mark the entries that you want to delete and click **Delete outputs marked for deletion**.
- 6. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 7. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Event Interfaces (SEI)

The SeeTec Event Interface (SEI) function in the Administration control allows you to configure and manage third party safety systems that can be integrated into Qognify VMS on a generic basis, such as burglar alarm, fire panel, access control etc. These devices can be partly administered and actuated with the Qognify software and with software provided by the respective third-party manufacturers.

After the event interfaces or generic access controls have been configured, they can be connected to alarm scenarios (see Alarms, p. 307) and the items can be added to maps (see Maps and "Advanced Maps", p. 326).

The Event Interfaces require some specific plug-in files which need to be copied into the Qognify VA-Plug-in directories ("C:\Program Files\Qognify\VersatileApplications64\AccessControlPlugins" or "C:\Program Files\Qognify\VersatileApplications64\EventPlugins"). For further information see technical guides or ask Qognify support about the use of third party event based plug-ins.

To configure an event interface or a generic access control module, it must be created in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).

For the Qognify generic access control at least one of the following access control modules has to be installed:

- Continental CardAccess3000Paxton Net2
- Lenel
- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Event Interfaces** in the control bar.

Unavailable items in the interfaces are not deleted, but hidden. They can be accessed at any time without reconfiguration.

Creating an event interface

Create new Eve	nt Interface	×
Name:		
Alarm Central		
Manufacturer:		
SeeTec		-
Туре:		
Event Interface		-
Event Interface modu	le:	
Event Interface Mod	ule 8 SCHRI-HP	-
	OK	Cancel

Fig. 196: Creating new event interface

- 1. Create a new **Event interface**.
- 2. Enter the **Name** for the new event interface.
- 3. Select the **Manufacturer**.
- 4. Select the **Type** Event Interface.
- 5. Select the installed **Event Interface module**.
- 6. Click **OK**. The new event interface is available within the selected company control.

Creating a generic access control

Create new Eve	nt Interfac	æ		×
Name:				
New device				
Manufacturer:				
SeeTec				•
Туре:				
Generic access contr	ol			-
Host (IP address or na	ame):			
10.0.1.1.1				
Access control modu	e:			
Generic Access Cont	rol Module 9 S	CHRI-HP		•
	OK		Cancel	

Fig. 197: Creating new access control module

- 1. Create a new **Event interface** item.
- 2. Enter the Name for the new generic access control.
- 3. Select the **Manufacturer**
- 4. Select the **Type** Generic access control.
- 5. Enter the **Host** (IP address or name) of the module.
- 6. Select the installed **Access control module**.
- 7. Click **OK**. The new access control is available within the selected company item.

Configuring event interfaces

General

General	
Activated	
Name:	sei
Event Interface module:	Event Interface Module 8 SCHRI-HP 💌
Required Parameters:	
Username	Mr. X
Password	***
IP or Host	172.11.11.11
Port	4562
Optional Parameters:	
Second Password	***

Fig. 198: Event interface settings - General

- 1. Select the event interface in the **Event interface** overview.
- 2. Activate the event interface
- 3. Edit the Name.
- 4. Select the **Event Interface module**.
- 5. Enter the required and optional parameters required by the plug-in:
 - User name and Password for the access control module
 - Port number and IP address of the module
 - Second password to access the module
- 6. Click **OK**.

Items

Depending on the plug-in, the Event Interface provides different objects such as the states of areas of an alarm system or the events from a 3rd party video analysis system. The available can be used in alarms (see Alarms, p. 307) and maps (see Maps and "Advanced Maps", p. 326).

Items							
			Expand all Co	llapse all			
Name			Туре	lcon	Apply icon to	Enabled	Error
⊿ Area #010000		0000	Area		Area	\checkmark	
	Area	state 1	State	×	State		
	Area	state 2	State	X	State		
	Zone	#010100	Zone	**	Zone	\checkmark	
	Z	one state 1	State		State		
	Z	one state 2	State	*	State		
	⊿ D	oor #010101	Door	-	Door	\checkmark	
		Offline	State	<u>_</u>	State		
		Opened	State		State		
		Opened too long	State		State		

Fig. 199: Event interface items

Search Items

1. Enter a character string in the **search** field. The relevant items are listed and the string in the item name is highlighted.

Changing an icon

- 1. Click on the displayed icon.
- 2. Select another one. To use an icon that supports multiple states, refer to Creating multiplestate icons, p. 289).
- 3. Click on the apply to item button.

Enabling or disabling an item

1. Click the **Enabled** check box. The state changes accordingly.

Rules

To group different event states, the single events or states can be collected in a so-called "rule". This simplifies the administration of multiple events or states. The rule is triggered when an event or state in it is changed or triggered.

The rules can be added to an alarm scenario (see Start, p. 314).

			Search	Expand all Collapse al
lame 9		Type ♥	Selected 9	
	Emergency	State		
	Tampered	State		
	Alarmed	State	\checkmark	
	Doorbell rings	rings Event	>	
	Someone knocks	Event		
	Door #020102	Door		
, Zo	ne #020200	Zone		
stRule	Create	Rule		
			Search	Delete Delete a
ule name	Ŷ	Selected 9	<u>L</u>	
etRule				

Fig. 200: Event interface settings - Rules

Creating a rule

- 1. Select events or states from the event list. If required, search for the event or decrease the number of displayed items by collapsing the list.
- 2. Name the rule and select Create Rule. The new rule is displayed in the rule list.
- 3. Repeat for multiple rules.

Rules must not be named identically.

Deleting a rule

- 1. Select a rule in the rule list or search for the rule.
- 2. Select Delete.
- 3. To delete all rules in the list, select **Delete all**.

Unavailable items

The tab shows the items that are currently disabled, i.e. hidden, so that they can be activated without configuration. The unavailable items are displayed in the control and marked with a red cross.
Item	s						
			Expand all Co	llapse all			
Name			Туре	lcon	Apply icon to	Enabled	Error
⊿ Ar	ea #I	010000	Area		Area	\checkmark	
	Are	a state 1	State	×	State		
	Are	a state 2	State	×	State		
	Zoi	ne #010100	Zone	**	Zone	\checkmark	
		Zone state 1	State	**	State		
		Zone state 2	State	<u>*</u>	State		
		Door #010101	Door		Door	\checkmark	
		Offline	State	*	State		
		Opened	State		State		
		Opened too long	State		State		

Fig. 201: Event interface - unavailable items

Activating an item

- 1. Select the item or enter the name of the item in the search field above the list.
- 2. Open the item by double-clicking.
- 3. Select Active (see General, p. 286).

Deleting an item

- 1. Select the item and click **Delete**.
- 2. Click Yes to confirm deletion. The item is permanently deleted.

Creating multiple-state icons

Event interfaces in Qognify VMS support icons that can display up to four different states of a single event. The states of the icons are displayed as transparent overlays on top of the original icons on a map. Thereby, for a single event icon different states such as closed / open can be displayed.

The icons are not included in Qognify VMS but must be created according to the following requirements:

- The background is transparent so that it does not obscure the original icon below.
- The icon has a fixed size of 64 x 64 px.
- The image format is PNG.
- Each state only covers a quarter of the original icon.
- Each state is confined to the respective quadrant, e.g. the alarm state is displayed only in quadrant 1 and the rest of the icon is transparent.



Deleting event interfaces

- 1. Select the event interface (or generic access control) in the event interface overview.
- 2. Click **Delete object**.

Users

The **User** function in the **Administration** control allows you to create and delete user profiles. In addition, you can configure the connection to an existing Active Directory[®] Authorization Manager. The corresponding authorizations and profiles are assigned to the user, depending on whether he or she is logged in under a user name or as a group.

For a general description of administrative and user rights, see Administrative rights and user rights, p. 31.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the **Users** control.
- 2. Select **Users** in the Administration control.

Creating a user

- 1. Select **Create new object** in the **Users** control. Two options are available:
 - Create Basic User. Creates a new user with user rights configured within Qognify VMS
 - Create Active Directory User. When an Active Directory (AD server is installed, the user and his group affiliation are connected to the user's account in Qognify VMS.

Creating a basic user

- 1. Select Create Basic User.
- 2. Enter the Name and Password of the new user.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new user is displayed in the control.

Creating an Active Directory user

- 1. Select the **Object Type** "User".
- 2. Open the **Search Path** to the AD-server.
- 3. Enter the user name. The corresponding user account is displayed.
- 4. To search the user by name, select **Check names**.
- 5. Click **OK**.

Configuring a user

1. Select the user in the **Users** control.

Synchronizing AD users

The names of Active Directory users must be synchronized with the AD server, since the names cannot be edited in Qognify VMS.



1. Click **Reload** (1) in the users control.

General

General		
Activated		Change user
Name:		
Description:		
Groups:	An administrator group Development (IM) ANE Gruppe-in-Gruppe-in-Gruppe test	

Fig. 202: User - General

1. Activate the user.

The administrator cannot be deactivated.

- 2. To change the name of the Active Directory user, select **Change group** and alter the user name in the dialog.
- 3. Enter a **Description** of the user account. This can be the name of the user, for example.
- 4. Activate the **Groups** to which the user account is to belong (see Groups, p. 296). The association with a group is optional.

Password

Password					
User must use a secure password					
☑ User may change own password					
User must change password regularly					
Validity:		Days			
Last changed:	9/22/2016 10:49:36 AM				
✓ Change user password					
New user password:	*****				
Enter new user password again:	*****				
User needs two passwords					
New second user password:					
Enter the new second user password again:					

Fig. 203: User - Password

- 1. Select **User must use a secure password**. If the password does not meet the security requirements (see below), you receive a message to this effect.
- 2. Select **User may change own password** to permit the user to change his or her password.
- 3. Select **User must change password regularly** and specify the **Validity** period for the password. Before the period expires, the user is requested to change the password in order to be able to continue logging in.
- 4. Select **Change user password**, and enter a new user password.

User passwords of AD accounts cannot be altered in Qognify VMS.

If you have selected "User must use a secure password", choose a password that consists of at least eight characters and contains at least one digit, one upper-case letter and one lower-case letter.

- 5. Enter the user password again.
- 6. To create a second password on the "four-eyes principle", select **User needs two pass-words** and specify a further password, which must adhere to the same security rules.
- 7. Enter the second password again.

If you forget the administrator's password and have not added any users to the administrator group (see Groups, p. 296), it is no longer possible to access configuration mode.

Rights options

Rights options					
☑ Limit archive access	10	Minutes			
Use secure password for exports					
Comment necessary for changing to archive mode					
Show recording button					

Fig. 204: User - Rights options

- 1. Select **Limit archive access** and specify the duration of the access period (in minutes) in order to limit the user's continuous access to the archive.
- 2. Select **Use secure password for exports**. If a user has the right to export recordings he has to provide a secure password.
- 3. Select Comment necessary for changing to archive mode.
- 4. Enable **Show recording button** to display the button **REC** in the camera layer.

Managing user rights

User rights as well as administrative rights are only positively inherited, i.e. if a user is assigned a specific permission as user right, but not as administrative right, he still owns both rights.

Example

User A has been assigned the right to delete recordings in "User / Manage user rights", but this right has not been assigned to him in "Groups / Manage user rights". The user may still delete recordings - even if he belongs to a group, that does not have the respective rights. On the other hand, if user A belongs to a group that is allowed to define a Button, but the user himself has not been assigned this right, he still owns the group right.

This allows users to be members of a group and still own user-specific rights without causing conflicts.

User rights of users who belong to a group can also be administered via the group rights (see Administrative rights and user rights, p. 31). A user's membership of particular groups is revealed by the colored fields (see Groups, p. 296 for information on how to configure the colors of groups).

Manage user rights	
Patrol	AL For Law
- 🏠 Company	
🕨 🌰 Nederlands	
🕨 🌰 Türkiye	
Россия	
🕨 🏤 España	
🕨 🏫 France	
🕨 🌰 Čeština	
🕨 🌰 Deutschland	
+ 💻 Hardware	

Fig. 205: User - Managing user rights

- 1. Select or deselect the rights for the selected user to perform specific actions on the installed devices and objects. Depending on the device or object, the following rights are available, which can be selected or deselected individually or together.
 - All: Selects or deselects all users rights for the corresponding device or object.
 - View Live Video: The user can see a camera and its live images in Surveillance mode.
 - View Recordings: The user can use cameras in Archive mode.
 - **Delete recordings**: The user can delete recordings in Archive mode.
 - **Overwrite protection**: The user can apply overwrite protection to recordings in Archive mode or remove overwrite protection from them.
 - Camera PTZ: The user can use the PTZ camera including the digital zoom except for preset camera positions.
 - **Camera lock**: The user can lock the position of the PTZ camera.
 - Use camera presets: The user can use the predefined camera positions.
 - Create camera presets: The user can create camera preset positions or delete predefined positions.
 - **Export camera**: The user can save image data in the Qognify-specific format in Archive mode.
 - Export camera (AVI): The user can save image data as an AVI file in Archive mode.
 - Privacy masking: The user can deactivate privacy masking.
 - MPEG audio: The user can use audio transmission.
 - **Create reference image**: The user can use the manual reference image comparison from the Tools menu.
 - Intrusion Detection: The user can use intrusion detection commands, e. g. on maps.
 - **Map**: The user can use the corresponding map.
 - Layer: The user can display defined layers.
 - **Button**: The user can use buttons.
 - **Report mode**: The user can view report mode.
 - **Edit report templates**: The user can create and edit report queries in report mode and save them as templates.
 - Use license plate group: The user can only use license plate groups when the LPR master data editor is opened automatically if an unknown license plate is detected.
 - **Change license plate group**: The user can open the LPR master data editor from the View menu and can fully edit license plates.
 - **View Event Interface**: The user can see the event interface items.
 - Use Event interface commands: The user can change the state of an event interface item e.g on maps.
 - Access Control Data Editor: The user can use the Access control data editor from the View menu.
 - **Sharing**: The user is allowed to share a camera with other users and any connected Active Directory group. *To share a camera, the user does not need administrative rights.*

Managing administrative rights

A user with administrative rights can edit the system in configuration mode.

Example

A user can be specified as a system administrator for the branch "Hamburg" without even having access to the branch "Munich" (see Relationship between the main branch and its subbranches, p. 185).

The rights for users and groups are also checked on server side, so even if a hacked client (without any rights check) is used, it is still not possible to configure users, groups or their profiles.



Fig. 206: User - Managing administrative rights

- 1. Select or deselect the rights of the selected user to make changes or settings. Three types of administrative rights are available:
 - Create/delete: The user has unlimited scope to manage the selected objects and can, for example, create, configure and delete cameras.
 - Edit: The user can change the settings of the selected objects, but cannot create or delete objects.
 - View: The user can view and operate the selected objects but cannot make settings or create and delete objects. This does not apply to layers created in surveillance mode ("temporary layers").
- 2. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 3. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Misc

To access a camera with a static IP address and port, the user must have the required permission..

Misc	
☑ Enable static URL access	
Password:	*****

Fig. 207: User - Misc

- 1. Select Enable the static URL access (IP address and port number) for the user.
- 2. Enter the password.
- 3. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 4. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a user

- 1. Select the user in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a user

- 1. Select the user in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter a **Name** for the duplicated user.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new user is displayed in the overview.

Groups

The **Groups** function in the Administration control can be used to add users to groups and manage the rights of groups. The corresponding authorizations and profiles are assigned to the user, depending on whether the user is logged in with a user profile or a group profile. For a general description of administrative and user rights, see Administrative rights and user rights, p. 31.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select Groups in the Administration control.

Creating a new group

- 1. Select Create new object in the Groups control. Two options are available:
 - Create Basic Group. Creates a new user with user rights configured within Qognify VMS
 Create Active Directory Group. When an Active Directory (AD server is installed, the
 - user and his group affiliation are connected to the user's account in Qognify VMS.

Creating a basic group

- 1. Select Create Basic Group.
- 2. Enter the **name** for the new group.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new group is displayed in the overview.

Creating an Active Directory® group

- 1. Select the **Object Type** "Groups".
- 2. Open the **Search Path** to the AD-server.
- 3. Enter the group name. The corresponding group is displayed.
- 4. To search the user by name, select **Check names**.
- 5. Click **OK**.

Configuring a group

1. Select the group in the overview.

Active Directory groups that are grouped in AD retain their inherited rights from the parent group. A user that does not exist in Qognify VMS is allowed to log in if he is member of any parent group created in Qognify VMS.

The grouping a rights management is performed outside of Qognify VMS.

Synchronizing AD groups

The names and rights of Active Directory groups must be synchronized with the AD server, since the names cannot be edited in Qognify VMS.



1. Click **Reload** (1) in the groups control.

General

General		
Activated		Change group
Name:	ANE-Gruppe-in-Gruppe	
Description:		
Validity period:	🕑 Always	-
Validity status:		Select
Colors in group lists:		•
User:	🔲 💄 admin	
	🔲 💄 administrator	
	🔲 🤱 m	
	🔲 💄 Stephan Marschollek	
	🔲 💄 User	
	🔲 💄 Viktor Schönfeld	

Fig. 208: Groups - General

- 1. Activate the group.
- 2. To change the name of the Active Directory group, select **Change group** and alter the group name in the dialog.
- 3. Enter a **description** of the group.
- 4. Select a **validity period** for the group, within which group members can access the system depending on their user rights. The possible periods are specified in the Time management, p. 304.

For a general description of administrative and user rights, see Administrative rights and user rights, p. 31.

- 5. Specify the **validity status** to activate or deactivate the group. All users belonging to this group can thus be prevented from accessing certain cameras.
- 6. Assign the group **colors in group lists**. Different colors for different groups facilitate the administration of user rights as each user inherits the rights and the colors of the group he or she belongs to.
- 7. Select the **users** to be assigned to the group.

Rights options

- 1. Select **Limit archive access**, and specify the duration of the access period (in minutes) in order to prevent the user from having continuous access to the archive.
- 2. Select **Activate Active Directory support** to apply the authorization settings of a connected Active Directory server.
- 3. Select **Use secure password for exports**. If a user has the right to export recordings, he has to provide a secure password.

4. Select **A comment is required when changing into archive mode** to force the user to enter a comment when changing into archive mode. This will prevent changing into archive mode without noticing.

Managing user rights

The rights for users and groups are also checked on server side, so even if a hacked client (without any rights check) is used, it is still not possible to configure users, groups or their profiles.

Manage user rights	
	4) Free Live Victo Denne Processor Comment Processor Comment Processor Comment Processor Comment Processor Comment Processor Prove Comment Front Comment Prove Co
👻 🕋 Company	
Mederlands	
🕨 🏠 Türkiye	
Россия	$\square >> \square $
🕨 🏠 España	
🕨 🏠 France	$\square >> \square $
🕨 🌰 Čeština	
Deutschland	
🕨 💻 Hardware	$\boxtimes >> \square

Fig. 209: Groups - Manage user rights

1. Select or deselect the rights to perform specific actions on the installed devices and objects for the selected group (for users, see Managing user rights, p. 293).

Managing administrative rights

- 1. Select or deselect the rights to make changes or settings in the administration settings for the selected group (see Managing administrative rights, p. 295).
 - Create/delete: The group can administer the selected objects in full and, for example, create and delete cameras.
 - Edit: The group can change the settings of the selected objects, but cannot create or delete objects.
 - View: The group can view and operate the selected objects but cannot make any settings or create and delete objects.
- 2. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 3. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a group

- 1. Select the group in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a group

- 1. Select the group in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter the name for the duplicated group.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new group is displayed in the overview.

Profiles

The **Profiles** function in the Administration control allows you to assign general settings to a user account or group that apply to the operation and interface settings of the client. For each user and user group a profile is generated automatically. The profiles for the administrator and the administrator group cannot be deleted. The administrator group profile is deactivated by default.

The rights for users and groups are also checked on server side, so even if a hacked client (without any rights check) is used, it is still not possible to configure users, groups or their profiles.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Profiles** in the Administration control.

General

General					
Activated					
Confirm termination of the client	Confirm termination of the client				
Confirm termination of the client with user	password				
Lock user interface					
Log off user when inactive					
Inactivity timeout (min):					
PTZ priority:	1=highest 1000=lowest				
Timeout (s) for PTZ priority actions:					
Timeout (s) for PTZ lock actions:	120				
Layers:	 □ 1 ☑ 1+3 ☑ ud ☑ New layer 				
Patrols:	Patrol1				

Fig. 210: Profiles - General

- 1. Activate or deactivate the selected profile.
- 2. Select **Confirm termination of the client** to display a confirmation on termination of the client.
- 3. Optionally, select **Confirm termination of the client with user password** to display a confirmation on termination that the user must confirm with his password.
- 4. Select **Lock user interface** if the user should be prevented from changing the user interface (for example moving or resizing the Qognify VMS window).
- 5. Optionally, select **Log off user when inactive** and specify the **timeout** (time in minutes) after which the user is logged out of the system automatically if inactive.
- 6. Enter the **PTZ priority** counter between 1 and 1000 (the lower the number: the higher the priority) and specify the **Timeout for PTZ priority actions** in seconds. If the user does not activate any PTZ controls, the camera control is released again after the timeout.

A user (or alarm, or server sequence) with a higher PTZ priority can override another user (or alarm or server sequence) when taking control of the camera.

- Enter the **Timeout for the PTZ lock actions** in seconds. If the user locks a PTZ camera in surveillance mode and does not unlock the camera manually, the camera is unlocked automatically after the specified timeout.
- 8. Select the **Layers** that can be displayed to the user or group (see Layers, p. 323). The layers are displayed immediately in surveillance mode when starting the client with the related profile and cannot be closed.
- 9. Select the **Patrols** that the user or group can select if the client is started with the related profile (see Patrols, p. 335).

Image settings

Image settings specify the quality of video images that are displayed in surveillance mode depending on the user profile.

Image settings			
Single image (Motion JPEG, MxPEG)			
	Frame rates (fps):	Display mode:	
Normal:	2	Top speed	•
Selected:	25	Best quality	•
Alarm:	25	Best quality	-
Streaming (MPEG-4, H.264)			
	Frame rates (fps):		
Normal:	Full		•
Selected:	Full		-
Alarm:	Full		-
Video classifications (for multistreaming)			
	Small	Medium	Large
Normal:	Analytics	Analytics	Analytics
Selected:	HD quality 💌	HD quality 💌	HD quality 💌
Alarm:	HD quality 🔹	HD quality 🔹	HD quality 🔹

Fig. 211: Profiles - Image settings

Single Image (Motion JPEG, MxPEG)

The single image settings are used to specify how many images the client is to display per camera in a second if the camera sends Motion JPEG images.

These settings only affect the view in the client if Motion JPEG is activated as streaming mode in the camera configuration. They have no effect on the recordings.

- 1. Specify the frame rates of the displayed **normal** and **selected** video image and of the **alarm** video image.
- 2. Select the **display mode** that influences the compression rate of the video image.

Streaming (MPEG-4, H.264)

Streaming (MPEG-4, H.264) allows you to specify the frame rate (fps) for MPEG-4, H.264 or H.265 streaming. You can select either full or reduced frame rate.

- **Full**: The complete image flow is transferred with the full frame rate. This can be a heavy load on the client computer if more than four cameras are displayed simultaneously and/or the computer hardware performance is too low.
- Reduced: The reduced frame rate only transfers the I-frames (full screens), which significantly reduces the CPU load for the client. The default setting for i-frames is one i-frame per second. In other words, with a reduced frame rate you only see one image per second in surveillance mode. The number of I-frames per second has to be changed the camera configuration (see Configuring a camera, p. 200).
- 1. Specify the frame rates of the displayed **Normal** and **Selected** video image and the **Alarm** video image.

Video classification (for multistreaming)

The video classification setting allows you to specify the frame rate for three camera image sizes. If many cameras are displayed in a layer, the resolution of an individual camera can be decreased by selecting a different setting for each image display size:

- Small: for image display sizes up to 320 px
- Medium: for image display sizes between 320 px and 640 px
- Large: for image display sizes above 640 px

By decreasing the resolution, the system performance is improved. Accordingly, the streaming rate can be adjusted to accommodate for the available bandwidth (e.g. HD (high definition), web, mobile).

 Specify the frame rates and the streaming rate of the displayed Normal and Selected video image and the Alarm video image. If nothing is selected, the streaming will be adjusted automatically.

Video wall module mapping

Video wall module mapping					
Standard module mapping:	DA(0/0)	•			
Additional module mappings:					
Window	Video wall module				
0 -	DA(0/0) 👻				
□ 1 ▼	DA(1/0)				
2 💌	DA(2/0) 🗸				

Fig. 212: Profiles - Video wall module mapping

Video wall module mapping allows you to specify whether and in which video wall module an alarm that occurs or a patrol is displayed for the selected profile.

Before video wall modules can be mapped, a video wall (see eyevis wall, p. 243) or Qognify DisplayAgent (see SeeTec DisplayAgent (video wall)) has to be specified (see Video walls, p. 342).

- 1. Select **Standard module mapping** or select which layer window is to be displayed on which video wall module. Standard module mapping is used if you have not defined video wall mapping for the specified Qognify window. Standard module mapping is configured in the video walls control (see Video walls, p. 342).
- 2. If the number of module assignments is insufficient, add to the list by clicking the Add icon.
- 3. In **Additional module mappings**, select which window is to be displayed in which video wall module.

Example The main window is displayed as 0/0 in the video wall module. The alarm scenario specifies that the alarm camera is to be displayed in the main window. The image of the alarm camera is displayed in the 0/0 module on the video wall by video wall module mapping.

- 4. Select the modules you want to delete, and click Delete.
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Time management

The **Time management** in the Administration control allows you to create time templates that are similar to a schedule in order to coordinate the standard image recording of individual or multiple cameras as well as validity in alarm scenarios and user groups.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed on the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Time management** in the Administration control.



Fig. 213: Time management

Creating a new time management template

- 1. Create a new time management template.
- 2. Enter the name for the new time management template.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. A calender for defining the time template is displayed.
- 4. In the calendar, select the periods in which actions are to be performed by holding down the mouse button and dragging the mouse pointer over the period.
- 5. To remove parts of the selected time sections, hold down the mouse button and drag again over the period.

Configuring a time management template

- 1. Select the time management template in the overview.
- 2. Select a branch time pattern if the time management should only apply to the branch, or select the central time management pattern that will apply to all branches.
- 3. In the calendar, select the periods in which actions are to be performed by holding down the mouse button and dragging the mouse pointer over the period.
- 4. Select the calendars for which the schedule apply. The calendars are defined in the company calendars (see Company calendars, p. 306).
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a time management template

- 1. Select the time management template in the overview.
- 2. Click the **Delete object** icon.

Duplicating a time management template

- 1. Select the time management template in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter the name for the duplicated time management template.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. A calender for defining the time management template is displayed in the overview.
- 4. Edit the calendar (see Creating a new time management template, p. 305).

Company calendars

Each branch of a company can have multiple calendars. Therefore the company as well as each branch has a category named "Company Calendars". The user rights are managed in the section on user rights (see Managing administrative rights, p. 295).

In each calendar, you specify the days to be handled in time templates separately from normal weekdays (e.g. public holidays or non-working days). Time templates are created in the time management (see Time management, p. 304). They allow the precise specification of recording periods or times in which alarm scenarios are started.



Fig. 214: Configuring the company calendar

- 1. Select the year for which you want to create a calendar template. Six months are displayed.
- 2. Click **Next** to display the following six months, or click **Back** to display the previous six months.
- 3. To navigate to the current date, click Jump to the current date (2).

Editing a company calendar

Configuring a calendar



Fig. 215: Configuring a calendar

- 1. Select the calendar in the overview.
- 2. Click **Edit object** and enter the new name of the calendar.
- 3. Click **Import** (1) to enter the public holidays in the company calendar. The templates for public holiday import are in the Qognify installation folder in the "\Client\calendar folder as text files.
- 4. Select the desired federal states, as appropriate.
- 5. Activate **Replace holidays** to replace all manually entered public holidays, and click **OK**. The imported data is displayed highlighted in blue.
- 6. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 7. **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.
- 8. Configure the timetables for the calendar days (see Time management, p. 304).

Deleting a calendar

- 1. Select the calendar in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a calendar

- 1. Select the calendar in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter the **name** of the duplicated calendar.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new calendar is displayed in the overview.

Alarms

Qognify VMS allows you to define complex alarm routines individually. All events that can start an alarm (e.g. motion detection, events from video analysis, license plate recognition (LPR), I/O contact, network I/O, button) can trigger a variety of different actions. These include alarm recording and visualization, sending triggers to third party systems via physical I/O contacts or network I/Os, sending video sequences via email and FTP, as well as launching external programs. Therefore, a customized work-flow can be set up for each alarm situation.

The **Alarms** function on the Administration control allows you to configure and manage alarm scenarios.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Alarms** in the Administration control.

Creating an alarm scenario



Fig. 216: Creating an alarm scenario

- 1. Select Create new object in the Alarm control.
- 2. Enter the name for the alarm scenario.
- 3. If you want to configure the alarm scenario using the configuration wizard, select **Wizard** (see Creating an alarm scenario with the wizard, p. 308) or confirm the name with **OK**. The new alarm scenario is displayed in the overview.
- 4. For configuration without the wizard, see Configuring an alarm, p. 312.

Creating an alarm scenario with the wizard

The alarms are based on the detailed rights concept of Qognify VMS and can be assigned to individual users or user groups. The settings correspond to the steps in the Alarm control (see Creating an alarm scenario, p. 308).

Events

New alarm		×
Events		
What events trigger the alarm?		
← _ Company		
▶		
Hardware		
NOIP		
Sony ER-580		
AXIS M1113		
AXIS O6032-F		
Network Camera		
AXIS M1113		
> Sonv		
A AXIS P5532-E		
AXIS P1347		
AXIS 221		
> Sony		
Ar Panasonic_WV-SC385		
▶ 🔥 Sony		
▶ 🔥 Sony		
▶ 🚫 Sony		
▶ ▲ Sony		
▶ 💦 Sony		
AXIS P1354		
🕨 杰 Sony		
🕨 杰 Sony		
AXIS P1344		
▶ <u>M</u> SNB-7004		
▶ <u>∧</u> SNB-5003		
	Cancel Back Next	Done

Fig. 217: Alarms - Events

- 1. Activate the objects that will trigger an alarm event.
- 2. Click Next.

Alarm camera

New alarm
Alarm camera
Which camera would you like to use as the alarm camera? AXIS 221 Note: The camera image of the alarm camera is displayed and selected in the event of an alarm.
How long should the alarm recording of the alarm camera selected above last?
Do you want to use a pre-alarm duration for the recording? ● No ● Yes 章 0 Seconds
Cancel Back Next Done

Fig. 218: Alarms - Alarm camera

- 1. Select the camera that is to be displayed as the alarm camera, and set the duration for alarm recording (in seconds).
- 2. Specify if you want to add a pre-alarm duration, and set the duration in seconds.
- 3. Click Next.

Users involved

New alarm	٢
Users involved	
Which users should be notified in the event of an alarm? Select all administrator User administrator group Patrol	
Are the selected users to be notified by means of a message window in the event of an alarm? No Ves	
Cancel Back Next Done	

Fig. 219: Alarms - Users involved

- 1. Specify which user is to be notified by an alarm event. The user must first be created in the User control (see Users, p. 290).
- 2. Specify if the user is to be informed of an alarm event by an alarm notification (see Alarm messages, p. 153).
- 3. If the user should be informed by a message window, enter a short message.
- 4. Click **Next**.

Summary

New alarm	X
Summary	
Title	New alarm
Events	0
Alarm camera	AXIS 221
Duration of alarm recording	60
Pre-alarm duration	0
Users involved	4
Message window	No
Additional text for the message window	
	Cancel Back Next Done

Fig. 220: Alarms - Summary

- 1. Check the settings.
- 2. To make changes, click **Back** and change the settings.
- 3. To apply the settings, click **Done**.

Configuring an alarm

1. Select the alarm in the alarm overview.

General

General		
Activated		
Name:	3d Alarm intrusion	
Description:		
Priority:		
	Low (10) (8) High (1)	
	This alarm does not need to be confirmed by the user.	
Validity:	🕑 Always 🔹	
Color in alarm list:	Default	
Settings:	 Only remove alarm when it is ended and confirmed Automatically start new alarm on clients 	
Settings for low-priority alarms:	 Terminate alarm on clients when terminated on server Start new alarm on clients if another low-priority alarm is active Do not close layers automatically at end of alarm 	
PTZ priority:	03 1=highest 1000=lowest	
Timeout (s) for PTZ priority actions:	10	
Test The alarm scenario is initiated as a test alarm. If you have made any changes to the configuration, choose "Apply" to save the changes before you click the button.		

Fig. 221: Alarms - General

- 1. Select or deselect the alarm scenario.
- 2. If necessary, alter the Name of the alarm.
- 3. Enter a **Description**.
- 4. Use the slider to assign the alarm a **Priority**. The meaning of the priority level is displayed. An alarm with low priority can be stopped immediately at the end of the alarm. All dynamically opened components (layers, cameras and message windows) are closed again, and the previous layer is restored. Alarms with medium or high priority are not stopped until they have been confirmed. This is configurable in the settings for low-priority alarms (see below).
- Select the Validity period for the alarm. The alarm is only active within the specified validity period. The possible periods are specified in the Time Manager (see Time management, p. 304).
- 6. Select the **Color in alarm list**. The alarms are displayed in the alarm list in surveillance mode and in archive mode in the selected color.
- 7. Activate **Only remove alarm when it is ended and confirmed** to remove the alarm from the list only when its status has been set to "confirmed" and the alarm has ended (see Alarm list and system messages, p. 152).
- 8. Deactivate **Automatically start new alarms on clients** to prevent the alarm from starting events. If deactivated, the user must start the assigned alarm events manually.
- 9. Select the Settings for low-priority alarms.

- 10. **Terminate alarm on clients when terminated on server**: The alarm is terminated on all of the clients involved and removed from the alarm list.
- 11. **Start new alarm on clients if another low-priority alarm is active**: A low-priority alarm displaces another active low-priority alarm. In other words, the current alarm is put aside, and the new alarm is displayed.
- 12. **Do not close layers automatically at the end of the alarm**: Prevents the layer from being automatically closed at the end of the alarm. This also keeps alarm cameras focused on the alarm tile even when the alarm is disabled (also refer to Configuring a layer, p. 325).
- 13. Enter the **PTZ priority** counter between 1 and 1000 (the higher the number: the lower the priority) and specify the Timeout for PTZ priority actions in seconds. If the alarm does not activate any PTZ controls, the camera control is released again after the timeout.

A user (or alarm, or server sequence) with a higher PTZ priority can override another user (or alarm or server sequence) when taking control of the camera.

Start

Start	
Events that trigger the alarm:	🕏 SeeTec Analytics Server 3D : 🔤 START-intrusion-1
	Edit Expert mode
Buttons that trigger the alarm:	

Fig. 222: Alarms - Start

Depending on the camera model or other hardware used, the following events can be used as triggers for an alarm scenario:

- Tampering: The camera angle is changed or the camera lens is covered.
- Video signal lost: The connection between the analog camera and the video server is cut.
- Motion detection: Significant motion has been detected in a defined area of the camera image.
- Digital I/O: An incoming digital signal triggers an alarm.
- VoIP events like starting or stopping a VoIP session
- Triggers from external interfaces like (access control systems, alarm systems)

1. Click **Edit** to select the **Events that trigger the alarm**. The hardware and event are displayed. You can select multiple objects.

Select	×
	Search
 Company Hardware Siemens SPC Advantech Adam Wago W&T AXIS P1311 X' FERMÉ : Entrée 1 X' OUVERT : Entrée 1 	
OK	Cancel

The trigger must be created or activated before configuring the alarm scenario. One exception to this are buttons, which can be defined later in the buttons control (see Buttons, p. 330). A starting event can be, for example, the receipt of a TCP signal from a camera when it detects motion. This is implemented via the Qognify network I/O.

2. Click **Expert mode** to specify the settings.

Expert mode

Expert mode can be used to create complex alarm scenarios. The alarm is triggered by different conditions that are logically linked (AND / OR conditions).

Alarms

Start	
The alarm is not triggered unless the following conditions are met at the inputs	🔊 AXIS 221 : 💅 OPEN: input 1
and if within the following period (c)	Edit
and it within the following period (s)	◆ 0
At least one event from each of the following groups occurs	🚸 Hamburg 01 : 📴 Voice over IP start
	Edit
and	AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d : 💣 OPEN: input 1 AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d : 🔺 Tampering
	Edit
and	
	Edit
Buttons that trigger the alarm:	

Fig. 223: Alarms - Expert mode

- 1. Click **Edit** and select the conditions at the (digital) inputs that must be fulfilled to trigger an alarm.
- 2. Set the **period** (in seconds) within which at least one of the following events from each group occurs.
- 3. To add the events to the condition, click **Edit** and select the relevant objects.

End

End	
Maximum server alarm duration (s):	20
Events that terminate the alarm:	🔚 Adam : 🖤 CLOSED: input 3
Buttons that terminate the alarm:	Edit

Fig. 224: Alarms - End

- 1. Specify the **Maximum server alarm duration** (in seconds) to specify how long the alarm is to be recorded for.
- 2. Click **Edit** to select the **Events that terminate the alarm earlier**. The hardware and events are displayed.

Visualization

In the visualization section you define how alarms are visualized on the client.

Visualization						
Cameras and layers	Alarm camera	Alarm view	Window mode		Window	Digital preset
🚫 AXIS 221			None	-	0 🗸	-
🚫 AXIS P1311 Multi			None	•	0 🗸	•
AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d	\checkmark	\checkmark	Normal	•	1 🔹	•
杰 kam M			None	-	0 🗸	-
🗥 Motion Detection Cam 1			None	-	0 🕶	-
A P1357 analytics personen			None	-	0 🗸	-
1			None	-	0 🗸	
1+3			None	-	0 🗸	
New layer			None	•	0 💌	
ud ud			None	•	0 🗸	

Fig. 225: Alarms - Visualization

There are three types of views which can also be combined:

- Alarm camera: The alarm camera is highlighted by a red frame in the various windows in surveillance mode.
- Alarm views: The alarm records of the selected camera are displayed in the selected window in four tiles in a 2x2 view: pre-alarm, post-alarm, alarm image (still image) and live image.

 Layers: Layers can include multiple cameras arranged in tiles. They can also include maps (see Layers, p. 323).

An alarm with low priority is stopped immediately at the end of the alarm, i.e. all dynamically opened components (layers, cameras and message windows) are closed and the previous layer is restored. Alarms with medium or high priority are not stopped until they have been confirmed.

- 1. Activate the **Cameras and layers** to be displayed in the various windows in surveillance mode. The window mode is automatically set to the **normal** view.
- 2. Choose if the cameras to be displayed as an alarm camera and/or in alarm view.
- 3. Select Normal mode or Full-image mode for the Window mode.
- 4. Select the option **Window** to display the camera or layer in the main window or in a secondary window.

This option is only available when Window mode is not set to "None".

5. Select the option **Digital Preset** to display a digital preset (see Camera positions / digital presets, p. 220).

This option is only available when Window mode is not set to "None".

Cameras and layers, and also alarm cameras cannot be displayed in the same window.

Persons involved

Persons involved		
Profiles:	 administrator Max administrator group Nightwatch 	
Message window:		
Play signal tone:	When the alarm is activated	
Use custom alarm sound:		
Loop sound:		
Run external program:		Select
Additional parameters:		

Fig. 226: Alarms - Persons involved

The alarms are only displayed for the selected profiles.

For the AlarmWatchDog function (see The AlarmWatchDog, p. 433), the users defined in the system settings must be activated.

1. For **Profiles**, select the users or groups allowed to see the alarm.

The visualization of the alarm is also dependent on the user profile of group profiles (see Profiles, p. 300).

- 2. Enter a text for alarms with a medium or high priority level in the message window. This text is displayed in the **Message window**.
- 3. Select **Play signal tone**, and select if the signal tone is to be played when the alarm is activated by the alarm scenario or triggered manually by the user.

The alarm tone is in the file system in "<installation folder>/Client/Sound" or "<installation folder>/Client64/Sound" and can be replaced with different *.wav files.

- 4. Optionally, select a custom alarm sound (see Managing sound and icon files with custom media, p. 376).
- 5. Optionally, select to loop the alarm sound.
- 6. Activate **Run external program** if a program is to be started at the same time as the alarm and select which document is to be opened by the program. The selected program must be installed on the client computer.
- 7. Enter **Additional parameters** required by the program. A document can be opened using the selected program, for example.

Server

Server	
Pre-alarm duration for camera recordings (s):	1 0
Use separate frame rate (fps) for camera recordings:	
Actions at start of alarm:	AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d : P1357 analytics personen : Start alarm recording
	Edit
Actions at end of alarm:	

Fig. 227: Alarms - Server

1. Specify the **Pre-alarm duration for camera recordings** (up to a maximum of 3600 seconds) to record a period before the alarm is triggered in alarm recording.

If standard recording is deactivated, the maximum recording duration is limited by the pre-alarm buffer time (see Multimedia database, p. 392 configuration).

2. Select **Use separate frame rate (fps) for camera recordings**, and enter the required frame rate. The frame rate can only be changed with M-JPEG.

3. Select **Edit**, and activate the **Actions at start of alarm**. The selected actions are displayed.

Select	×
	Search
 ▲ Company ▲ Hardware ▲ Siemens SPC ▲ Advantech Adam ▲ Wago ▲ Wago ▲ W&T ♥ GESCHLOSSEN: Eingang 1 ♥ OFFEN: Eingang 2 ♥ OFFEN: Eingang 2 ▲ AXIS P1311 ♥ FERMÉ : Entrée 1 	
OUVERT : Entrée 1	Cancel

- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Select Edit, and activate the Actions at end of alarm. The selected actions are displayed.

The following Alarm actions are available:

- Hardware
 - Outputs on I/O modules from Adam, Axis, W&T, Wago or Qognify network I/Os etc. can be opened or closed.

The outputs must be activated on the related modules.

License plate recognition can be started on LPR modules

- Server controlled sequences can be started or interrupted (see Sequences, p. 339).
- Server On Device Managers Video Data Export can be started (see Video backup, p. 350).
- System Manager
 - A SNMP action can be triggered to a configured SNMP Server (see Configuring the SNMP server, p. 372).
 - An Alarm Watchdog Action can be triggered to show the alarm in the Alarm Watchdog (see The AlarmWatchDog, p. 433).
 - A notification can be send to an EBÜS interface.
- Cameras
 - Alarm recordings can be started or stopped.
 - Preset positions can be triggered.
 - Outputs can be opened or closed.

Email and FTP

Email and FTP	
Subject:	Alarm at Front door
Message:	
Notify the following recipients when the alarm starts:	Send to: alarmnotification@some.dd
Notify the following recipients at end of alarm:	Send to: alarmnotification@some.dd
Attach data from the following cameras to the emails at end of alarm:	AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d
Data format:	Video
Transmit data from the following cameras to the FTP server at the end of the alarm:	AXIS P1357 Analytics 3d AXIS P1357 analytics personen
Data format:	Single-image sequence

Fig. 228: Alarms - Email and FTP

The SMTP server for e-mails and the email addresses must be created in the System control to enable the system to forward the messages (see Configuring the SMTP server, p. 371).

In case of an alarm it is possible to send a standard email or specify a data export to an FTP server in addition to the alarm message.

- 1. Enter the **Subject** and text for the email **Message**.
- 2. Select the **Recipients** to receive the email at the start and end of the alarm. You can specify the email addresses in the section "Alarm addresses and system addresses" of the system settings (see Alarm addresses and system addresses, p. 372).
- 3. Select **Attach data from the following cameras to the emails at end of alarm** to specify which camera data are attached to the email and specify the **Data format**. Two types of file format are possible:
 - Video: the files are sent unencrypted as *.avi (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223).
 - Single image sequence: the files are sent as image sequence (JPEG).

Note that the email attachments can exceed the permissible size of the email.

 Select the cameras whose data is to be stored on an FTP server when there is a large volume of data, and specify the **Data format**. The FTP server is defined in the Qognify VA Administration Tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).

If there are problems contacting the FTP server at alarm end, e.g. the FTP server is not available, the program retries sending the data to the FTP server once every minute. After one hour the attempt is canceled and the data are discarded.

- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting an alarm

- 1. Select the alarm in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating an alarm

- 1. Select the alarm in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter a name for the duplicated alarm.
- 3. If you want to configure the new alarm using the configuration wizard, select **Wizard** in the dialog box (see Creating an alarm scenario with the wizard, p. 308).
- 4. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new alarm is displayed in the overview.

Layers

The **Layers** function in the Administration control allows you to adjust the work area to suit your requirements in surveillance mode by dividing it into multiple tiles. This gives the user fixed arrangements and contents of the work area. These layers can be assigned to a user or group profile and are available after the program starts up. Configuration mode Layers



Fig. 229: Layers - General

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select Layers in the Administration control.

Creating a new layer

- 1. Click **Create new object** in the layers control bar.
- 2. Enter the Name of the new layer
- 3. Select the **Type** of layout.
- 4. To specify the number of tiles yourself, choose User-defined from the drop-down list.
- 5. Click **OK** to apply the setting. The new layer is displayed in the overview.
- 6. If you have chosen **User-defined**, alter the number of rows and columns in the layer. A maximum of 64 fields is available (64 x 1 or 9 x 7).
- 7. Drag the mouse cursor over any number of adjacent tiles and click **Connect** to group the selected tiles together as a single tile.
- 8. Click a group tile and **Disconnect** to separate it into the original number of tiles.
- 9. Click **OK** to apply the setting. The new layer is displayed in the overview.
Configuring a layer

- 1. Select the layer in the overview.
- 2. If necessary, change the **Name** of the layer.
- 3. Select an **icon** for the layer from the drop-down menu. The selected icon is displayed in the overview in surveillance mode.
- 4. Select a layout from the drop-down-menu. The selected layout is displayed.
- 5. To unlock a layer, deselect **Locked**. This will unlock the current layer and enable changing the layout. To prevent changes, the layer is locked by default.
- 6. Drag the cameras, maps or web pages to the layer window in accordance with the selected arrangement.
- 7. Click a tile with a camera and select the option **Focus element**. You can mark a tile as a focus tile in every layer. When double-clicking a camera in a layer with a focus tile, the camera image is displayed in the focus tile. When clicking twice on a camera image in a layer without a focus tile, the camera image is displayed in a separate layer.
- 8. Click a tile with a camera and select the option **Alarm element**. If the layer is visible when an alarm is activated, the alarm cameras will be switched to the alarm tiles in a sequential order. (For keeping alarm cameras on the alarm tile with the option "Do not close layers automatically at the end of the alarm" even when the alarm is deactivated, see Configuring an alarm, p. 312.)

If there are more alarm cameras in an alarm than visible alarm tiles, the remaining cameras are ignored.

- 9. Click a tile with a camera and select the option **Archive element**. When opening a layer with archive element, the camera shows video footage of the previous 30 seconds and an active archive timeline is displayed. When an alarm is configured and active, the camera displays the 30 seconds leading up to the alarm.
- 10. To remove a camera from the layer, select the camera and click **Delete**.
- 11. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 12. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a layer

- 1. Select the layer in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a layer

- 1. Select the layer in the overview.
- 2. Click Duplicate object, and enter a name for the duplicated layer.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new layer is displayed in the overview.

Maps and "Advanced Maps"

The **Maps** function in the Administration control allows you to configure and manage the graphical overview maps of the site or building under surveillance, including the location of the surveillance hardware.

You can place interactive icons, cameras, buttons, digital inputs, layers, websites, alarms and other maps on a map. The geo coordinates of a camera are used for placing the object on a map (refer to Geo coordinates, p. 206).

The icons are interactive, for example the buttons can be clicked, the cameras can blink if they are defined as alarm cameras (see Visualization, p. 317) or alarms blink when active and inputs show different icons to visualize their current state (see Inputs, p. 277).

Advanced maps

Additionally, the maps feature also supports the use of mapping services such as ESRI (Environmental Systems Research Institute) to make all mapping data available without creating multiple static maps as backgrounds.

Using the feature "Advanced Maps" may require an additional license from the mapping service provider that is not included in the software license.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Maps** in the Administration control.

Creating a new map

- 1. Click Create new object.
- 2. Enter the name for the new map.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new map is displayed in the overview.

Configuring a map

1. Select the map in the overview.



Fig. 230: Maps - Overview

General settings

Ge	neral		
Ŧ	Company	Map name:	SeeTec Place
	Hardware Alarm scenarios	lcon for map:	
	mb - a layer with a longer nam	Show field of view:	
	 TA01 Start TA02 Start 	Rackaround	Change image
	≽ AXIS M3046-V 1.8MM	background.	Change image

Fig. 231: Maps - General

- 1. Change the **Map name**, if required.
- 2. Select a custom **Icon for the map**, if available (see Managing sound and icon files with custom media, p. 376).
- 3. Check **Show field of view** to show or hide a graphical field of view for cameras placed on the map.
- 4. Click **Change image**, and select the desired background image (e.g. building floor plan).
- 5. Zoom the map by turning the mouse wheel.
- 6. Use the scroll bars to move the map to a certain position. Optionally you can drag the map position while holding the mouse wheel.
- 7. Drag the available elements from the **Company** tree like cameras, inputs, buttons, alarms etc. required for the desired site from the list to the map background.

If an icon on the map is selected while dropping a new icon, the new icon gets the same settings as the selected one.

If there is no icon selected on the map while dropping a new icon, the new icon will get the default settings.

Camera icon settings

AXIS 221 Analytics	Settings				
Angle of rotation:	0		View Color:	Coral	-
Angle of view:	-0	\$ 90	Transparency (%):		\$ 50
Inner Radius (%):		\$ 4	Outer Radius (%):	_)	\$ 40

Fig. 232: Maps - Camera icon settings

- 1. On the map, click on the icon of the camera to be configured. Optionally, hold down the CTRL key and select multiple elements. Depending on the selection the following camera specific options can be changed:
- Angle of rotation: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the icon's angle of rotation.
 This function is available when the option Lock Angles in the general icon settings is not activated (see General icon settings.)
- Angle of view: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the size of the overlay of the camera's angle of view.
- Inner radius: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the visualization of the camera's blind spot.
- **View color**: Select a color of the overlay of the camera's angle of view.
- Transparency: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the transparency of the overlay
 of the camera's angle of view.
- Outer Radius: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the outer radius of the overlay of the camera's angle of view.

Camera icon settings



Fig. 233: Maps - Camera icon settings

- 1. On the map, click on the icon of the camera to be configured. Optionally, hold down the CTRL key and select multiple elements. Depending on the selection the following camera specific options can be changed:
- Angle of rotation: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the icon's angle of rotation.
 This function is available when the option Lock Angles in the general icon settings is not activated (see General icon settings.)
- Angle of view: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the size of the overlay of the camera's angle of view.
- Inner radius: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the visualization of the camera's blind spot.
- **View color**: Select a color of the overlay of the camera's angle of view.
- Transparency: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the transparency of the overlay
 of the camera's angle of view.
- Outer Radius: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the outer radius of the overlay of the camera's angle of view.

Button icon settings

TA01 Start Setting	js	
	Polygon	
Polygon color:	Cyan	•
Transparency (%):	• • •	

Fig. 234: Maps - Button icon settings

- 1. On the map click on the icon of the button to be configured. Optionally hold CTRL and select multiple elements. Depending on the selection the following button specific options can be changed:
- Polygon: Click to activate the function. Then draw the active area of the button by clicking the corner points of the polygon on the map.
- **Polygon color**: Select a color for of the overlay of the polygon.
- Transparency: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the transparency of the overlay
 of the polygon.

Alarm icon settings

Entrance alarm S	ettings	
	Polygon	
Polygon color:	Green	•
Transparency (%):	•••	

Fig. 235: Maps - Alarm icon settings

- 1. On the map click on the icon of the alarm to be configured. Optionally hold CTRL and select multiple elements. Depending on the selection the following button specific options can be changed:
- Polygon: Click to activate the function. Then draw the active area of the alarm by clicking the corner points of the polygon on the map.
- **Polygon color**: Select a color for of the overlay of the polygon.
- Transparency: Drag the slider or enter a value to change the transparency of the overlay of the polygon.

Deleting a map

- 1. Select the map in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a map

- 1. Select the map in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter a name for the duplicated map.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new map is displayed in the overview.

Buttons

The **Buttons** function in the Administration control allows you to start specified processes (actions) such as camera recordings or alarm scenarios.

To call the configured buttons in surveillance mode, you have to call the Buttons function on the control bar (see Buttons, p. 148).

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Buttons** in the Administration control.

Creating a new button

- 1. Create a new button.
- 2. Enter the **Name** for the new button.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new button is displayed in the overview.

Configuring a button

1. Select the button in the overview.

General

General					
Name:	TA1 start				
Sorting:	0				
Icon:	👻 Button 48 🔹				
Specific camera:					
Use shortcut	None				

Fig. 236: Buttons - General

- 1. If necessary, alter the Name.
- Specify the **Sorting** order of the buttons in the controller in surveillance mode (see Buttons, p. 148). The buttons are automatically sorted in ascending order, i.e. the higher the number of a button, the lower down it appears in the list on the tab.
- 3. Select an **Icon** to make it easier to recognize.
- 4. Activate the action for a **Specific camera**, and select the camera. In this case the button is only displayed if the specified camera is selected in surveillance mode.
- 5. Activate **Use shortcut** and press the desired key combination on the keyboard to trigger the button with a key combination. The key combination is displayed.

The default keyboard shortcuts cannot be overwritten. Changes by the administrator will be ignored.

Action

Action		
Call URL		Test
	Use authorization when calling the URL	
	User name:	
	Password:	
OPerform action		Select
	Perform next action on release	
		Select
Start alarm scenario:	🐙 TA1	•
O Terminate alarm scenario:		
OStart patrol:		
ORun program:		Select

Fig. 237: Buttons - Action

- 1. Select the **Call URL** option and enter the Internet or intranet address. For example, camera scripts can be started with this address. An Internet or intranet address is not displayed (to embed web pages in the layer, see Web pages, p. 333).
- 2. Click **Test** to check that the specified URL is working.
- 3. If necessary, activate **Use authorization when calling the URL** and enter the required **User name** and **Password** to get access to the URL.
- 4. Select the **Perform action** option and select the related action.
- 5. If a second action is to be performed, select **Perform next action on release** and select the action. In surveillance mode, the action is carried out as soon as you release the button.
- 6. Select the Start alarm scenario option and then the alarm scenario (see Alarms, p. 307).
- Select the Terminate alarm scenario option and then the alarm scenario (see Alarms, p. 307).
- 8. Select the Start patrol option and then the patrol (see Patrols, p. 335).
- 9. Select the **Run program** option, and click **Select** to select a program that is to be started.

The file path to the selected program must be accessible from the related client computer.

- 10. Enter any parameters required by the program. A document can be opened using the selected program, for example.
- 11. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 12. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a button

- 1. Select the action in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a button

- 1. Select the action in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter a name for the duplicated action.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new action is displayed in the overview.

Web pages

The **Web pages** function on the Administration control allows you to embed web pages in the layer (e.g. webcams or intranet pages).

The web page feature displays simple structured web pages. Complex or password protected web pages, e. g. configuration surfaces of cameras, might have some functional issues or cannot be displayed at all.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select Web pages in the Administration control.

Creating a new web page

- 1. Create a new web page.
- 2. Enter the **Name** for the new web page.
- 3. Select a custom icon for the web page, if available (see Managing sound and icon files with custom media, p. 376).
- 4. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new web page is displayed in the overview.

Configuring a web page

General		
Name:	Qoqnify	Icon:
URL:	http://seetec.de	Open URL
Q	ognify	≡
Searc	h	
		SIMPORTANT

Fig. 238: Configuring a web page - General

- 1. Select the web page in the overview.
- 2. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the web page and enter the **URL** (Internet or intranet address).
- 3. If available, change the icon for the web page (see Managing sound and icon files with custom media, p. 376).
- 4. Click **Test** to check that the web page can be accessed.
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a web page

- 1. Select the web page in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a web page

- 1. Select the web page in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and then enter the name for the duplicated web page.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new web page is displayed in the overview.

Patrols

The **Patrols** function on the **Administration** control allows you to configure multiple cameras, set positions, maps and layers one after the other for a user-definable time. It is also possible to open or close digital outputs in a patrol and create checkpoints.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Patrols** in the Administration control.

Creating a new patrol

- 1. Create a new patrol.
- 2. Enter the Name for the new patrol.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new patrol is displayed in the overview.

In order to be able to activate the new patrol in surveillance mode, it must be assigned to a user profile. Switch to the Profile control and activate the patrol for the desired user profile (see Configuring a profile).

Configuring a patrol

- Patrols can only be triggered on clients that are in surveillance mode.
- When multiple patrols are triggered, the last one triggered will be started. All previously started patrols are stopped.
- During an alarm no patrols can be started. The patrol will be started after the alarm has ended.

Configuring a patrol - general

General			
 Company Deutschland Hardware Main map 1+3 Double Wallcompany AXIS P1311 Mosaik Axis Smart Axis Axis AXIS M1114 Kamera 	Name: Default pause (s): Show all in focus tile Loop Enabled Patrol positions Tour Tour SUnknown in Pause: defau Checkpoint SUnknown in	Nightpatrol 10 main window main window ilt "Hof" main window	New group New pause New checkpoint Up Down Edit Delete

Fig. 239: Patrols - General

- 1. Select the patrol in the overview.
- 2. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the patrol.
- 3. Select the **Default pause** (in seconds) to set the duration for which a layer is to be displayed.
- 4. Enable **Show all in focus tile** to display all entities (cameras, maps etc.) of the patrol in a single tile instead of covering the complete screen or layers. The entities will "rotate" in the tile in a "carousel" mode.
- 5. Click **New group** to group together the objects of the patrol.
- 6. Specify the name of the group, and click **OK**.
- 7. Drag the objects from the left-hand column to Patrol positions or the group.
- 8. To add a specific position of a camera to the list, first drag the camera to the group, then the associated preset position.
- 9. Select a camera, and click Edit.
- 10. If **Show all in focus tile** is disabled, enable the focus tile for each item separately.
- 11. Select the window in which the camera is to be displayed and click **OK**.
- 12. If necessary, insert a New pause and specify its duration.
- 13. Insert a **New checkpoint** and enter a name. If a checkpoint is reached, an information window is shown. The user can then decide whether to continue or stop the patrol. Reaching a checkpoint is saved in report mode.
- 14. To change the sequence of inserted objects, select the objects in patrol positions and move the object **Up** or **Down** in the list by clicking the corresponding button.

For a patrol to be started in surveillance mode, it must first be assigned to a user or group in the Profiles control (see Profiles, p. 300).

- 15. Select the object in Patrol positions, and click **Edit** to adjust the object's settings. This enables you to decide in which window the camera image is to be displayed.
- 16. Select the object in patrol positions, and click **Delete** to delete it.

Configuring a patrol - starting and stopping

Defining a patrol start

- 1. Select the patrol in the overview.
- 2. Select Start.
- 3. Select **Edit** and select an item from the list that defines the event start or search for the item.

Select			×
		Search	
 Company Hardware VOIP AXIS P1311 AXIS Smart Axis Smart Axis Axis Axis AXIS M1114 Kamera 			
	ОК	Cancel	

- 4. Click **OK**. The start event is displayed in the event list.
- 5. To add another event, select **Edit** and enable another start event.
- 6. To remove the event, select the item, click **Edit** and disable the item in the list.
- 7. Click **OK**. The start event is removed from the list.

Defining a patrol stop

- 1. Select the patrol in the overview.
- 2. Select **End**.

3. Select **Edit** and select an item from the list that defines the event stop or search for the item.

s	Select			×
			Search	
	🔺 🕋 Company			\square
	🕨 💻 Hardware			
	🕨 📢 VOIP			
	🕨 🙈 AXIS P1311			
	🕨 \land Axis Smart			
	🕨 \land Nové zařízení			
	🕨 \land Axis			
	🕨 🔊 💫 💫 💫			
	🕨 🝌 Kamera			
		ОК	Cancel	

- 4. Click **OK**. The stopping event is displayed in the event list.
- 5. To add another event, select **Edit** and enable another stop event.
- 6. To remove the event, select the item, click **Edit** and disable the item in the list.
- 7. Click **OK**. The event is removed from the list.

Configuring a patrol - persons involved



Fig. 240: Configuring the profiles in patrols

- 1. Select the patrol in the overview.
- 2. Select **Persons involved**. The available profiles are displayed that have been defined in the profile settings (see Configuring a profile).
- 3. Select the profiles that are related to the patrol.
- 4. Save **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a patrol

- 1. Select the patrol in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a patrol

- 1. Select the patrol in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object** and enter a name for the duplicated patrol.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new patrol is displayed in the overview.

Sequences

The **Sequences** function on the **Administration** control allows you to create server side sequences in which configurable actions are triggered.

General information on sequences

- Multiple times and/or time periods can be added to a sequence.
- Multiple sequences can run in parallel.
- A time schedule is not required if the sequence is to be started by an alarm scenario.
- If a sequence is started by an alarm scenario, sequences in progress continue.
- If a sequence is started by an alarm scenario, the sequence is processed in full even if the alarm scenario is stopped earlier.
- If a sequence in progress is stopped by an alarm scenario, the sequence is only interrupted for the configured dead time.
- A recording can only be started in connection with an alarm, not by the sequence directly.
- Sequences do not have exclusive access to the camera positions. If a PTZ camera is controlled during an ongoing sequence, the preset positions are approached with a dead time of one minute not included in the sequence.
- A preset position can also be approached by an alarm scenario, even if the sequence approached a different preset position of the same camera shortly before. The same applies to an additional sequence.
- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Sequences** in the Administration control.

Creating a new sequence

- 1. Create a new sequence.
- 2. Enter the **Name** for the new sequence.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new sequence is displayed in the overview.

Configuring a sequence

1. Select the sequence in the overview.

Configuring a sequence - general

General					
Activated					
Name:		Server Side Sequence			
PTZ priority:					1=highest 1000=lowe
Timeout (s) for PTZ prio	rity actions:				
Add time					Add
Add time period					Add
Edit selected entries					Edit
Delete selected entries					Delete
Days	Start	End	Loop	Interval	Edit/delete
Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri	5:43 PM	6:43 PM	No	5	

Fig. 241: Sequences - General

- 1. Select the sequence and, if necessary, alter the **Name**.
- 2. Enter the **PTZ priority** counter between 1 and 1000 (the higher the number: the lower the priority) and specify the **Timeout for PTZ priority actions** in seconds. If the sequence does not activate any PTZ controls, the camera control is released again after the timeout.

A user (or alarm, or server sequence) with a higher PTZ priority can override another user (or alarm or server sequence) when taking control of the camera.

- 3. Use Add time and Add time period to make additions.
 - **Time**: The sequence is started once at the selected time on every selected day.
 - **Time period**: The sequence is started multiple times depending on the duration of the sequence on every selected day within the time period.
- 4. Select one or more entries, and click **Edit selected entries** to edit the entries one after the other.
- 5. Select one or more entries, and click **Delete selected entries** to delete the entries.

Configuring a sequence - actions

Actions		
 CLOSE: output 1 CLOSE: output 2 CLOSE: output 3 CLOSE: output 4 CLOSE: output 5 CLOSE: output 5 CLOSE: output 6 CLOSE: output 7 CLOSE: output 7 CLOSE: output 7 CLOSE: output 8 OPEN: output 1 OPEN: output 1 OPEN: output 3 OPEN: output 4 OPEN: output 5 OPEN: output 6 	Dead time (s): 10 Sequence positions: New group Pause: 10s Siemens SPC: CLOSE: output 1 Siemens SPC: CLOSE: output 2 Pause: 10s Siemens SPC: CLOSE: output 3	New group New pause Up Down Edit Delete

Fig. 242: Sequences - Actions

- 1. Create a **New group** and enter a name.
- 2. Specify the **Dead time** (in seconds) to define a time span in which the sequence will be interrupted by an alarm trigger.
- 3. Drag one or more camera positions or actions to the group.
- 4. Select a group, and use **New pause** to adjust the pause (in seconds) to specify how long the camera or layer or map is displayed.
- 5. Select a group or an entry, and use **Up** or **Down** to move it up or down in the list.
- 6. Select a group or pause, and click **Edit** to edit the name of the group or the duration of the pause.
- 7. Select a group or an entry, and click **Delete** to delete the group or entry.
- 8. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 9. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a sequence

- 1. Select the sequence in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a sequence

- 1. Select the sequence in the overview.
- 2. Click Duplicate object, and enter the name for the duplicated sequence.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new sequence is displayed in the overview.

Video walls

The **Video walls** function in the Administration control allows you to configure the Qognify Dispatcher that controls a DisplayAgent (see DisplayAgent, p. 98). If defined in the user profile, this allows you to display camera images, layers, maps, alarm scenarios, and web pages on video walls in dispatcher mode.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select Video walls in the Administration control.

Creating a new video wall

- 1. Create a new video wall.
- 2. Enter the Name for the new video wall.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new video wall is displayed in the overview.

Configuring a video wall

General				
	Video wall name video wall	Relative size	-	
 DA(0/0) DA(1/0) 	Background image	Text always visible	Delete	
 eyevis Display Agent 				

Fig. 243: Video walls - General

- 1. Select the video wall in the overview.
- 2. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the video wall.
- 3. Select the background image to be displayed on the video wall.
- 4. Drag the monitors that have to be defined as a DisplayAgent to the video wall, and adjust the arrangement of the monitors (see Other hardware, p. 239).
- 5. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Further settings in the user profile are required (see Video wall module mapping, p. 303).

Deleting a video wall

- 1. Select the video wall in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a video wall

- 1. Select the video wall in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter the name for the duplicated video wall.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new video wall is displayed in the overview.

License plate groups

In the **License plate groups**, license plates groups for the License Plate Recognition (LPR) can be configured and managed. Depending on the configuration of the LPR process, license plates can be arranged into groups automatically or manually. If for example a license plate from group "suppliers" is recognized, a barrier opens automatically. To add a license plate to a group manually see LPR master data editor, p. 98.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select License plate group in the Administration control.

Creating a new license plate group

- 1. Create a new license plate group.
- 2. Enter the Name for the new license plate group.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the name. The new license plate group is displayed in the overview.

Configuring a license plate group

General	
General	
General	
Activated	
Name:	Suppliers
Display:	XX YY 123
Font color	Turquoise 💌
Background color	Crimson
Export	
Activate XML export	

Fig. 244: License plate groups - General

- 1. Select the license plate group in the overview.
- 2. Select the license plate group.
- 3. If necessary, alter the Name of the license plate group.
- 4. Adjust the Font color and Background color in the display of the license plate.
- 5. Select **XML export** to export the license plate data as an XML file as soon as any license plate from that group is recognized by an LPR event. The XML data is saved in the folder specified during configuration of the Configuring the LPR module, p. 354.
- 6. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 7. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Deleting a license plate group

- 1. Select the license plate group in the overview.
- 2. Click Delete object.

Duplicating a license plate group

- 1. Select the license plate group in the overview.
- 2. Click **Duplicate object**, and enter the name for the duplicated license plate group.
- 3. Click **OK** to confirm the name. The new license plate group is displayed in the overview.

Server

The **Server** function on the Administration control allows you to configure the server services. The following services are available after a standard installation:

- Core Service Main
- DeviceManager
- Global OCR settings
- 2 MotionDetection modules
- Generic DVR module

The following modules can be created by a user defined installation (see Custom installation, p. 60) or with the VA-Administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399):

- License Plate Recognition (LPR)
- Transcoding engine
- Analytics Server module
- Gateway Service
- Analytics Interface
- Server based Motion Detection
- Generic DVR
- Generic Access Control
- Event Interface

For further settings, see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399.

- 1. Select the location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **Server** in the Administration control.

Configuring the Core Service

The main tasks of the Core Service are:

- Management of system configuration
- Settings of cameras, maps etc.
- Management of all system internal events
- Forwarding to all services and clients
- Management of alarm scenarios
- User management

In an distributed installation with multiple core servers, the main branch can contain the Core Service Main (CSM) and one Core Service Sub (CSS) (see Core Services and branches, p. 29).

General

General	
Name:	CoreService
Server:	10.0.5.35:60000
Master	
	Remove from the system

Fig. 245: Core Service - General

1. If necessary, change the **Name** of the **Server**.

The network address and port number of the core server can be changed with the administration tool.

2. Click **Remove from the system** to remove the core server from the system configuration. Removing from the system is only available for a Core Service Sub (CSS) if the server is not connected to the Core Service Main (CSM).

Always contact Qognify support before deletion.

- 3. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 4. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the DeviceManager (DM)

The main tasks of the DeviceManager are:

- Management of all connected hardware like cameras, video servers, I/O-modules
- Distribution of image data e. g. to the clients, multimedia database
- Communication with other services
- Event handling

General

General		
Name:	DeviceManager_Obi-Wan	
Server:	172.16.12.4:60008	
Server for failover image recording	DeviceManager_PWERN-HP	•
Mirroring	☑ active	
Time of the data-aging search:	♦ 02:00 ▼	
Permanently save the following events:	Accesses to video sources (surveillance mode)	
Automatically delete events older than:	2 month(s)	-
Display statistics		Apply
Remove from the system		Apply
Enable thresholds		
Maximum packet loss (%)	\$ 25,00	
Standard recording		
Frame rate delta (fps)	\$ 1,0	
Maximum frames dropped	\$ 2	
Alarm recording		
Frame rate delta (fps)	\$ 2,0	
Maximum frames dropped	\$ 50	
Enable MDB Statistics Notifications	Never	

Fig. 246: DeviceManager - General

- 1. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the image data server.
- 2. Select the **Server for failover image recording**. In the event of the failure of the image data server, all connected devices are switched to the failover server.

For a failover recording system, a distributed DeviceManager installation is required (see Installation of a distributed server, p. 57), since the failover server must have sufficient capacity to take over the devices (see System requirements, p. 41).

3. Enable Mirroring: This option activates the redundant recording of all connected cameras.

This option is only available for an Infinity X license (see Licensing model, p. 35). If activated

- The productive DM has the lead and multiplexes the data to both MDS if configured.
- If the productive or redundant server fails, the recordings are continued on the still functioning server.

- If the productive DM fails, the regular failover scenario takes place and the Core Service switches control of the camera over to the failover server. In this case (as long as not crosswise configured) recording only takes place on the failover server. As soon as it switches back, there is again a redundant recording.
- When performing server-side export, each of both servers exports its parts of the recordings.
- Write protection of recordings will be applied on both servers.
- Deletion of recordings will be performed on both servers.
- Edge storage import will be performed on both servers.
- 4. Specify the Time of the data-aging search.
- 5. Activate Accesses to video sources to save these events.
- 6. Select the period after which the events are automatically deleted.

Due to legal regulations, some events may not be deleted for installations in France.

- 7. Activate **Display statistics** to display statistics about the streaming and recording behavior related to the selected DeviceManager. For more detailed statistics, thresholds for a better visualization of critical streaming behaviors can be defined in the "Thresholds" area below.
- 8. Click **Remove from the system** to remove the DeviceManager from the system configuration.

Always contact Qognify Support before removing the Device Manager from the system!

Thresholds

To see if the device manager works according to specification, thresholds for certain parameters can be specified. If one of the values is out of the specification, the camera is marked as "limited" in the DeviceManagers statistics and the appropriate values are marked with a colored background (see DeviceManager statistics, p. 349).

The DeviceManager statistics need not be open for threshold analysis because it is a background process.

- 1. Activate Enable thresholds.
- 2. Specify thresholds for the following values:
 - Maximum packet loss (%)
 - Frame rate delta (fps): The deviation between the configured frame rate and the recorded frame rate.
 - Maximum frames dropped: The maximum number of frames to be dropped by the Multimedia Database (MDB).
- 3. Select a time range for **Enable MDB Statistics Notifications**. For example, if 1 hour is selected as the time frame, an hourly check is made to see whether certain values from the MDB statistics are on average above or below one of the specified thresholds, system users can be notified. Make sure the option **Threshold values have been exceeded** is activated in the Event Manager.

DeviceManager statistics

The DeviceManager statistics display statistical information about the DeviceManager, e. g. if the recording is performed according to the parameters that have been configured to prevent missing (or insufficient) video documentation.

The statistics can display the following values about the connected cameras:

- Camera ID
- Camera name
- Camera manufacturer
- Model
- Camera firmware
- Camera IP
- Packet loss ratio
- Status of recording
- Sequences
- For each standard and alarm recording:
 - Amount of frames
 - Amount of dropped frames
 - First image
 - Last image
 - Age of first timestamp in recording range
 - Percentage filled in recording range
 - Size (GB)
 - Width
 - Height
 - Expected height
 - Codec
 - Expected codec
 - Video frame rate (fps)
 - Video bit rate (kbps)

The granularity is set to one hour by default, i.e. only data of the last hour is considered.

DeviceManager inf	•											382 - Cê	- I ×
DeviceManager server: Zones:	DeviceM	anager_001		•									
Path C/\Users\sascha.christm	ann\Desktop\z	Stat	lus dy for operatio	Writable Assigne Yes	d disk space (GB) Use 211.55	d disk space (GB) 7.60	Used disk space (%) 4 %	1					
Cameras:	Options											Time period: 1 H	our 👻
Camera ID	Camera	Model	Camera IP	Packet loss ratio	Status of recording	Sequences	Standard recording Amount of frames	Standard a Amount of	recording f dropped frames	Standard recording Max. time period	Standard recording Actual time period	Standard recording First image	Standar Last ima
4611967493405105575	AXIS P1357	P1357(-E)	10.0.7.73	0	Limited	5	0	0		1d 1h 0m	Od Oh 58m	8/7/2017 2:15:26 PM	8/8/20
4611967493405105576	AXIS P1311	P1311	10.0.8.234	0	Limited	4	33233	0		1d 1h 0m	Od Oh 59m	8/7/2017 2:15:08 PM	8/8/201
461196/493405103612	AXIS M1114	M1114(-E)	10.0.101.31	0.001	Limited	3	35940	0		1d 1h 0m	Od Oh 59m	8/7/2017 2:19:05 PM	8/8/201
Summary				-	- Charlest and the	a destautor			-	Allow counting			
Packet loss ratio Ser	quences A	mount of fram	nes Amou	nt of dropped frames	Max. time period	First image	Last imag	recording ie	Size (GB)	Amount of frames	Amount of droppe	ed frames Max. time ;	period
0 12	65	9179	0		1d 1h 0m	8/7/2017 2:1	15:08 PM 8/8/2017	9:34:50 AM	7.5825	183	•	1d 1h 0m	
											Export CSV	Reload	tlose

Fig. 247: DeviceManager statistics

The following options are available:

- DeviceManager Server: The DeviceManager can be changed quickly.
- **Zones**: Displays an overview on the zones that are configured with the selected DeviceManager.
- Cameras: Displays detailed information about the connected cameras.
- By selecting **Options** details can be specified. All columns can be displayed or hidden.
- The columns of the statistics can be sorted manually by dragging the column header to the left or to the right.
- The values of the statistics can be re-ordered by clicking on the related column header.
- Time period: Selected time period on which the statistic is based. The default value is 1 hour.
- Summary: Displays the summery values of all cameras connected to the selected DeviceManager.
- **Export CSV**: The displayed statistics can be exported as CSV file.
- **Reload**: Reloads the statistics to display the most recent values.
- **Close**: Closes the statistics window.

Options

Options	
Port for SIP messages:	60021

Fig. 248: DeviceManager - Options

1. If necessary, alter the Port for SIP messages (see VoIP and SIP, p. 86).

Video backup

In this section the settings of the DeviceManager for automated backup and manual video data export can be configured.

Video backup		
Automatic backup to server		
Activate automated backup		
Export path:	\\storage\auto-export	
	Check path	Apply
	Select path	Apply
	Organize backup in subfolders	
	Create human readable html report name	
Time:	\$ 01:00 ▼	
	Backup video of the last 24 hours	
Password:	****	
	Change password	
Manual video backup		
Temporary backup folder on the server:	\\temp\temp-export	
	Check path	Apply
	Select path	Apply
Password:	No password	
	Change password	Apply
		Apply
	Delete password	Арріу
Apply passwords to all Device Managers in B	Apply	
Apply passwords to all Device Managers on s	ystem.	Apply

Fig. 249: DeviceManager - Video backup

Automatic backup to server

Automatic video backup to the server depends on the camera settings where the camera-specific export needs to be activated (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223).

- 1. Activate the automated export.
- 2. Create the **Export path** for the automatic storage of the image data, or click **Select path** to select the folder directly in Windows Explorer (the path can only be selected if the Qognify VMS Client is running on the same Windows system as the DeviceManager).

The export path must be accessible by the DeviceManager server.

- 3. Click **Check path** to check the availability of the specified path.
- 4. Check **Organize video export in subfolders** if you want the exported recordings to be stored in folders named after camera names. Otherwise the exported recording will not be organized in folders.
- 5. Check **Create human readable html report name**. Otherwise the computer timestamp is used as file name of the report.
- 6. Define the **Time** at which the export is to start.

- 7. Activate **Export image data of the last 24 hours** to export the image data of the last 24 hours before the specified export time. If this option is not to be activated, the image data of the previous day (midnight to midnight) are exported.
- 8. Specify a **Password**, with which the image data is encrypted.
- 9. To apply the password to all image data encryption in a branch, select **Apply**.
- 10. To apply the password to all image data encryption in a company, select **Apply**.

Manual image data export

For manual image data export to the client, a temporary folder on the server is required (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223). There the export data are stored temporarily before they are sent to the client.

1. Create the **Temporary export folder on the server** for the manual storage of the image data, or click **Select path** to select the folder directly in Windows Explorer.

The temporary export path must be accessible by the DeviceManager server.

2. Click **Check path** to ensure that the Qognify server services can write to the folder and read from it.

Make sure that there is sufficient storage space for large export files on the partition on which the temporary folder is created.

- 3. Specify a **Password** to be used to encrypt the image data. The password will be required to export the image data (see Multiple export of image data, p. 112).
- 4. Remove the stored password with **Delete password**.
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the global OCR settings

The server on which the LPR service is to be executed is displayed.

General			
Unknown license plates			
Enable automatic master data entry			
Display for unknown license plates:	XX YY	123	
Font color	Red		•
Background color	AliceBlue		•
Activate XML export for unknown license p	lates		
License plates that are no longer valid			
Enable automatic master data entry			
User-defined master data fields			
Title		Required field	Search field
Company			
Name			

Fig. 250: Global OCR settings - General

1. Select **Enable automatic master data entry** for unknown license plates. This displays the LPR master data editor as soon as the camera detects an unknown license plate.

For the master data editor, the user must have permission to edit at least one license plate group (i.e. there must be at least one license plate group available), and "view live" permission on the camera that detected the license plate.

- 2. Change the **Font color** for unknown license plates and the **Background color** in the display of the license plate. Known license plates can be changed in the License plate groups control (see License plate groups, p. 343).
- 3. Select XML export to export the license plate data as an XML file.
- 4. Select **Enable automatic master data entry** for no longer valid license plates e.g. because of an expired ticket.
- 5. Define up to 10 **User-defined master data fields**. These fields are displayed when adding or editing a license plate.
- 6. Select **Required field** to specify that an entry must be made in this field.
- 7. Select **Search field** to specify that it is possible to search for the data in this field in the LPR master data editor.
- 8. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 9. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the LPR module

To configure an LPR module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).

General				
General			Settings	
Name		LPR Module SCHRI-HP	Detect spaces 1	•
Server	This service is not currently	running on any computer.	timeout 💌	
Failover module		Do not use failover 💌		
XML export				
XML export path				
Embed images	in XML file			
SQL export				
URL				
Database				
Table				
User name				
Password				
Character set				
Selected character	r set			•
			Remove from system	Expert mode
		Cancel	Apply	Save

Fig. 251: LPR module - General

- 1. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the module.
- 2. Select the **Failover module** in order to be able to switch to a different server in the event of the failure of the server.
- 3. Select **Detect spaces** to include spaces in the license plate.
 - Set the value to "1" to process maximum on single space between the detected characters of the license plate.
 - Set the value to "2" in order to activate the recognition of new German E-number plate (XX XXX E) which are made for electric cars.

The detection of German E-number plates requires an ARH Dongle with the new LPR engine version 9 (cmanpr-7.3.9.97:latin)

- 4. Specify the **XML export path** for the storage of the exported XML files. The export path must be available on the LPR module server. Each recognized license plate is saved as a separate XML file, including the license plate, license plate group, time and lane name.
- 5. Select **Embed images in XML file** to save an image as a JPEG in Base64 of the recognized license plate in the XML file.
- 6. If you like, you can specify an export path for the SQL export. Specify the corresponding information for this (**URL**, **Database**, **Table** and **User name** and **Password** for accessing the database). The export contains the license plate, country code, date and time. In the SQL table, three columns must be created:
 - "NumberPlate" (char), approx. 20 characters
 - "LastSeen" (varchar) or (string), size 20 characters
 - "Country" (char) with at least 30 characters. The size depends on the recognized country codes. Most country codes have only 3 letters, such as GER, FRA. However, there are also longer country codes, such as GER_Oldtimer_old.

Only Microsoft SQL-Database are supported.

Example

NumberPlate, LastSeen, Country KA LH 0001, 10.02.2011 16:27:25, GER

- 7. If multiple character sets have been installed, select which character set will be used for the recognition of the license plate.
 - The character set cmanpr-7.2.7:99: default does not have an integrated country code.
 - The character set cmanpr-7.2.7:99: latin also recognizes the country but requires more time for recognition.
 - You can get character sets for non-European license plates on request.
- 8. Click **Remove from system** to completely delete the LPR module from the Qognify VMS system.
- 9. Click **Expert mode** to modify special parameters to increase the image quality for the LPR process (see LPR module expert mode, p. 355).

LPR module expert mode

Before changing any values in the expert mode consult the Qognify support team and ask for the reference manual for the CMANPR software module.

Settings	
Detect spaces 1	•
timeout 💌	

Fig. 252: LPR modules - Expert mode

In the LPR modules expert mode the following values can be edited to improve the quality of the detected license plates:

- timeout
- contrast_min
- size

Configuration mode Server

- nchar_min
- nchar_max
- size_min
- size_max
- slope
- slope_min
- slope_max
- slant
- slant_min
- slant_max
- xtoyres
- colortype
- unicode_in_text

Configuring the Qognify Analytics Server 3D module

To configure an Analytics Server module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Adding an Analytics Server module, p. 402).

General	
General	
Name:	Analytics Server Module 5
Server:	10.0.5.35:60611
Failover module	Do not use failover 🔹
	Restart module

Fig. 253: Qognify Analytics Server 3D module - General

- 1. If necessary, change the Name of the module.
- 2. Select the **Failover module** to be able to switch to a different analytics server in the event of the failure of the current analytics server.
- 3. If required, restart the module.

Restarting the module is not necessary after changing the configuration. It is recommended to restart modules only if they are not running correctly.

- 4. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 5. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

For settings see Qognify Analytics Server, p. 272.

Configuring the Analytics Interface module

To configure an Analytics Interface, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Adding an Analytics Interface module, p. 406).

General		
General		
Name:	Analytics Interface Module 10 SCHRI-HP	
Server:	192.168.56.1:60621	
Failover module	Do not use failover	•
Details		
Manufacturer:	SeeTec AG	
Туре:	Lpr Test Plugin	
API version:	6.13.0	
Authentication		
Use authentication		
User name:	Miller	
Password:	***	
External service		
🔽 Use external service		
Host (IP address or name):	LPR Server	
Port:	\$ 8445	
		Restart module

Fig. 254: Analytics interface module - General

- 1. If necessary, change the **Name** of the module.
- 2. Select the **Failover module** to be able to switch to a different analytics server in the event of the failure of the current analytics server.
- 3. If required enter **User name** and Password to access the module.
- 4. If configured enter Host name or IP Address of the external LPR service
- 5. If required, restart the module.

Restarting the module is not necessary after changing the configuration. It is recommended to restart modules only if they are not running correctly.

- 6. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 7. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the Gateway-Service (SGS) module

To configure an Gateway-Service module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Adding a Gateway Service module (SGS), p. 404).

Server

General		
General		
Activated		
Name		
SGS Module 1 SERVICE530		
6		
Server		
10.0.5.50:00001		
Network		
SOAP/REST IP address This address is also used for video streaming and must be accessible for the MobileClient; use your external IP if the Gateway Service is to provide video streams outside your network (Internet)		
127.0.0.1		
SOAP/REST port		
62000		
RTSP port		
9100		
NodeJS port (streaming port for Webclient)		
8081		
Activate one port solution for Webclient		
Activate DisplayAgent TCP port		
64000		
This feature uses unsecured tcp messages. Please ensure that only authorized connections are possible.		
Remove from the system		
Cancel Apply Save		

Fig. 255: Qognify Gateway-Service module - General

- 1. If necessary, change the **Name** of the module.
- 2. If required change the **SOAP/REST IP address**. This address is also used for video streaming and must be accessible for the MobileClient; use your external IP if the Gateway Service is to provide video streams outside your network (internet).
- If accessing the network from the intranet (internal access), enter the local IP of the server.
- If accessing the network from the internet (external access), enter the public IP of the router or firewall. Additionally, transparent port forwarding must be activated at the router or firewall.
- 3. If required change the **SOAP/REST port**.
- 4. If required change the **RTSP port**.
- 5. If required change the **NodeJS port** (streaming port for the WebClient).
- Activate one port solution for WebClient if you want all videos to be streamed over port 443.

This option is not backwards compatible. If you upgraded to Qognify VMS 7.1 from an older where, you have activated the one port solution manually in the configuration file, you also need to activate it here in configuration mode to force the Webclient to use the one port solution again.

7. Activate DisplayAgent TCP port to enable sending simple text commands over a TCP connection (only IPv4) (for entity numbering, see Configuring the entity numbering, p. 374).

Enabling this feature is a potential security risk. There is no authentication, authorization or encryption. If this feature is enabled, make sure that no unauthorized access is possible.

8. If required, restart the module.

Restarting the module is not necessary after changing the configuration. It is recommended to restart modules only if they are not running correctly.

- 9. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 10. **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

After saving the configuration, an information about a possible decrease of performance in video streaming is displayed.

Configuring the transcoding module

The transcoding module is required to optimize video images to be displayed in the web client (see Qognify VMS web client, p. 425) and mobile client (see The Qognify VMS mobile client, p. 429).

General	
General:	
Name:	Transcoding Module SASCHA-HP
Server:	10.0.5.35:60607
Failover module	Do not use failover 💌
Channels:	
Maximum number of channels:	\$ 20
Lowest RTSP port for channels:	\$ 555
Highest RTSP port for channels:	\$ 595
Assigned DeviceManager server:	
DeviceManager_001	
	Remove from the system

Fig. 256: Transcoding module - General

- 1. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the module.
- 2. Select the **Failover module** to be able to switch to a different transcoding module in the event of the failure of the current transcoding module.
- 3. Specify the **Maximum number of channels** (default number: 20). For each image requested by the web client or mobile client, one channel is needed.

To reduce the network load and the load on the transcoding module, it is recommended to limit the number of channels per transcoding module.

- 4. Specify the **Lowest RTSP port** and the **Highest RTSP port** number for channels. The number of ports must correspond to or exceed the number of channels. The default port range contains 40 ports (port 555 to port 595).
- 5. Activate the **Assigned DeviceManager server** from which the transcoding module receives the video images to transcode.
- 6. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 7. **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the Motion Detection module

Two Motion Detection modules are available per default.

To configure a Motion Detection module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Adding an Analytics Server module, p. 402).

General	
General	
Name:	Motion Detection Module 0 SASCHA-HP
Server:	127.0.0.1:60601
Failover module	Do not use failover

Fig. 257: Motion Detection module - General

- 1. If necessary, change the **Name** of the module.
- 2. Select the **Failover module** to be able to switch to a different Motion Detection module in the event of the failure of the current module.
- 3. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 4. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

For further settings see Motion detection, p. 225.

Configuring the generic DVR module

Make sure that the module is added and preconfigured properly in the VA Administration Tool.
General	
General	
Activated	
Name	
Generic DVR Module SASCHA-HP	
DVR plugins	
BettiniDVR (1.0)	
Maximum devices	
	Remove from the system

Fig. 258: Generic DVR module - General

- 1. If necessary, alter the name of the module.
- 2. Select a **DVR plug-in**.
- 3. Specify the Maximum number of devices.
- 4. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 5. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring a generic access control module

To configure a generic access control module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).

General	
General	
Name:	Generic Access Control Module 9 SCHRI-HP
Server:	192.168.56.1:60619
Failover module	Do not use failover
Selected plugin:	Paxton Net2

Fig. 259: Generic access control module - General

- 1. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the module.
- 2. Select a Failover module (Qognify VMS Infinity X license required).
- 3. Select the Selected plug-in.
- 4. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 5. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

For further settings see Event Interfaces (SEI), p. 283.

Configuring an event interface (SEI) module

To configure an event interface module, you first have to create it in the Qognify VA administration tool (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).

General				
General				
Name:	Event Interface Module 8 SCHRI-HP			
Server:	192.168.56.1:60617			
Failover module	Do not use failover 💌			
Plugin Details				
Manufacturer:	SeeTec			
Туре:	Plugin Sample			
Version:	1.3			
	Domous from surton			

Fig. 260: Event interface module - General

- 1. If necessary, alter the **Name** of the module.
- 2. Select a Failover module (Qognify VMS Infinity X license required).
- 3. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 4. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

For further settings see Event Interfaces (SEI), p. 283

System

The **System** function on the **Administration** control allows you, for example, to configure and manage system-wide settings for the network, automatic backups as well as communication settings and event management settings.

The system manager is valid for all locations.

- 1. Select the main location in the **Company** control. The selected location is displayed in the title bar of the Administration control.
- 2. Select **System** in the Administration control.

Configuring the video classification

General

General		
Configure second stream by default		
Add new video classification		Add
Delete video classifications marked for deletion		Delete
Name		Delete
HD quality	Rename	
Standard quality	Rename	
Mobile	Rename	
Web	Rename	
Analytics	Rename	

Fig. 261: Video classification - General

- 1. Disable **Configure second stream by default**, then new cameras are integrated with one configured stream only. Additional stream have to be configured manually (see Creating a new video stream, p. 215).
- 2. To add a new video classification, click **Add**, and specify the **Name** of the video classification.
- 3. Click **OK** to confirm. The new video classification is displayed in the list.
- 4. To delete video classifications marked for deletion, select the video classifications you want to delete, and click **Delete**.

The standard video classifications ("HD quality", "Standard quality", "Mobile", "Web", "Analytics") cannot be deleted; they can only be renamed.

- 5. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Bandwidth optimization

Depending on the license a bandwidth optimized video stream can be selected in Archive mode (see Archive player, p. 158).

A transcoding channel is required to get a bandwidth optimized stream from the archived recordings (see Adding a Transcoding engine module, p. 404).

When using a multi-installation login, all connected installations need to have the feature enabled, otherwise bandwidth optimized playback will not be enabled at all (see Installation manager, p. 94).

Bandwidth op	Bandwidth optimization							
Add new bandwidth optimization classification								
Delete bandwidt	Delete bandwidth optimization classifications marked for deletion							
Name	Resolution:	Frame rate	e (fps): Quality (%):			Delete		
low	480p	8	50	Edit				
Hi	800p	25	80	Edit				

Fig. 262: Video classification - Bandwidth optimization

Add a bandwidth optimized video classification

1. Click Add. The window for configuration of the video classification is displayed.

	×
Name:	MediumBW
Resolution:	•
Frame rate (fps):	
Quality (%):	\$ 80
OK	Cancel

- 2. Specify the Name of the video classification.
- 3. Specify the Resolution, Frame-rate (fps) and Quality (%).
- 4. Click **OK** to confirm. The new video classification is displayed in the list

Edit a bandwidth optimized video classification

- 1. Select the related video classification and click **Edit**. The window for configuration of the video classification is displayed.
- 2. Edit the required settings.
- 3. Click **OK** to confirm.

Delete a bandwidth optimized video classification

1. Select the related video classification and click **Delete**.

Configuring the alarm classifications

(General		
		Search	B B 0
	Name		
Þ	False		
Г	Nuisance		
Γ	Technical Malfunction		
	Incident		

Fig. 263: Alarm classifications

The alarm categories are defined in the **System** function using the Alarm classifications. By default, four classifications are provided: "False", "Nuisance", "Technical Malfunction", "Incident".

- 1. Select Alarm classifications.
- 2. Double-click a existing entry a alter the name, if required.
- 3. Select Add 🚺 to add a single item and edit its name.
- 4. Select **Add multiple I** to add ten new items to the list and edit their names.
- 5. Select an existing item in the list and select **Delete** to remove the classification from the list.

The classification will also be removed from the correspondingly classified alarms.

6. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the backup

The default setting of the automatic backup of the management database is 1 a.m. every night. To restore a backup the Administration Tool is required (see Qognify Administration Tool, p. 389).

Management database	
🗹 Use automatic backup	
Time	Daily
Start time	\$ 01:01 ▼
Storage path on master server	Select
	(If no path is specified, sapdb/Backup is used in the installation folder)
🗹 Delete old data	
Backup password:	••••
	••••
	Important. This password is important for restoring backups in the future. Store it safely.
Perform backup	ОК

Fig. 264: Configuring the backup

- 1. Select Use automatic backup to schedule automatic backups.
- 2. Select the **Time** and **Start time** of the backup.
- 3. If necessary, edit the **Storage path** for data backup or click **Select** to select the folder directly in Windows Explorer.

The export folder can only be selected if the client is installed on the Core Service Main server. Otherwise, the storage path to the export folder on the server has to be entered manually.

4. Select **Delete old data** to delete existing backups before the data is backed up. This setting is only applicable for automatic backup. There are up to eight backups.

The backup folder should be backed up to a tape drive or other backup medium at regular intervals to ensure that the data backups are still available in the event of a hard drive crash.

5. Enter the **Backup password**. The backups are encrypted with AES-256 to prevent misuse of backups.

The backup password must not be blank.

 Click **Perform backup** to carry out the data backup immediately. The backup is started. The backup file is named as follows: "Qognify_M_20yymmdd.hhmm.zip", where "yy" is the decade, "mm" the month.

Example "Qognify_M_20130725.1145.zip" for a manual backup performed on July 25, 2013, at 11:45 am.

"Qognify_A_20130725.1145.zip" for an automatic backup performed on July 25, 2013, at 11:45 am.

- 7. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 8. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the Event Manager

During operation, various system events occur that are managed in the system database. The Event Manager administers the event database and the notification settings for email and SNMP.

Events are separated into the categories error, warning, and info.

The access to video sources in surveillance mode is stored in the corresponding DeviceManager (see Configuring the DeviceManager (DM), p. 346).

Legislation in France requires that events are never deleted in installations in France. Make sure that the management database (MAXDB) has sufficient storage space at its disposal. The capacity of the management database is configured with the Qognify Administration Tool.

General

General	
Automatic deletion	
☑ Use automatic deletion	
Automatically delete events older than:	2 month(s)
Manual deletion	
Delete only events that are older than:	
	Delete events
System events	
Time for daily report:	
Message prefix:	[SeeTec Cayuga]

Fig. 265: Event Manager - General

Automatic deletion

- 1. Select **Use automatic deletion**, and select the period after which the event database is to be deleted (default: active, period: 2 months).
- 2. To tidy up the database manually, select **Delete only events that are older than**, and then specify the period.
- 3. Click **Delete events** to delete the events in the selected period from the database.

System events

The software can send a daily report about the system status by email. For this, the configuration of an SMTP server is required (see Configuring the SMTP server, p. 371), as well as the configuration of email addresses (see Configuring the Email Manager, p. 371).

- 1. Specify the **Time for daily report** on the system events. The email with the report of the events of the last 24 hours is sent to all email addresses stored as system addresses in the email manager.
- 2. If required, add a **Message prefix** that will be attached to the message to make it discernible.

Notifications

Events are grouped according to their prevalence and classified by the following criteria:

- Errors 1: Errors are serious events that impair the operation of the software. Administrative measures are required (see Errors, p. 368).
- Warnings : Warnings are system-relevant events that can affect the function of the whole system or parts of the system. Usually, prompt administrative actions are required (see Warnings, p. 369).

Info : Infos are system-relevant events that do not affect the function of the whole system or parts of the system. Usually, no administrative actions are required (see Info, p. 370).

The individual notifications are editable (see Editing Notifications, p. 370).

Errors

The following errors trigger a notification:

- **Error changing the license file**: The license file in the conf-directory cannot be changed. Possible reasons are an invalid license file or changed user rights.
- FlatFileLogging: Cannot write alarm file: The flat-file logging can be set in the configuration of the Core Service Main. Possible reasons for errors are changed user rights on the share-volume or insufficient storage space.
- FlatFileLogging: Cannot write summary file: The flat-file logging can be set in the configuration of the Core Service Main. Possible reasons for errors are changed user rights on the share-volume or insufficient storage space.
- Service monitoring check failed: The user is informed when a service fails due to network issues, e.g. the DeviceManager, the MDS, or the Video Analytics service.
- Service monitoring not available: The module monitoring the services fails to load and cannot inform about failing services.
- The configuration and event database is full: The data volume of the MaxDB is 4 GB after standard installation. The size can be adjusted with the administration tool (see Qognify Administration Tool, p. 389).
- Cannot mount multimedia database zone: Without zone, video data cannot be recorded. Possible reason can be a wrong server path or missing permissions. The zone settings have to be checked (see Management database (MaxDB), p. 391).
- Cannot start multimedia database: The MDS cannot be started. Possible reason can be a lack of disc space (zone is full).
- Multimedia database statistics are not available: The statistics cannot be generated. Contact Qognify service for support.
- Multimedia database zone is full: The available storage space has reached 95%. The edge storage deletes the oldest recordings (see Image storage, p. 207
- A service is reporting a memory overflow: This concerns the services VMS_Core, VMS_DM, or VMS_MDS. Contact Qognify service for support.
- A service was unexpectedly terminated: Contact Qognify service for support.
- Cannot find LPR dongle: The license plate recognition does not work, because the LPR dongle is missing (see LPR mode, p. 379).
- Failure of image analysis due to poor light :This error concerns the video analysis (see SeeTec Video Analytics, p. 257). If not enough details can be discerned in the image, the image analysis fails.
- Image analysis failure due to distortion: This error concerns the video analysis (see Qognify Analytics, p. 266). If the image is distorted due to a camera manipulation, the image cannot be analyzed.
- No additional threads available: The system resources are full. Contact Qognify service for support.

- VA communication with third party system lost: The VA module probably lost the network connection. Check the third party system, the network setting or the VA configuration (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).
- VA service has lost video signal: The VA service requires a reliable video stream, e.g. for motion-based detection. Possible reasons are lost network connections or camera issued.
- AV export failed: The AV export does not work. Possible reason is a setting in the AV configuration (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).
- **Cannot establish image stream**: The DeviceManager cannot establish an image stream from the camera. Possible reasons can be network or camera issues.
- Device cannot be started: A camera or other hardware device is unavailable. Possible reason is defective hardware.
- Initialization of the VMS_DM service failed: The DM service cannot be started. See the log file for further information or contact Qognify for support (see Support, p. 20).
- User deactivated: The user is deactivated after a preset number of failed login attempts (see Configuring the user security settings, p. 377).

Warnings

The following warnings trigger a notification:

- Cyclic backup of configuration and event database failed: The cyclic backup of the system databases has failed (see Configuring the backup, p. 365).
- Sub Core unreachable: When multiple Core Service servers are installed, the Core Service Sub cannot be reached (see Core Services and branches, p. 29).
- The configuration and event database is almost full: The data volume of the MaxDB is 4 GB after standard installation. The size can be adjusted with the administration tool (see Qognify Administration Tool, p. 389).
- MDB automated video backup interrupted: The automatic video data backup was interrupted (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223 and Video backup, p. 350).
- The last archive image is older than the configured value: A configuration error has occurred (see Multimedia database, p. 208).
- Thresholds values of DM statistics have been exceeded: If certain thresholds of the DeviceManager statistics have been exceeded, a notification can be sent (see General, p. 347).
- Zone almost full: Only 15% of the available video storage space are remaining. The ring storage system will delete the oldest recordings when 95% storage space is reached (see Image storage, p. 207).
- **System time changed**: The system time change impacts the archive time stamps or the client behavior if they are not synchronous with the Core Service server.
- AV export more than two hours old: The configuration at the camera has to be adapted (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223) and must be activated in the alarm settings (see Email and FTP, p. 322).
- AV export older than four hours: The configuration at the camera has to be adapted (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223) and must be activated in the alarm settings (see Email and FTP, p. 322).
- Edge storage import was interrupted: A notification is triggered when an edge storage import process has failed (see General, p. 347).

- Loss of video signal at encoder detected: This feature has to be enabled in the camera configuration (see Tampering detection, p. 229). Additionally, this event can be used as alarm trigger (see Configuring an alarm, p. 312).
- Services have been stopped: Check the Qognify services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397
- Tampering alarm: This feature has to be enabled in the camera configuration (see Tampering detection, p. 229). Additionally, this event can be used as alarm trigger (see Configuring an alarm, p. 312).

Info

The following information trigger a notification:

- License file changed successfully: A license file has been successfully registered at the Core Service server.
- MDB automated video backup completed: The automatic video data export is completed (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223 and Video backup, p. 350).
- MDB automated video backup started: The automatic video data export has started (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223 and Video backup, p. 350).
- Restoration of failed image analysis: In some cases an interrupted calibration of video analytics could be recovered.
- VA video signal recovered: A lost video signal could be reestablished.
- Edge storage import was successful: The edge storage import process was finished successfully.
- Services have been restarted: If a service stops e.g. due to an update it automatically restarts.

Editing Notifications

Description	Category	Report	SNMP	Email	Dead Time	Profiles	Action	Sou
License changes	License		A	\square				
∃ Automated video backup Multimedia database			A	\geq				
Sub Core connection	Core services		A	\square	Ŀ	•	4	
L Sub Core unreachable								
SNMP	Actions:				Dead tim	ne(s):		
SNMP	Select	:			\$	0		
Profiles:	Email addresses:		Sound:					
administrator	Report only		Play soun	d				
administrator			Default	-	1			
Thomas Bettings				nd	1			
			L	-				
🚺 Sub Core reachable again								
SNMP	Actions:				Dead tim	ne(s):		
SNMP	Select	:			\$	0		
Profiles:	Email addresses:		Sound:					
administrator	Report only		Play soun	d				
Jan	🗹 🖂 Email Manager		Default					
Themas Distance								
i nomas bottiger								
User								

Fig. 266: Editing notifications

- 1. Select the event in the list, and specify:
 - If the event is displayed only in the daily report of the system events that is sent by email (see Configuring the SMTP server, p. 371, and Configuring the Email Manager, p. 371).
 - If an SNMP trap is sent to a management host when the event occurs (see also Configuring the SNMP server, p. 372).
- 2. To edit one or more events, select it in the Edit column and click Edit selected objects.
- 3. Specify whether an **Action** is to be performed:
 - to which recipient an email is to be sent,
 - for which **Profiles** a message is to be displayed in surveillance mode.
 - if a sound is played when the event occurs, what sound should be played and if it is repeated. For custom sounds, see Managing sound and icon files with custom media, p. 376.
- 4. Click **Back to overview** to go back to the list of events.
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the SMTP server

To enable the Qognify services to report the malfunctioning or failure of a camera, the software requires the data of an accessible SMTP server.

- 1. Activate the SMTP server.
- 2. Specify the network address of the SMTP server and the SMTP port number.
- 3. Enter the User name and Password for the user account.
- 4. If necessary, select the encryption method with which the e-mails are to be sent. The following encryption methods are available: SSL and TSL.
- 5. Enter the Sender address.
- 6. Click Send test email to check the settings.
- 7. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 8. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Internet services like Google might block sign-in attempts. If this is the case you need to configure your corresponding Google account and "allow less secure apps to access your account".

Configuring the Email Manager

The email lists are used to send system messages (see Configuring the Event Manager, p. 366). The email addresses are also used send to the report (see Configuring the SNMP server, p. 372).

- 1. Click Add new email list, and specify the name of the new list.
- 2. Click **OK** to confirm. The new list is displayed.
- 3. To remove the list, activate it and click **Delete list marked for deletion**. All activated lists (except for alarm addresses and system addresses) are deleted.

Alarm addresses and system addresses

The lists of alarm addresses and system addresses are already created. The system messages are sent by default to all email addresses in system addresses.

- 1. Select the desired list.
- 2. Click Add new email address, and enter the new email address.
- 3. Click **OK** to confirm. The new email is displayed in the list.
- 4. To change the email address, click Rename.
- 5. To remove the email address, activate the email and click **Delete email addresses marked for deletion**. All activated email addresses are deleted.

Configuring the SNMP server

It is possible to send SNMP v1, v2 and v3 traps.

- 1. Activate the SNMP server to report system errors by means of SNMP messages.
- 2. Enter the ManagementHost.
- 3. Enter the **ManagementHostTrapListenPort**, the **LocalTrapSendPort** and the **CommunityString** in accordance with the settings required for the SNMP server.

If the SNMP component (Simple Network Management Protocol) is installed in the Control Panel > Software > Add / Remove Windows Components > Management and Monitoring Programs, a different port for LocalTrapSendPort must be set, because transmission is not possible via port 161. If port 161 is set as the default, it will not work.

MIB (Management Information Base)

To monitor the current status of Qognify VMS in a 3rd party monitoring solution, a MIB file (Management Information Base) "vms.mib" is installed together with the Core Service in the installation directory "/tools/MIB". As soon as the MIB file is read in into the PRTG software the descriptions for SNMP v1 and SNMP v2 traps are available.

PRTG is network-monitoring software that can run on a Windows machine within the network and collect statistics from designated hosts such as routers, servers, switches and other important devices or applications.

SNMP v1/v2

- 1. Activate **SNMP v1** or **SNMP v2**. SNMP v2 adds simple security features, whereas SNMP v1 has none.
- 2. Enter the **CommunityString** to enable correct responses from the host.

SNMP v3

SNMP v3 is currently the most secure protocol version.

- 1. Activate **SNMP v3**.
- 2. Enter the Security Name, Authentication Type, Authentication Password, Encryption Type, and the Encryption Password.
- 3. To test the settings, click **Send SNMP test message** to check the settings.
- 4. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 5. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the NAT list

The NAT feature is only available for the client in the Qognify software over the Internet without requiring a VPN tunnel; port forwarding must be activated on your router or firewall. Ports 60000-60008 are required by default for NAT.

These ports have to be open on all distributed servers.

- 1. Click Add new NAT entry.
- 2. Enter the internal and public address.
- 3. To remove an entry, select list, select **Delete** at the end of each line, and click **Delete NAT** entries marked for deletion.
- 4. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 5. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Configuring the entity numbering

٧	Video sources							
					Search			±. ∨
	Branch	Path	Name	Number				
r	Company	Company	AXIS P1311		1 🗘			
	Company	Company	Axis Smart		-1			
	Company	Company	Nové zařízení		-1			
	Company	Company	Axis		-1			
	Company	Company	AXIS M1114		-1			
	Company	Company	Kamera		-1			
	Company	Company	LPR Test Cam		-1			
Re	enumber all							Apply
In	sert missing numbering	9						Apply
Di	splayAgent Prefix:						CAM_	

Fig. 267: Entity numbering

The ID entity number is **not** assigned by the system. If entity numbers are used, the numbers must be configured manually. The number serves as a reference point for the SDK or the keypad assignment with virtual sequences (see Input devices, p. 87). The number can also be changed later.

The maximum entity number is 99.999.999.

1. If necessary, change the entity number of the device by entering the new ID directly into the text box or changing the numbers up or down step by step with the arrow keys.

Only change the entity numbering if necessary during configuration of the software by third-party vendors.

2. Click **Renumber all** to assign a unique entity number to every device by selecting a starting number. After specifying the start number, Qognify VMS will automatically increment the numbers in steps of "1".

Only visible entries are renumbered.

3. Click **Insert missing numbering** to assign a unique entity number to devices without entity numbers. Qognify VMS will automatically use the highest number in the list and increment by "1".

- 4. Define the **DisplayAgent prefix**. Four configurable prefixes for cameras, layers, windows, and tiles are available (see Working with the DisplayAgent prefix, p. 375). Valid combinations are:
 - Camera on window
 - Camera on tile
 - Layer on window
 - Patrol sequences (see Changing cameras sequentially, p. 375)
- 5. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 6. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Exporting the entity numbers

The list of entity numbers can be exported as a PDF file or as a comma-separated document that can be imported with any spreadsheet editor.

- 1. Select Export 🚮.
- 2. Select the export file format (PDF or CSV).
- 3. Select the folder and click **Save**.

Changing cameras sequentially

The camera sequence can be set so that they are displayed in a tile one after another, e.g. for patrols. The camera sequence loops until something else is displayed in the same tile.

It is possible to have different camera sequences in different tiles running at the same time in the same DisplayAgent.

- 1. Select Patrols.
- 2. Change the entity number of the patrol to define a sequence.
- 3. Define the **DisplayAgent prefix**.

Working with the DisplayAgent prefix

When the DisplayAgent prefix is activated, the sender can open a new connection for each command or can separate different commands by a line break (CR, LF or CRLF). The parser searches for the prefixes and a directly following number, all other characters are ignored.

The simplest command has the form "CAM_1 WINDOW_1" but is also valid to send something like "DUMMY_HEADER CAM_1 SOME_TEXTWINDOW_1".¹

Configuring the AlarmWatchDog

The AlarmWatchDog monitors the alarms of multiple Qognify installed systems at once. If an alarm occurs on any of the monitored systems, the user can establish a connection to the system and see the alarm. To activate the respective alarm transmission, set the AlarmWatchDog option in the server-settings of the related alarm scenario (see Alarms, p. 307).

¹Both messages are parsed to "Show Camera 1 on Window 1".

Each system can only be connected to one AlarmWatchDog.

- 1. To configure the AlarmWatchDog, select **AlarmWatchDog** in the System control bar.
- Activate the AlarmWatchDog and specify the IP address and port number (default: 12000) of the client with the AlarmWatchDog installed. For obtaining the correct IP address, see the section on the AlarmWatchDog configuration (see Configuring the AlarmWatchDog, p. 434).
- 3. Specify the IP address and port number of the VMS server. All clients to be watched must be connected to this server.
- 4. Set the **User name** and **Password** of the user who will be logged into the server in case of an alarm.
- 5. Specify the user profile (default: user name).
- 6. Enter a description of the server.
- 7. Activate **NAT** if the client can reach the server only via NAT (network address translation), e.g. through a router.
- 8. Apply the set values if you want to make further settings.
- 9. Save the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

Managing sound and icon files with custom media

With the custom media feature you can manage your own sound and icon-files. Custom icons and sounds are stored in the management database. The sounds and icon files can be applied to the appropriate items, e.g. as custom icons for cameras.

Uploading and deleting image files

For best quality, we recommend image files with low complexity (when displayed as icons) and 512x512 px (when used for maps and larger sizes.

- 1. Click **Add** to add a custom image file from the file system. The following image formats are supported: png, jpg, gif.
- Click Save to upload the images to the server. They will be stored in the local cache for improved performance. The file icon is visible after the images have bee uploaded successfully.
- 3. Click **Edit** to rename the file.
- 4. To remove the image, click **Delete**. All assigned items will be displayed with their default icons after restarting the client.

Uploading and deleting sound files

- 1. Click **Add** to add a custom sound file from the file system. The following sound formats are supported: mp3, wav.
- 2. Click **Save** to upload the sound files to the server. They will be stored in the local cache for improved performance.
- 3. Click **Edit** to rename the file or play the selected sound.
- 4. To remove the sound file, click **Delete**. All assigned items will be reset to their default sounds after restarting the client.

Assigning custom media

- 1. To assign the custom files to items, open the following settings in configuration mode:
 - Camera General. When the custom icon is assigned to a camera, it is displayed throughout the system for this camera.
 - Hardware settings
 - Maps
 - Video wall
 - Views

Configuring the user security settings

Security Settings ✓ Allow saving of user credentials ✓ Disable users when too many failed attempts, allowed tries: 3

Fig. 268: Security settings

For compliance with the GDPR regulations under EU law, the automatic saving of user credentials can be disabled. It is enabled by default for all users and can only be enabled or disabled per installation. Additionally, the number of login attempts can be limited.

- 1. Select **Security settings** in the System control bar.
- 2. Disable the saving of user credentials. When disabled, the user credentials have to be entered at log in.
- 3. Enable the setting for the number of failed login attempts and define the number to a reasonable amount (default is three attempts). When the user exceeds the number of allowed login attempts, a notification can be triggered (see Notifications, p. 367).
- 4. **Apply** the set values if you want to make further settings or **Save** the set values to apply the values and conclude input.

11

LPR mode

The automatic license plate recognition (LPR) in the video image and comparison with a license-plate database allows items such as entry checks and barrier control, parking and load-ing area administration and triggering of alarms.

LPR mode is for analyzing the LPR events and displaying the information associated with the event (including master data, if available). In addition, statistics can be kept.

LPR functionality requires a license key.

Editing LPR master data

LPR master data are all information that is assigned to a specific license plate (such as group, validity). The master data are created and administered with the LPR master data editor (see LPR master data editor, p. 98).

Displaying license plate recognition details

When a license plate is recognized, the master data and alarm messages belonging to that license plate are displayed.

- 1. Click a column header in the main window to sort the column (alarm, layer/camera, start, stop) in ascending or descending order.
- 2. Select the required layer or camera (or start or end of recording). The selected object is displayed in the player.

Player

The player is operated in LPR mode in the same way as in archive mode (see Archive mode, p. 157).

Query for license plates

In the Administration control, the stored events for a license plate or a container code in the master data set can be searched for in the LPR database.



Fig. 269: Query for license plates in LPR mode

- 1. Click a column header in the main window to sort the license plates in ascending or descending order on the basis of the column's category (time, license plate, group).
- 2. Click **Start query** to display all stored events for the selected license plate.
- 3. Limit the search filter by selecting the **query mode** and, if appropriate, entering information on the **license plate**, **container**, **group**, **lane** and **period**.
- 4. If only the statistics are to be searched through, select **Query statistics only** and the type of the statistics.
- 5. Click Start query to search the database for e.g. license plate, group, country, or lane.
- 6. The search results are displayed in the License plate recognition details window.
- 7. Click the event found. The player skips automatically to the selected point in time.

12

Admintools

The Qognify admintools contain a suite of administration tools required to manage the servers, clients and additional modules such as the UpdateService and the AlarmWatchDog (see The AlarmWatchDog, p. 433).

- VA Administration Tool: The VA Administration tool is used to configure the settings for the core server and installing the "Versatile Application" extension. The extension parameters are then configured from within the client (see Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool, p. 399).
- Administration Tool: The Administration Tool is used to configure the image database and the administration database of the servers (see Qognify Administration Tool, p. 389).
- ServiceManager: The ServiceManager is used for starting and stopping services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397).
- UpdateService Configuration Tool: The UpdateService Configuration Tool manages the configuration of the UpdateService on the Core Service Main (CSM) and the UpdateAgents on the clients (see UpdateService Configuration Tool, p. 381).

UpdateService Configuration Tool

The UpdateService Configuration Tool manages the configuration of the UpdateService and the connected UpdateAgents (i.e. distributed server, modules and clients). The configuration tool will be installed automatically with the UpdateService (see Configuring and updating the UpdateAgent, p. 64).

The UpdateService looks for available updates and patches immediately after installation, and downloads them before distributing the updates and patches (see Editing the server con-figuration, p. 387).

The UpdateService Configuration Tool supports the following features:

- Displaying all connected UpdateAgents, their hardware specification, their installed feature, and the applied patches of each UpdateAgent
- Displaying status information of all UpdateAgents in a group
- Creating groups of UpdateAgents to configure
- Renaming and deleting groups and old UpdateAgents from the configuration
- Import and export of download packages and patch files for the UpdateService (no directories necessary)
- Export of patches and updates and import them with the help of a small tool to the UpdateAgents
- Configuration for getting updates/patches and how they should be deployed to the UpdateAgents
- Checking for updates or patches at the server

The UpdateService can be used to update software without an installed Qognify VMS client, as it keeps the configuration and log data in a separate folder.

1. Start the UpdateService configuration tool in the Qognify VMS installation folder. If required, confirm the systems administration rights. The information tab is displayed.

Information on rollbacks

Rolling back to a previously installed update may be necessary to assure system operation with a minimum of interruption. In case of an update error all steps will be reverted to the backup that has been kept before updating.

Configuring the UpdateService

💿 ⁸ *				
Information Global repository Server configuration	Group: Download time: Update time Patch time: Number of UpdateApents:		Def ault As scon as available As scon as available As scon as available 1	
	Status e	Name DESKTOP-VVQ3DBK	Status text Last known state: No provided patch or update package necessary.	Last connection to the server Thursday, 1 January 1970 00:00:00
Refresh] Eve Perl	rything is fine forming an action or waitin	a for an event	
Configure group Delete cilenta] 🭎 Ane	error has occurred (this sta	stus will be set after 3 minutes of inactivity)	

Fig. 270: Configuring the UpdateService

The Groups column displays all groups managed by the UpdateService alphabetically. The default group contains all UpdateAgents (clients) not assigned to a group.

Additionally, the update status and the connection status to the server is displayed.

Clients in the default group are updated automatically. Clients that should not receive updates or patches have to be located in a separate group (see Configuring a group, p. 384).

- 1. Click on a group folder to display the status overview of all clients within the group. A colored bullet point on the folder icon shows the worst status of any item in the group and another colored bullet point shows the current status of each client:
 - Red: An error occurred at the client or the UpdateAgent of the client is offline for more than 3 minutes.
 - Yellow: UpdateAgent is currently busy (patching, downloading, etc.) or waiting for an event triggered by the UpdateService (e.g. manual distribution of patches).
 - **Green**: The client's UpdateAgent is up-to-date.
- 2. Click on a client name to display the installed components (e.g. the system software, the software version, the status, and the installed patches).
- 3. Click **Refresh list** to see a more current status.
- 4. Click **Configure group** to create, rename or delete a group and specify the group's update and patch settings (see Configuring a group, p. 384).
- 5. Click **Delete clients** to remove clients that do not connect to the UpdateService anymore. The clients will not be deleted automatically.

Manually starting the update or patch process

If a group is configured to be updated or patched manually, **Start patch/update at the UpdateAgents** is displayed in the group's status pane.

1. Click **Start patch/update at the UpdateAgent** to start the update. It will require up to 60 seconds before the update process is started.

Proceeding after a rollback

- 1. Check the log to find out what the problem was.
- 2. Resolve the problem.
- 3. Stop the services.
- 4. On the update server, delete the update files in the updates folder and adjust upd64.xml /upd.xml by deleting the md5 sums and also the version tag.
- 5. On the UpdateAgent, delete the already downloaded update files in the updates folder and delete the rollback file in the updates folder.
- 6. Adjust upd64.xml /upd.xml by deleting the md5 sums and also the version tag.
- 7. Restart the services.

Configuring a group

Group configuration	n			
Groups:	Group information			
Group 1	Group:	Group 1		
	Download time:	07.10.2014 🗸 14:11:43 🗄	+	
	Download interval between clients:	10 🚔 Min.		
	Update time:	07.10.2014 🗸 14:11:43 📑	+	
	Patch time:	07.10.2014 🗸 14:11:58 🗄		
	Don't distribute patches or updates t (If the clients of this group have a sli	to these clients. ow bandwidth connection to the Upda	ate Server)	
	Don't start patching or updating autor You have to start it through the butto	omatically. on at the group page.		
	Automatic restart before and after th	e patch/update		
	Warning: The clients will be restarte	d without the user being notified befor	ehand!	
	Clients: V DANIEL8131 V Testrechner			
Create new group			Apply	Canaal
Rename group			Арру	Cancer
Delete group				Exit

Fig. 271: Configuring a group

The group configuration allows the configuration of:

Specific download date and time of the update package or the patch files.

If the time is in the past, downloads and patches will start immediately.

- Download interval between each UpdateAgent in minutes (e.g. the first UpdateAgent starts the download at 10:00, the second UpdateAgent starts the download at 10:10, the third at 10:20, etc).
- Update and patch date and time.
- Specific update and patch behavior for the UpdateAgents in the current group.
- 1. Specify the required update and patch settings for the group.
- 2. Select **Don't distribute patches or updates to these clients** to prevent automatic distribution at low bandwidth. If this option is activated, the patches have to be distributed manually.
- 3. Select **Don't start patching or updating automatically** to prevent automatic installation of patches and updates. Patching and updating has to be performed manually if this option is selected.
- 4. Select **Automatic restart before and after the patch or update** to shut down the Windows systems on the UpdateAgents before and after applying the patch. The clients will be restarted automatically.
- 5. If required, deselect clients from the groups list. Only the selected clients will be affected by the group settings.

Creating a group

- 1. Click **Create new group**.
- 2. Enter a **name** for the new group and click **OK**. The new group will be displayed in the group's column.

Renaming a group

- 1. Click Rename group.
- 2. Change the name of the group and click **OK**. All assigned UpdateAgents will remain in the group and adhere to the group's settings.

Deleting a group

- 1. Select a group in the Groups column.
- 2. Click **Delete group**. All clients in the group will be moved into the default group and will be exempted from the update settings. UpdateAgents in the default group will get updates and patches as soon as they are available.

The default group cannot be deleted.

Global repository

💿 🌣 着	
Information Global repository Server configuration	
Update for 32-bit and 64-bit system	
Update version for 64-bit:	Refresh
Patch for 32-bit and 64-bit systems	
Import patches Export	
	~
Delete patches	Refresh

Fig. 272: Global repository

The tab displays the available updates and patches. If the UpdateService has been configured for manual distribution in the server configuration tab, all updates and patches can be imported from the server and exported to a directory on the server or an attached media (see Editing the server configuration, p. 387).

- 1. Click **Import updates** to download the available updates from a directory that is available in the local network.
- 2. Click **Refresh** to check at the server for updates not yet displayed.
- 3. Click **Export** to copy the updates and a "Qognify.UpdatePatchImport.exe" to a directory that can be copied to any media such as a USB stick. The Qognify.UpdatePatchImport.exe updates and patches can be installed at each client separately (see Import of updates and patches at the UpdateAgent, p. 388).
- 4. Click **Import patches** to download the available patches from a directory that is available in the local network. The available patches are displayed.
- Click Export to copy the patches and a "Qognify.UpdatePatchImport.exe" to a directory that can be copied to any media such as a USB stick. The Qognify.UpdatePatchImport.exe updates and patches can be installed at each client separately (see Import of updates and patches at the UpdateAgent, p. 388).
- 6. If patches are not required, select the patches from the list and click **Delete patches** before

exporting them. Only the patches listed will be distributed.

7. Click **Refresh** to check at the server for patches not yet displayed.

Editing the server configuration

💿 😤 着	
Information Global repository Server configuration If the PC is connected to the internet, the Under Service can check automatically for underes and natches from the Service was	sheita (ithanuica vou zra zhla to
define another FTP doction (remote) and location) or disable this feature completely to import the update/patch files manually. Depen UpdateService will automatically install the patches/updates on the connected UpdateAgents.	ding on the settings, the
Download and install updates/patches automatically from the internet (recommended) Also download full upgrade packages By default, the UpdateService only downloads patches with error corrections. If activated and if you have the required permit protection with the UpdateService only downloads patches with error corrections. If activated and if you have the required permit protection with the UpdateService only downloads patches with error corrections. If activated and if you have the required permit	ssions (new license key for the
next major version), the update service also downloads and distributes packages with version upgrades. All update Agents w version based on your group settings.	vili then be upgraded to the new
Send connection timeout (min) 60 ~	
Prease configure the time when the updates/parches at the defined location: Daily: 03:00 Check for updates/patches now	
Last successful connection: Tuesday, 26 May 2020 14:46:15	
Last successful download: Monday, 1 January 1900 00:00:00	
Restart See Tec Upda	ateServer Save
Status: Connected	

Fig. 273: Editing the server configuration

With the Server configuration tab, the basic settings for the communication between the Update server and the clients are managed. By default, the UpdateService connects to the server providing the updates, downloads and distributes the updates and patches to the UpdateAgents. However, if manual distribution or a different server for downloads is preferred, the automatic setting can be changed.

- 1. Select an option from the menu:
 - Download and install updates/patches automatically from the internet. This is the recommended setting for automatic updates and distribution of patches.
 - Download updates/patches from the internet, but don't install them automatically. Updates and patches will be automatically downloaded from the server, but will not be distributed to the UpdateAgents. The updates and patches must be updated and installed manually (see Global repository, p. 386).
 - Download and install updates/patches automatically from a defined remote location. The updates and patches will be downloaded from an FTP server that has to be configured and automatically installed at the UpdateAgents (see Configuring the FTP server, p. 388).
 - Download and install updates/patches from a defined remote location, but don't install them automatically. The updates and patches will be downloaded from an FTP server that has to be configured, but will not be distributed to the UpdateAgents. The updates and patches must be updated and installed manually (see Configuring the FTP server, p. 388).
 - Don't look for updates from the internet or any remote location. The option is not recommended, as no updates or patches will be downloaded or distributed automatically. The updates and patches will have to be downloaded and exported manually (see Global repository, p. 386).
- 2. Select **Also download full upgrade packages**, to download all downloads and distribute also packages including version upgrades, if the appropriate permission (new license key for a next major version) is available. All UpdateAgents will be upgraded to the new version according to your group settings. (By default, the UpdateService downloads only patches including error corrections.)
- 3. Specify the daytime when updates and patches will be downloaded and installed.
- 4. Click **Check for updates/patches now** to manually check for available downloads. Currently active downloads are displayed.
- 5. Click **Restart UpdateServer** to restart the UpdateServer with the applied settings.
- 6. Click **Save** to apply the settings.

Configuring the FTP server

- 1. After selecting the option **Download and install updates/patches automatically from a defined remote location**, enter the IP address and **port** number of the **FTP server.**
- 2. **Provide** the **user** name and **password** for the FTP server.
- 3. To establish a secure connection, activate **Use FTP via SSL**, if the server supports SFTP. (Contact the network administrator for the correct settings.)

Import of updates and patches at the UpdateAgent

- 1. After successfully exporting patches or updates (see Global repository, p. 386) copy the directory to an USB stick, and plug it into the computer where the UpdateAgent is running.
- 2. Start the application "Qognify.UpdatePatchImport.exe" and click Yes.

3. Click **OK** and start the update and patching process. The UpdateAgent will be stopped for the update/patch process. After the process, the UpdateAgent will be restarted automatically.

Qognify Administration Tool

The Qognify Administration Tool is used to configure the administration database (MaxDB) and the image database (MDB) of the servers.

Note that incorrect settings in the administration tool may result in a non-operational system.

1. Start the Administration Tool in the Qognify VMS installation folder.

All settings in the administration tool are not valid until the services or the complete computer have been restarted (to start the services see **Qognify ServiceManager**, p. 397)

General settings

.

1		
💿 🎽 👘		
General settings Management database (MaxDB) Multimedia database OPC service Security	General settinga System Manager Server: Pott: localhost 60000 IP address/host name for server communication	

Fig. 274: General settings

- 1. Configure the **server** and **port** of the Core Service server if administration was started on a distributed server. If administration was started on the main server, leave these settings unchanged (default: server: localhost, port: 60000).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the **server** and the **host name** for the services to connect to in the "IP address/host name for server communication" area.
- 3. Enter the **network password**.
- 4. Click **Settings** (1), and select **Save** from the **File** menu to save the changes.
- 5. Restart the services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397).

	2	
* *		Ξ×
General settings Management database (MaxDB) Multimedia database OPC service Security	General settings Manage ment database (MaxDB) Backup	nimum size of a spacity of the sode > Event
	Cache	
	Current cache size: Current utilization of management database capacity: Size [MB]	511 MB 323 MB
	The cache size of MaxDB is an extremely system-critical parameter that should not be ch there are good reasons to do so. Please refer to the section "Setting the MaxDB cache e Cayuga User's Guide.	anged unless size" in the

Management database (MaxDB)

Fig. 275: Management database (MaxDB)

Backup and restore

For a secure backup (AES-256 encrypted) in the file format *.7z, a password is required. The password is also required for restoring backups in the file format *.7z (see Configuring the backup, p. 365).

- 1. To create a backup of the management database, click **Backup**. The database is backed up in the "\Qognify\sapdb\backup" folder.
- 2. Enter the **user name** and **password**.
- 3. Add a (different) **Second password**, if required.
- 4. Click **OK**. The management database is backed up. This may take some time depending on the size of the database.

Do not interrupt the process.

5. For restoring a backup, click **Restore** and enter the password.

Increase storage space (and volume)

If more storage space has to be made available to the administration database (MaxDB) because, for example, the event data is to remain available for an extended period, an additional volume can be added to the MaxDB. The default size of the MaxDB is 4 GB. A maximum of four volumes can be added to the MaxDB.

This extension has no influence on the actual multimedia database (MaxDB).

- 1. Enter the **size [MB]** of the additional storage space for the expansion of the MaxDB (minimum: 512 MB, maximum: 8000 MB).
- 2. Click **Add new volume**. The additional storage space is available immediately under DISK000X in the MaxDB installation folder.
- 3. Click **Refresh** (2) for an estimate of how long (in days) the space in the MaxDB will last at the current alarm rate. A reliable estimate can only be made if the system is running under normal load with reference to the alarm occurrence.

Cache

If a large number of events occurs with resulting high loading times, the MaxDB cache size can be increased.

However, this value should be selected carefully. Enlarging the cache is not useful if the computer does not actually have enough free RAM available.

The current cache size of the RAM reserved for the MaxDB is displayed. The actual size of the MaxDB is shown under "Current capacity utilization of the management database".

The cache size of the MaxDB is an extremely system-critical parameter that should not be changed unless there are good reasons for it. The throughput is optimal if the complete database is kept in the cache.

1. Enter a value in MB for the desired **size**, and click **Adjust cache size**.

Multimedia database

The multimedia database tab is used for maintenance and editing of zones of the multimedia database. The zones are paths in which the multimedia database stores its image data. Both local drives and network drives can be addressed. The specified zone size is not reserved immediately but only used as required.

💿 ⁸ *		= ×
General settings Management database (MaxDB) Multimedia database OPC service Security	General settings Management database (MaxDB) Multimedia database OPC service Security Zones	[GB] natic
	Add zone Edit zone Remove zone Network authorization If access to zones on a network drive is protected by a user name and password, enter the authoriz	ation data here.
	A user name and password are required User: Password: Check	
	Ensure that the specified user is available locally on the computer and that the dom the user name. For example: domain\\username	nain is included in

Fig. 276: Multimedia database

About zones

Zones specify the maximum storage depth of the multimedia database and thus of the software. By default, the software does not set any limits on the zone of the multimedia database. The default zone is placed in the following folder in a new installation: "Qognify VMS installation folder\re\md\mds\data\.

However, we recommend replacing it with a zone on a dedicated partition.

If the volume of the existing zone is not sufficient, another zone can be added. A maximum of ten zones should be created. A larger number has a negative effect on the performance of the multimedia database. It is also better to have a few large zones than a larger number of small zones.

If more storage space than is available on the zones or on the hard disk is assigned to the connected cameras, the database stops recording.

Do not use an external hard disk drive connected by USB or FireWire as a multimedia database zone, because this will have a very negative effect on the performance. The multimedia database should be placed on another hard disk or a RAID system to ensure satisfactory performance.

Add zone

i Add zone	×
Path and size	
Path: C:\VideoZone\20200528	Browse
Maximum size [GB]:	
ОК	Cancel

Fig. 277: Add zone

- 1. Create a folder on a dedicated partition as a zone to store the image data. The cluster size should be 64 KB.
- 2. Click **Add zone**.
- 3. Enter or **Browse** the **path** to the zone directory.
- 4. Enter the maximum size (in GB).
- 5. Activate **Automatic** to use all the physical space in the partition.

It is recommended to use Automatic, so the multimedia database efficiently manages the available disk space. If a fixed maximum size has to be defined, make sure that no more than 95% of the physical space on a partition is used, because any more will adversely affect the performance of the operating system.

6. Click **OK** to confirm.

Add zone in network drive

- 1. Create a folder on a server in the network to store the image data.
- 2. Click Add zone.
- 3. Enter the UNC path and the maximum size (in GB) (e.g. "\\192.168.2.20\Path\To\Accept").
- 4. Activate **Unlimited** to use all the physical space in the partition.
- 5. Activate **A user name and password are required** in the network authorization area, and enter the authorization data of the network drive, i.e. the server login information.
- 6. Enter the **User name** and **Password**. Note that the user must also be available locally on the computer and the domain is also required, e.g.: DOMAIN\firstname.lastname
- 7. Click **Test** to check the availability and authorization on the network drive.

Editing a zone

- 1. Select the desired multimedia database in the zones field.
- 2. Click **Edit zone** to change the path and/or size. We recommend using no more than 95% of the physical space on a partition, because any more will adversely affect the performance of

the operating system.

3. Click **OK** to confirm.

Remove zone

- 1. Select the desired multimedia database in the zones field.
- 2. Click Remove zone.

The image data in the deleted zone are no longer available in Qognify VMS, but are not automatically deleted.

OPC Service

less * *		
General settings Management database (MaxDB) Multimedia database OPC service Security	General settings Management database (MaxDB) Multimedia database OPC service Security OPC Service Port: 50000	

Fig. 278: OPC Service

The OPC service supports defines the port number for the communication between Qognify VMS and the software service.

The OPC service is optional. The setting is only available when the UpdateAgent is activated.

1. Enter the port number.

Security

General settings Management database (MaxDB) Multimedia database OPC service Security	General settings Management database (MaxDB) Multimedia database OPC service Security Cayuga network password Password: Customer-specific certificate for communication with Core service Path to PKCS#12 file Browse Export password: Install certificate	

Fig. 279: Security

The security settings support defining a network password and customer-specific certificate for the communication between Qognify VMS and the server.

To use the network password, the password on the computer with the core service must be replaced.

- Enter a network password. The password is used for the communication between the Qognify VMS services. For security reasons, adhere to the required safety standards of the company.
- 2. Create or download a PKCS#12-encrypted certificate file.
- 3. Select "Browse" and navigate to the file.
- 4. Enter the "Qognify VMS network password" and select **Install certificate**.
- 5. Restart the Core Service (see Starting and stopping the services, p. 398).
- 6. Repeat the certificate installation for every core service using the same certificate.
- 7. Install the corresponding public key certificate on every computer attached to the core services into the following directory:
 - %SeeTecINSTALL%\conf\
- 8. Rename the file to "cayugaCore.crt".
Qognify ServiceManager

The ServiceManager is used for starting and stopping services. The following functions are available in the ServiceManager:

- Restart all services
- Stop all services
- Start all services

The ServiceManager is automatically installed when a server service is installed.

To start the ServiceManager automatically at login, add "-autostart" as the command line parameter (see Command line parameters, p. 417).

1. Start the ServiceManager in the installation folder or the Windows Start menu.

Switching the display language

- 1. Exit the ServiceManager.
- 2. Start the command prompt as the administrator and enter "VMS_ServiceManager.exe -l:<- code_for_the_display_language>".

Example For English: "VMS_ServiceManager.exe -l:en-us", or for French: "VMS_ServiceManager.exe -l:fr-fr"

3. Start the ServiceManager.

Editing the settings



Fig. 280: Editing the settings

1. Click **Settings** (1) to edit the ServiceManager settings.

Settings
Show services that are not installed Minimize to the notification area on the taskbar at program startup
Show balloon tip for status changes
Waiting time [s] between stopping and restarting services:
Cancel OK

- 2. Activate **Show services that are not installed** to show all available services in the list. By default, services not installed are not displayed.
- 3. Activate **Minimize to the notification area on the taskbar at program startup** for faster access to the ServiceManager.
- 4. Activate **Show balloon tip for status changes** to see an immediate notification on the screen in the event of changes to the services.
- 5. Define the **Wait time between stopping and restarting services** (default 15 seconds). Increase the interval to allow the services to start and terminate correctly with large installations.
- 6. Click OK to confirm.

Starting and stopping the services

The state of the services is displayed and color-coded:

- Green = service is started
- Red = service is stopped
- Yellow = service is started or stopped
- Black = service is not installed
- 1. Click **Restart all services** to stop all services regardless of the state of the services and to restart them.
- 2. Click **Stop all services** to stop all services regardless of the state of the services.
- 3. Click Start all services to start all services regardless of the state of the services.

Optionally, specific service are started, stopped, or restarted by clicking the service with the right mouse button.

Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool



Fig. 281: The Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool

With the Qognify VMS VA Administration Tool the following modules (services) can be managed:

- License Plate Recognition (LPR), see Adding an LPR module, p. 400
- Analytics Server, see Adding an Analytics Server module, p. 402
- Transcoding engine, see Adding a Transcoding engine module, p. 404
- **Gateway service**, see Adding a Gateway Service module (SGS), p. 404
- Analytics Interface, see Adding an Analytics Interface module, p. 406
- Server based motion detection, see Adding a server-based motion detection module, p. 408
- Generic Access Control, see Adding a generic Access Control module, p. 409
- Event Interface, see Adding an Event Interface (SEI) module, p. 412
- AV Export Module, see Configuring the AV export module, p. 410

The Qognify VMS VA administration tool is started from the Windows® Start menu or from the Qognify VMS installation directory.

Switching the display language

- 1. Exit the Qognify VA administration tool.
- 2. Start the command prompt as the administrator and enter "VMS_VA_ConfigurationTool.exe -l:<code_for_the_display_language>".

Example For English: "VMS_VA_ConfigurationTool.exe" -l:en-gb or "VMS_VA_ConfigurationTool.exe" -l:en-us or for French: "VMS_VA_ConfigurationTool.exe" -l:fr-fr

3. Start the Qognify VA administration tool.

Creating a new configuration file

1. Click **Settings** (1), and select **Create new configuration file** from the **File** menu.

Adding an LPR module

The Qognify LPR-Module is an interface to connect to a **L**icense **P**late **R**ecognition engine by ARH.

You may only operate one LPR-Module per server at the same time. You may however install multiple LPR modules on multiple servers if only one server is activated.

3	- ×
Configuration Configuration Core server IP SGS SGS Module 1 Module name Core server IP See Tec Analytics Pipeline SE Module ID Service ID Core server IP See Tec Analytics Pipeline SE Module ID Service ID Cornec We port VEport Module 3 SERVICI Module ID Service ID Connec Transcoding Condule 1 Module ID Service ID Connec Transcoding Module 3 SERVICI Transcoding Module 3 SERVICI Module IP Module port Streaming port Transcoding Module 4 SERV Analytics Server Module 5 SE Server Module 5 SE Server Module 5 SE Server Module 5 SE Tornscoding Server Servert Interface Servert Interface Servert IP Servert Irterface Servert IP Servert IP Servert IP Last changed: 26/05/2020 14:45:15 Save	t tion test

Fig. 282: Configuring a Qognify License Plate Recognition Module (LPR)

- 1. On top of the module tree right-click on **VAConfig**. The **Add new module** menu appears.
- 2. Click on License plate recognition. A new entry is created.
- 3. Change the **Module name**.
- 4. Enter the **IP address** of the core server.

Do not use localhost or 127.0.0.1 as the entry as other services must communicate via these IP addresses.

The service ID changes after the first connection to the Qognify server.

Do not reset the service ID without talking to Qognify Support first.

- 5. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server. If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.
- 6. Select the **Module IP**.
- 7. Enter the **Module port** used by the LPR module.

8. Specify the **number of concurrent jobs** that are to be transferred. This number should exceed the number of lanes to be monitored.

Example For each lane, more than one vehicle may be waiting. Hence, multiple concurrent jobs may be present per lane. The jobs will then be set on a "waiting list" where the queue is processed one after the other. Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Qognify support first (see Support, p. 20).

Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Support first.

- 9. Click Save.
- 10. Restart the services with the service manager (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397) or add further modules.

Further configuration steps are required in configuration mode (see Configuring the LPR module, p. 354).

Adding an Analytics Server module

The Qognify Analytics Server Module is required for **3D Analytics** and **2D intelligent Motion Detection**. For more details see Qognify Analytics Server, p. 272.

i (***		
Configuration VAConfig SGS SGS AnalyticsPipeline See Tec Analytics Pipeline SE Motion Detection Module 2 S LPR VEXport AVExport Transcoding Analytics Server Module 3 SERVICI Analytics Server Analytics Server Module 5 SE Analytics & Counting Analytics & Counting Analytics & Counting	Configuration Module name Analytics Server Module 5 SERVICE5 Module ID Service ID 5 4611967493405246561 Type Analytics Server Module IP Module port 10.0.80.51 • 60612 Last changed: 26/05/2020 14:45:44	Core server IP 10.0.80.51 Core server port 60000 Connection test Streaming port 60613 Save

Fig. 283: Adding an Analytics Server module

- 1. Right-click the configuration file in the column on the left and select **Analytics Server** from the **Add new module** context menu. A new entry is created in the configuration file in the menu tree (see Configuring the transcoding module, p. 359).
- 2. Change the module **name**.
- 3. Enter the IP address of the core server.

Do not use "localhost" or "127.0.0.1" as other services must communicate via these IP addresses. The service ID changes after the first connection to the Qognify server. Do not reset the service ID without talking to Qognify support first (see Support, p. 20).

4. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server.

If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.

- 5. Select the module IP.
- 6. Enter the module **port** used by the Analytics Server module.
- 7. Click Save.
- 8. Add further modules or restart the services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397).

Adding a Transcoding engine module

- 1. Right-click the configuration file in the column on the left and choose **Transcoding engine** from the **Add new module** context menu. A new item is created under the configuration file in the menu tree (see Configuring the transcoding module, p. 359).
- 2. Change the **module name**.
- 3. Enter the **IP address** of the core server.

Do not use localhost or 127.0.0.1 as the entry as other services must communicate via these IP addresses.

The service ID changes after the first connection to the Qognify server.

Do not reset the service ID without talking to Qognify Support first (see Support, p. 20).

- 4. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server. If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.
- 5. Select the **module IP**.
- 6. Enter the **module port** used by the transcoding module.
- 7. Select **Enforce 32-bit** if the devices are not 64-bit capable. This setting only applies to devices that have not yet been released for 64-bit.

Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Qognify Support first (see Support, p. 20).

- 8. Click Save.
- 9. Restart the services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397), or add further modules.

Adding a Gateway Service module (SGS)

The Qognify Gateway Service module network based interface which provides certain functionality to services like Qognify WebClient or Mobile client or SDK.

۵ (۱)			
Configuration	Configuration Module name SGS Module 1 Module ID Service ID 0 4611967493405197561 Type SGS Module IP Module po 10.0.80.51 SOAP IP 127.0.0.1 Current certificate certificate.p12 Import certificate Restore default certificate	Reset service ID ort SOAP port 62000 Certificate password Certificate assword Sature S	Core server IP 10.0.80.51 Core server port 60000 Connection test Streaming port 60602 RTSP port 9100

Fig. 284: Adding a Gateway Service module

- Right-click in the column on the left, and choose Gateway Service from the Add new module context menu. A new entry is created under the configuration file in the menu tree (see Server, p. 345).
- 2. Change the **module name**.
- 3. Enter the **IP address** of the core server.

Do not use localhost or 127.0.0.1 as the entry as other services must communicate via these IP addresses.

The service ID changes after the first connection to the Qognify server.

Do not reset the service ID without talking to Qognify Support first.

- 4. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server. If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.
- 5. Select the module IP.
- 6. Enter the **module port** used by the SGS module.
- 7. Enter the SOAP IP and the SOAP port.
- 8. If accessing the network from the intranet (internal access), enter the local IP of the server.

- 9. If accessing the network from the internet (external access), enter the public IP of the router or firewall. Additionally, transparent port forwarding must be activated at the router or firewall.
- 10. Optionally, import your own certificate. Make sure that the certificate is a PKCS#12 (X509) certificate that includes the private key.
- 11. Select **Enforce 32-bit** if the devices are not 64-bit capable. This setting only applies to devices that have not yet been released for 64-bit.

Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Qognify Support first.

- 12. Click Save.
- 13. Restart the services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397) or add further modules.

Further configuration steps are required in configuration mode (see Configuring the Gateway-Service (SGS) module, p. 357).

Adding an Analytics Interface module

With the standardized Qognify Analytics Interface (SAI), server-based or camera-based analysis applications from other manufacturers can be integrated into the Qognify VMS environment. SAI-Plugins are available from several manufacturers, e.g. Axis, Forlan, NumberOk, etc.

The available SAI-Plugins are listed on and can be downloaded from the Qognify PartnerWeb.

Note that third-party (non-certified) plug-ins must first be tested and certified by Qognify. Non-certified plug-ins will be automatically deactivated after 12 hours.

- Configuration	
Module name	Core server IP
Analytics Interface Module 10 SCHRI-	SCHRI-HP
Module ID Service ID	Core server port
10 4611967494090007561	60000
Туре	
VcaApi	Connection test
Module IP Module port	Streaming port
192.168.56.1	60622
VCA plugin	
SeeTec AG Lpr Test Plugin	n (x64) 👻
Last changed: Enforce 32bit.	
12/09/2018 15:32:46	avo*
5	bave

Fig. 285: Adding an Analytics Interface module

- 1. Copy the VCA plug-in DLL files into the Qognify plug-in directory (C:\Program Files\Qognify\VersatileApplications64\VcaPlugin\).
- 2. Restart the VA-services with the service manager (seeQognify ServiceManager, p. 397).
- 3. On top of the module tree right-click on VAConfig. The Add new module menu appears
- 4. Click on Analytics interface. A new entry is created.
- 5. Change the **Module name**.
- 6. Enter the **IP address** of the core server.

Do not use localhost or 127.0.0.1 as the entry as other services must communicate via these IP addresses.

The service ID changes after the first connection to the Qognify core server.

Do not reset the service ID without talking to Qognify Support first.

- 7. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server. If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.
- 8. Select the Module IP.
- 9. Enter the **Module port** used by the VCA module.
- 10. Enter the **Streaming port** used by the VCA module.
- 11. Select the **VCA plug-in**. The Qognify supplied plug-in must have been installed in the plug-in folder before (C:\Program Files\Qognify\plug-ins).

12. Select **Enforce 32-bit** if the devices are not 64-bit capable. This setting only applies to devices that have not yet been released for 64-bit.

Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Qognify Support first.

- 13. Click Save.
- 14. Restart the services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397) or add further modules.

Removing a SAI channel for a CogVis Forlan camera requires removing the channel on the manufacturer's system.

Adding a server-based motion detection module

Two server based motion detection modules are preconfigured by default. They are needed for the server side functions (see Server side functions, p. 224) like motion detection, reference image comparison, and tampering detection. Further configuration is available in the server settings of the configuration mode (see Server, p. 345).



Fig. 286: Adding a server-based motion detection module

- 1. Right-click the configuration file in the column on the left and choose **Server-based motion detection** from the **Add new module** context menu. A new entry is created under the configuration file in the menu tree (see Server, p. 345).
- 2. Change the module name.
- 3. Enter the **IP address** of the core server.

Do not use localhost or 127.0.0.1 as the entry as other services must communicate via these IP addresses.

The service ID changes on the first connection to the Qognify server.

Do not reset the service ID without talking to Qognify support first.

- 4. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server. If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.
- 5. Select the **module IP**.
- 6. Enter the **module port** used by the motion detection module.
- 7. Select **Enforce 32-bit** if the devices are not 64-bit capable. This setting only applies to devices that have not yet been released for 64-bit.

Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Qognify support first.

- 8. Click Save.
- 9. Restart the services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397) or add further modules.

Adding a generic Access Control module

With a generic Access control module the Qognify system is connected to third-party access control devices.



Fig. 287: Generic access control module

 Right-click the configuration file in the column on the left and choose Generic Access Control from the Add new module context menu. A new entry is created under the configuration file in the menu tree (see Configuring a generic access control module, p. 361).

- 2. Change the **module name**.
- 3. Enter the **IP address** of the core server.

Do not use localhost or 127.0.0.1 as the entry as other services must communicate via these IP addresses.

The service ID changes after the first connection to the server.

Do not reset the service ID without talking to Qognify support first.

- 4. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server. If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.
- 5. Select the module IP.
- 6. Enter the **module port** used by the module.
- 7. Select **Enforce 32-bit** if the devices are not 64-bit capable. This setting only applies to devices that have not yet been released for 64-bit.

Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Qognify support first.

- 8. Click Save.
- 9. Restart the services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397) or add further modules.

Configuring the AV export module

The AV export module is installed per default and cannot be deleted. It is required to transcode video recordings based on a video codec and transfer the results to a FTP server or to a SMTP server. Further settings are required in the camera configuration (see Video Backup/Export, p. 223) or in the alarm configuration (see Email and FTP, p. 322).

-Configuration		
Module name		Core server IP
AV Export Module 2 SASCHA-HP	Reset service ID	SCHRI-HP
Module ID Service ID	The act activities to	Core server port
2 4611967493405104561		60000
 Туре		
AVExport		Connection test
Module IP Module po	rt	Streaming port
127.0.0.1 💌 60605		60606
Drimony CTD acquier Deat	Secondary ETD ac	nor Dat
ftp1 xyz invalid 21	ftn2 xvz invalid	21
User Password	User	Password
ftpuser2	ftpuser2	
	Lise FTP via S	SI
- 1000111110000	✓ Use active FT	p
Video codec		
Microsoft Video 1	Show tracking	data
Last alexande	Enforce 32bit	
Last changed:		
	Si	ave*

Fig. 288: Configuring the AV export module

- 1. Click on the **AV Export Module**.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the core server if it has changed.

Do not use localhost or 127.0.0.1 as the entry as other services must communicate via these IP addresses.

The service ID changes on the first connection to the Qognify server.

Do not reset the service ID without talking to Qognify Support first.

- 3. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server. If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.
- 4. Select the Module IP.
- 5. Enter the **Module port** used by the AV Export module.
- 6. Enter the **Streaming port** used by the AV Export module.
- 7. Enter the IP address and **Port** of the **Primary FTP Server** and if required for the **Secondary FTP Server**.
- 8. Enter the required User and Password to access the FTP Servers.
- 9. Check Use FTP via SSL for a secure connection with the FTP Servers.

10. Check Use active FTP. Otherwise passive FTP (default) is used.

When active FTP (also "active mode") is used, the client opens a random port and informs the server of this port and its own IP address using the PORT or EPRT command.

In passive FTP (also called "passive mode"), the client sends a PASV or EPSV command and the server opens a port and transmits it together with the IP address to the client. This technique is used if the server cannot establish a connection to the client.

- 11. Check **Include audio** to integrate recorded audio into the exported video.
- 12. Check **Show tracking data** to render tracking data from video analytics into the exported video.
- 13. Select **Enforce 32-bit** if the devices are not 64-bit capable. This setting only applies to devices that have not yet been released for 64-bit.

Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Qognify Support first.

- 14. Click Save.
- 15. Restart the services (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397) or add further modules.

Adding an Event Interface (SEI) module

The Qognify Event Interface (SEI) is an open interface to connect to third party safety systems, such as burglar alarm, fire panel, access control etc. The Qognify Event Interface is not limited to certain manufacturers or systems.

For a third-party developer it is possible to provide a plug-in for the interface. For details contact the Qognify Support (see Support, p. 20).

ڭ 💿		
Configuration VAConfig SGS SGS AnalyticsPipeline Motion Detection Module 2 S VACing Motion Detection Module 2 S VACing Motion Detection Module 2 S VACing Motion Detection Module 3 SERVICI ANALYticsServer AnalyticsServer AnalyticsServer AnalyticsServer Module 5 SE Object Video Vernt Interface Module 6	Configuration Module name Event Interface Module 6 Module ID Service ID 6 1 Type EventInterface Module IP Module P 172.16.80.51 V Flugin	Core server IP 172.16.80.51 Core server port 60000 Connection test Streaming port 60615
< >	Last changed:	Enforce 32bit

Fig. 289: Adding an Event Interface Module (SEI)

- 1. Copy the SEI plug-in DLL files into the Qognify plug-in directory (C:\Program Files\Qognify\VersatileApplications64\EventPlugins\"plug-in name").
- 2. Restart the VA-services with the service manager (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397).
- 3. On top of the module tree right-click on **VAConfig**. The **Add new module** menu appears.
- 4. Click on **Event Interface**. A new entry is created.
- 5. Change the **Module name**.
- 6. Enter the **IP address** of the core server.

Do not use localhost or 127.0.0.1 as the entry as other services must communicate via these IP addresses.

The service ID changes after the first connection to the Qognify core server.

Do not reset the service ID without talking to Support first.

- 7. Click **Connection test** to check the connection between the module and the main server. If the module does not connect, check and configure the network and the firewall settings.
- 8. Select the **Module IP**.
- 9. Enter the **Module port** used by the Qognify Event Interface module.
- 10. Enter **Streaming port** used by the Qognify Event Interface module.
- 11. Select the SEI plug-in.

12. Select **Enforce 32-bit** if the devices are not 64-bit capable. This setting only applies to devices that have not yet been released for 64-bit.

Do not change to 32-bit mode without talking to Support first.

- 13. Click Save.
- 14. Restart the services with the service manager (see Qognify ServiceManager, p. 397) or add further modules.

For further configuration see Event Interfaces (SEI), p. 283

Exporting the configuration settings

The configured settings in Qognify VMS can be exported as *.xlsx file, including the camera settings, the user and group settings, and the alarm settings.

- 1. Navigate to the folder "tools/Configuration export" in the Qognify VMS installation folder.
- 2. Start "VMS_ConfigurationExport.exe".

VMS Configuration Export			- 🗆 X
Server:	localhost	Port:	60000
User:	administrator		
Password:	••••		
Second password:			
File name:	InstallationConfiguration		
Output path:	CA		
✓ Hide camera password	Format: Human Machine (only cameras)		
	Export configuration:		
	Camera		
	✓ User		
	Group		
	✓ Alarm		
	Export		End

Fig. 290: Exporting the configuration settings

- 3. Define the IP of the **Server** where Qognify VMS is hosted. Alternatively, enter "localhost" for a local installation.
- 4. Specify the Port number (default: 60000).
- 5. Enter **User** name and **Password** for the administrator that is configured in the Qognify VMS settings (see Login, p. 69)
- 6. If required, provide the second password.
- 7. Enter the File name for the exported data and select the file path to the output folder.
- 8. To prevent the camera passwords from being displayed in the output file, enable **Hide camera password**.
- 9. If the output file should be comprehensible to a human operator as a legible file, select **Human** and activate the settings that are included in the export.

10. If the output file should only be comprehensible to the computer, select Machine.

Only the camera settings will be exported.

- 11. Enable the settings that will be exported.
- 12. Click **Export**. The export progress is displayed.
- 13. Quit the application when finished.
- 14. Open the exported file with an appropriate spreadsheet application.

13

Command line parameters

Overview

Command line para- meters	Meaning
alarmid: <alarmeventid></alarmeventid>	Open the alarm event with the specified ID (is supported by AlarmWatchdog only)
camerano: <camerald></camerald>	Open the camera with the specified ID (is part of MiniClient MM8000, the Qognify VMS native client, and the Qognify Viewer)
config: <directory></directory>	set the path for the client configuration
host: <ip hostname=""></ip>	IP address or name of the Qognify server
-l: <language> (only Ser- viceManager and VA Administration Tool) lang:<language></language></language>	Change language: The client can be started in a different language with this com- mand line parameter. The following languages are supported: en-us (English), de-de (German), fr-fr (French), ru-ru (Russian), tr- tr (Turkish), nl-nl (Dutch), sv-sv (Swedish), da-da (Danish), no-no (Norwegian), it-it (Italian), es-es (Spanish), pl-pl (Polish), pt-pt (Por- tuguese), cs-cs (Czech), gr-gr (Greek), ja-JP (Japanese), ro-RO (Romanian)

Command line para- meters	Meaning
log: <directory></directory>	set the path for the client log
nat: <true false=""></true>	Login by means of NAT yes (true)/no (false)
nolayers	Start client without layers
nosecondinstancecheck	Suppresses warning on client start if another client instance is already running.
noserverip	If set, the label and the textbox of the login screen are invisible. The "Switch installation" item in the menu is not affected.
nosip	Start client with deactivated SIP protocol
pass: <password></password>	Password
pass2: <password></password>	Second password (if required)
port: <port></port>	Port for login, default: 60000
profile: <profile></profile>	Profile (user or group profile)
user: <user name=""></user>	User name
viewer	The Qognify VMS client starts directly in offline mode (Archive mode). Can be used together with the language settings command "lang".

Procedure

- 1. Open the application shortcut in the folder "Start Menu > Programs".
- 2. Right-click the application icon and select Properties.
- 3. Navigate to the **Shortcut** tab, and add the required parameters to the text in the **Target** text box.
- 4. Add the required command line parameters to the properties of the client. The command line parameters are entered in the form <key>:<value>.

Example To start the Qognify client in English at the server with the IP address 192.168.0.10, right-click the link and append the command line parameter "lang:en-us" at the end of the line. The line is then displayed as follows (for a default installation path):

"C:\Program Files\Qognify\Qognify VMS\VersatileApplications64\VMS_VA_ConfigurationTool.exe" -l:de-DE Note that no spaces are allowed after the colons.

5. Click **OK** to confirm and start the program. The client is started with the specified parameters.

14

Shortcut keys

The following keyboard shortcuts are available for users in the client to speed up function calls.

More shortcuts are available and configurable in the client configuration (see Keyboard shortcuts, p. 90).

Shortcut key	Meaning
CTRL+1	Switch to surveillance mode
CTRL+2	Switch to archive mode
CTRL+3	Switch to report mode
CTRL+4	Switch to configuration mode (only possible as administrator)
CTRL+5	Switch to LPR mode
CTRL-Y	Display statistics in video image in Surveillance and Archive mode
F10	Switch full-image mode on or off
F1	Show Qognify User's Guide
F2	Moves all windows to primary display (only when multiple displays are connected)
ESC	Hide all controls
+/-	When digital zoom is active, pressing + or - zooms in or out

15

Anywhere Viewer

The Anywhere Viewer can be used to access exported image data that are in the Qognify image format without connection to the database.

The Viewer displays recorded data only in Archive mode. All other modes are not accessible as they require database access.

- The Viewer is automatically installed as a subset of the Qognify VMS client installation. It can also be installed separately in a user-defined installation (see Custom installation, p. 60).
- The Viewer is exported to the export folder with any video data export.
- The Viewer manual is installed in the manual folder during installation.

When viewing files that are exported to the local hard drive of the client with the Viewer, any local installation of the Qognify VMS client must be quit to prevent conflicts.

- 1. Quit Qognify VMS if running as a normal client connected to a database.
- 2. Start the Viewer from within the export folder.

Switching the interface language

Without a Qognify VMS client installed on the local hard drive, the language can only be changed using command line parameters.

- 1. Exit the Qognify Viewer and start the Qognify VMS client.
- 2. Change the interface language in the **File** menu of the function bar in the Qognify VMS client (see Changing the language, p. 91).
- 3. Exit the Qognify VMS client and start either the Qognify VMS client in Viewer mode or the Qognify Viewer.

Import and play recording

Import recording into the Viewer

- 1. Start the Qognify Viewer (see Login, p. 69). The overview panel with the available recordings is displayed.
- 2. To add additional exported camera sequences, select **Add exported cameras** in the overview panel.
- 3. Optionally, navigate to the export folder of the recording and start the Qognify Viewer in the folder.
- 4. Navigate to the folder where the files are located.
- 5. Click **OK** to import the selected data into the viewer.

When opening a folder that contains multiple exported camera sequences (even in subfolders), all files will be imported.

Enter Password	×
Unverified	Verified
C:\Users\admin\Pictures\administrator\Office cam 1\2019-08-28 0000\	
Password	
••••	Apply
ОК	Cancel

Fig. 291: File selection for importing into the Viewer in offline mode

- 6. Enter the **password** specified during export.
- 7. **Apply** the password and click **OK**. Any exported video sequence that matches the password moves to the "Verified" section on the right. You can enter and apply further passwords for additional video sequences.

Importing data into the Qognify Viewer may take some time.

8. Click the exported camera that you wish to view. Alternatively, you can drag the desired camera to the previously occupied tile. If you imported multiple sequences from the same camera they will be shown as one camera in the tree. If you open this camera all the sequences of this camera can be found in the same timeline.

Play recording



Fig. 292: The Qognify Viewer controls

The Viewer allows limited control of the playback from one or multiple exported recordings in a single timeline. In Viewer Mode or in the Viewer you can use layers to simultaneously display multiple cameras in a grid. Multiple timelines are displayed just as in the regular Qognify VMS client.

The Viewer has the following functions:

- **Previous frame** (1): Jumps to the recordings previous video frame.
- Play backward (2): Plays the archived video stream in reverse chronological order.
- **Pause** (3): Pauses the playback.
- **Play** (4): Plays the recorded video in the correct chronological order.
- Next frame (5): Jumps to the recordings next video frame.
- **Real time** (6): Plays the event in real time.
- Next alarm recording (7): Jumps to the selected camera's next alarm recording.
- Skip pause (8): Skips the pause between two recordings in playback mode.
- Calendar (9): Opens a calendar window in order to navigate to a specific calendar time (date and time).
- Zoom out from timeline (10) or Zoom in to timeline (11): Enlarges or reduces the size of the display of the timeline. You can also zoom within the recording period by clicking the timeline and then turning the scroll wheel on the mouse.
- Set start/end marker (12): Sets start and end markings (e.g. when exporting the selection to an AVI files afterwards).

Bookmarks are not supported in Viewer Mode / Qognify Viewer.

- Synchronized mode (13): All visible cameras are synchronized to the time of the selected camera by default. If the synchronized mode is deactivated, each camera can show a different point in time.
- Export area (14): Starts the AVI export.

Exporting in Qognify file format is not supported.

- Timeline / time stream (15): See Timeline / time stream, p. 159.
- Jog dial (17): Plays the sequence forward and backward. The further you turn the jog dial to the right or left, the faster the sequence is played forward or backward. The playback speed is displayed in the number field (16).

Export a recording

For information on exporting the recordings, refer to The Export Designer, p. 107.

16

Qognify VMS web client

With the Qognify VMS web client, the Qognify system displays a web based interface within a browser. The image quality of the video stream transmitted to the web client is identical to the settings of a standard stream. The maximum frame rate is 12 fps. The maximum resolution may be limited by the size of the tile, in which the video image is displayed.

In surveillance mode, the web interface provides basic functions of the client, such as:

- Accessing cameras
- Accessing predefined layers
- Accessing maps
- Accessing web pages (i.e. "https://...")
- Receiving alarms and confirm them
- Controlling PTZ cameras and activating PTZ preset positions
- Displaying buttons and triggering their actions
- Displaying the same entity tree as in Windows ®

In archive mode, the web client provides the following features:

- Stepping forward/backward in single image steps in the archive
- Playing the archive forward in real time (without speed choice and rewind)

Configuration mode and report mode are not available.

Installing the web client services on the Qognify server

- 1. Perform a custom installation of the Qognify system (see Custom installation, p. 60) and additionally add the web client feature.
- 2. Switch to the native Qognify client and open the server menu in the configuration mode.
- 3. In configuration mode select **Server Transcoding Module** and configure the required settings (see Configuring the transcoding module, p. 359).
- 4. In configuration mode select **Server Gateway Service** and configure the required settings (see Configuring the Gateway-Service (SGS) module, p. 357).

The Gateway service should be automatically configured by the installer, if you have chosen the correct IP of the core server (for looking up the IP address, see Configuring the Core Service, p. 345).

Connecting with the Qognify web client

1. Start a current web browser and enter the IP-address of the client in the URL bar: "https://<your-client-ip>. The web clients website is displayed.

Make sure the URL starts with "https".

- 2. When asked to trust some security exceptions, confirm the request.
- 3. In the login screen enter the user name and password.
- 4. Click Login.

Remarks, limitations and known issues

- The resolution and quality streamed to the Mobile Client is configurable in the user profile (see Image settings, p. 302):
 - For Single Image (Motion JPEG, MxPEg): **Normal** quality.
 - For configured video classifications: Normal or Medium squalid.
- Upload speed of at least 2 MB/s is required (for 2-3 simultaneous camera views). For a higher number of connections and camera views, more bandwidth is required.
- The following ports must be routed transparently if you are using a firewall:
 - Port 62000 (SGS)
 - Port 9100 (RTSP proxy)
 - Port 443 (webserver)
 - Port 8081 (NodeJS, which is delivering the images)
- Grandeye IPC fish-eye cameras are currently not supported; there is no live stream possible.
- It is recommended to use a current browser version.

- Upload speed of at least 2 MB/s is required (for 2-3 simultaneous camera views). For a higher number of connections and camera views, more bandwidth is required.
- The following ports must be routed transparently if you are using a firewall:
 - Port 62000 (SGS)
 - Port 9100 (RTSP proxy)
 - Port 443 (webserver)
 - Port 8081 (NodeJS, which is delivering the images)
- User profiles which are configured in the Qognify system are not supported. Assigned start layers to the user profile will not be displayed automatically in the web client. The user and group rights are not affected.
- Newly added or deleted cameras only show after reloading the web client in the browser. There is no restriction of the number of cameras displayed simultaneously, but beware that the web browser has to render all images AND the images have to be delivered through the transcoding service which is only serving the number of channels configured. The image rendering also depends on the hardware.
- Grandeye IPC fish-eye cameras are currently not supported; there is no live stream possible.
- Mobotix (MxPEG) cameras have a mirrored image if exporting a single image.
- If a layer contains an insecure (non-HTTPS) web page or a predefined insecure (non-HTTPS) web page in the web client is displayed, the browser may not display the web page because it is blocked automatically as "unsafe" by the browser or system settings. You can deactivate these checks permanently or for the current session, depending on the browser.
- Objects like cameras, layers, maps etc. have to be dragged into the view area (they are not displayed by clicking like in the native Qognify VMS client).

Harden IIS

On port 443 used by IIS several issues were discovered that can be resolved by hardening the IIS server with a configuration adjustment such as "forbid SSL v3".

TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 should remain unused, if possible.

SSL 3.0 is not considered as secure enough anymore so it should be disabled on the server if not done already.

If possible, the TLS versions 1.0 and 1.1 should also be disabled for server side applications.

- 1. Follow the instructions below to disable each of the protocols.
- 2. Restart the server to apply the changes.

SSL 3.0

1. go to

HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\SSL 3.0\Server.

2. Create the key if it does not exist.

- 3. Make sure that DWORD value Enabled exists and is set it to 0.
- 4. Make sure that DWORD value DisabledByDefault (if exists) is set it to 1.
- It is also advisable to disable SSLv3 for client authentication by repeating the above steps for the key HKLM\SYSTEM\Cur-

 $rentControlSet \verb|Control|SecurityProviders\verb|SCHANNEL\Protocols\verb|SSL 3.0\Client|).$

TLS 1.0

1. go to

 $\label{eq:hklm} HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\TLS 1.0\Server.$

- 2. Create the key if it does not exist.
- 3. Make sure that DWORD value Enabled exists and is set it to 0.
- 4. Make sure that DWORD value DisabledByDefault (if exists) is set it to 1.

TLS 1.1

- go to HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\TLS 1.1\Server.
- 2. Create the key if it does not exist.
- 3. Make sure that DWORD value Enabled exists and is set it to 0.
- 4. Make sure that DWORD value DisabledByDefault (if exists) is set it to 1.

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The Qognify VMS mobile client

The mobile client app is available for iOS 7 or later and Android 2.3 or later.

In surveillance mode, the mobile interface provides basic functions of the client, such as:

- Accessing cameras
- Accessing predefined layers
- Receiving alarms and confirm them
- Controlling PTZ cameras and activating PTZ preset positions
- Displaying buttons and triggering their actions
- Sending selected frame by email

In archive mode, the mobile client provides the following features:

- Stepping forward/backward in single image steps in the archive
- Playing the archive forward in real time (without speed choice and rewind)
- Sending selected frame by email

Configuration mode and report mode are not available.

Installing the mobile client services on the Qognify server

- 1. Perform a user-defined installation of the Qognify system (see Custom installation, p. 60) and additionally add the mobile client feature.
- 2. Switch to the native Qognify client and open the server menu in the configuration mode.
- 3. In configuration mode select **Server Transcoding Module** and configure the required settings (see Configuring the transcoding module, p. 359).
- 4. In configuration mode select **Server Gateway Service** and configure the required settings (see Configuring the Gateway-Service (SGS) module, p. 357).

The Gateway service should be automatically configured by the installer, if you have selected the correct IP of the core server (for looking up the IP address, see Configuring the Core Service, p. 345).

Installing the mobile client on a mobile device

- 1. Before downloading, verify that your device meets the necessary requirements. The client is available on "Google Play" for Android OS version 2.3 or later, and on the iTunes App Store for iOS 7 or later.
- 2. Download the application from the appropriate app store.

Configuring the Qognify mobile client on the mobile device

- 1. Start the app on the mobile device.
- 2. Tap Add Server and enter the user name.
- 3. Enter a **description** to identify the server.
- 4. Enter the SOAP IP or URL of the server.
- 5. Enter the **port** number of the server.
- 6. For iOS devices: Specify the **FPS** (frames per second) and the horizontal **resolution** when connecting via 3G network. The default settings are: 3 fps and a resolution of 200 px.
- 7. Select the server type (SeeTec 5 or Qognify VMS).
- 8. Tap **Save**.

Remarks, limitations and known issues

- The resolution and quality streamed to the Mobile Client is:
 - Android tablet and smartphone: 480 x 320px, 12 fps (WLAN & 3G)
 - iOS iPad and iPhone (low resolution): width 480 px, 24 fps
 - iOS iPad and iPhone (high resolution): 703 x 512px, 24 fps
- Upload speed of at least 2 MB/s is required (for 2-3 simultaneous camera views). For a higher number of connections and camera views, more bandwidth is required.
- The following ports must be routed transparently if you are using a firewall:
 Port 62000 (SGS)
 - Port 9100 (RTSP proxy)
 - Port 443 (webserver)
 - Port 8081 (NodeJS, which is delivering the images)

Connecting with the Qognify mobile client

- 1. Start the app on the mobile device.
- 2. Select a preconfigured server.
- 3. Enter the password.
- 4. Tap Login.
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The AlarmWatchDog

The AlarmWatchDog service displays all alarms on all clients connected to the AlarmWatchDog server that are defined as an AlarmWatchDog-Alarm. For setup and configuration of the service, see Configuring the AlarmWatchDog, p. 375.

1. Start the **AlarmWatchDog** service from the tools folder in the installation directory.

Configuring the AlarmWatchDog

Alarm view Server list	
Alarm scenario name Date/Time alarm Name of VMS installation Alarm finished	
Port 12000	Remove finished alarms

Fig. 293: Configuring the AlarmWatchDog

1. Open the settings menu (1).

<u> </u>				×
Location of the alarm data	C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local			
Location of the VMS client				
TCP port of the AlarmWatchDog	12000			
TCP IP address list	fe80:fd8b:4c6e:8014:e44b%9 fe80:c67:c94c:ef9d:23ab%12 172:16.80.51 10.0.80.51			
		ОК	Cancel	

2. Specify the **Location of the alarm data** by setting the file path to the storage directory.

Read and write permissions must be enabled.

3. For **Location of the VMS client**, specify the installation directory of the client (e.g. "C:\Program Files\...").

- 4. For **TCP port of the AlarmWatchDog**, specify the port number that has been set in the server configuration of the AlarmWatchDog (see Configuring the AlarmWatchDog, p. 375).
- 5. The available TCP IP addresses of the client are displayed.
- 6. Select one IP address from the TCP IP address list and copy it to the clipboard.
- 7. Paste the IP address in the AlarmWatchDog settings in the System menu (see Configuring the AlarmWatchDog, p. 375).
- 8. Click **OK**.

Using the AlarmWatchDog

- 1. Start the **AlarmWatchDog** service from the tools folder in the installation directory. All occurring alarms on all connected clients are displayed in the list according to their
 - Alarm scenario name
 - The date and time of the occurrence
 - The name of the client where the alarm occurs
 - The status of the alarm
- 2. Double click on the alarm to open it. The client will be started and a connection to the respective server is established.
- 3. After responding to the alarm, close the client. The alarm is displayed as "finished" in the AlarmWatchDog window.
- 4. To remove all finished alarms from the list, click **Remove finished alarms**.